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MRO FTT/NAS & FLC

First Light Camera Description MRO-TRE-CAM-1200-0181

The Cambridge FTT Team

rev 1.0

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Change Record

Revision	Date	Author(s)	Changes	
0.1	0.1 2016-04-04 JSY		Initial version	
1.0	2016-04-05	JSY	All design parameters included	

Objective

To outline the design of the MROI First Light Camera.

Scope

This document provides a basic description of the First Light Camera that will be used for Site Acceptance Tests of the first MROI Unit Telescope.

Reference Documents

RD1 FLC Technical Requirements (INT-403-TSP-0107) – rev 1.0, May 20th 2010

RD2 First Light Camera Assembly Procedure (MRO-PRO-CAM-1200-0180)

RD3 Software User Manual (MRO-MAN-CAM-1160-0165) – rev 1.0, April 4th 2016

Acronyms and Abbreviations

Fast Tip-Tilt	MROI	Magdalena Ridge Observatory Interferometer
First Light Camera	NAS	Narrow-field Acquisition System
Graphical User Interface	NMT	New Mexico Tech
Interface Control Document	TBC	To be confirmed
Interferometer Supervisory System	TBD	To be determined
	First Light Camera Graphical User Interface Interface Control Document	First Light Camera Graphical User Interface Interface Control Document TBC

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1 Introduction

The First Light Camera (FLC) system will be used for commissioning and integration of the first AMOS-delivered Unit Telescope (UT) at the Magdalena Ridge Observatory Interferometer (MROI). The FLC will be a precursor for the more capable Fast Tip-Tilt/Narrow-field Acquisition System (FTT/NAS). The FTT/NAS will be delivered later and will replace the FLC for regular MROI scientific operations. The technical requirements for the FLC are specified in RD1.

The FLC will be operated in two distinct roles:

- A standalone role, independent of the MRO ISS, which will primarily be used for commissioning and acceptance testing of the UTM. In this role the FLC will be used for manual target acquisition and to develop pointing models and perform open-loop tracking tests;
- A role where it operates under the control of the MRO ISS and performs the NAS functions (for example automatic target acquisition and tracking) that are anticipated for the FTT/NAS system.
 This role can be used when integrating the UT with the ISS, prior to delivery of the first FTT/NAS system.

In the standalone role, the FLC will be controlled from its own GUI, capable of being displayed either on an MRO-owned computer at the telescope operator's station or from an MRO-owned laptop.

2 FLC Overview

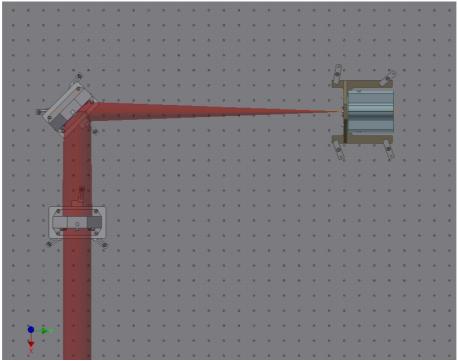


Figure 1: Plan view of the FLC opto-mechanical components on the UT Nasmyth table. The beam from M3 first intercepts the lens, which images it onto the EMCCD camera via reflection from the intervening plane mirror. Note that the exact layout may differ from that shown.

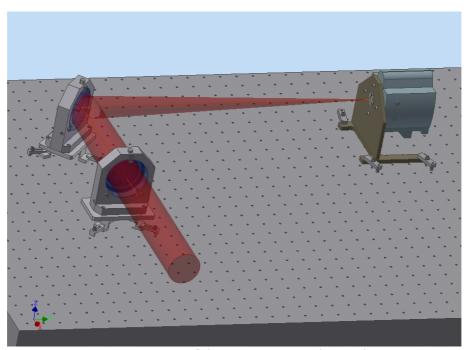


Figure 2: Perspective view of the FLC opto-mechanical components installed on the UT Nasmyth table.

The FLC comprises a focusing lens and mount, fold mirror and mount, and an Andor iXon 897 EMCCD camera and custom camera support. A bandpass filter is mounted in the camera support. These components are mounted on the UT Nasmyth table as shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2. The FLC will be assembled by MRO staff by following the procedure described in RD2. The EMCCD camera is interfaced to a control computer located in electronics cabinet Q5.

The FLC is supplied with all of the software needed to operate in the standalone role outlined above. The software is documented in RD3. Integration of the FLC with the MRO ISS will take place at a later date and will require further development of the current software.

3 Design Parameters

The key design parameters of the FLC are shown in Table 1.

Parameter	Value		
Focal length	1.25 m		
CCD format	512 × 512		
Pixel size	16 × 16 μm		
Field of View (full frame readout)	91.7"× 91.7"		
Pixel scale	0.179"/pix		
Wavelength band	Bessell R (set by installed filter)		
Image quality	0.2"		
Focus	Tolerance 1mm; focus adjustment by manually repositioning camera support		
Magnitude range (EM gain off, exposure ≤ 1 sec)	R=1.0 to 14.8 in 1" seeing		
Exposure time	0.001–10.0 sec		
Frame rate (full frame readout)	0.1–35 Hz		

Table 1: FLC design parameters.