Sgr A East

Type: S

Size/arcmin: 3.5×2.5

G0.0+0.0

RA: 17^h45^m44^s

Dec: -29°00′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 100? Spectral index: 0.8?

Radio: Non-thermal shell, in complex region, interacting with molecular material to the west.

X-ray: Diffuse emission, centrally peaked.

Point sources: Compact X-ray source.

References:

Ekers *et al.* 1983, A&A, 122, 143. VLA at 1.4 GHz and 5 GHz (both $5'' \times 8''$), $S_{1.4 \text{ GHz}} = 77 \text{ Jy}$, $S_{5.0 \text{ GHz}} = 31 \text{ Jy}$. Pedlar *et al.* 1989, ApJ, 342, 769. VLA at 332 MHz (12''), 1.4 GHz (1''.3 × 2''.5) and 5 GHz (1''.3 × 2''.5). Mezger et al. 1989, A&A, 209, 337. Nearby molecular material. Ho et al. 1991, Nature, 350, 309. VLA of NH₃ emission from surroundings. Anantharamaiah et al. 1991, MNRAS, 249, 262. VLA at 330 MHz (17" × 33"). Serabyn et al. 1992, ApJ, 395, 166. Nearby molecular material. Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 835. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 88"). Yusef-Zadeh & Mehringer 1995, ApJ, 452, L37. VLA of nearby H₂O masers. Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 1999, ApJ, 512, 230. OH maser observations. Coil & Ho 2000, ApJ, 533, 245. NH₃ observations of surroundings. LaRosa *et al.* 2000, AJ, 119, 207. VLA at 333 MHz (24" × 43"). Fatuzzo et al. 2001, ApJ, 549, 293. Electron-positron lines from the vicinity. Yusef-Zadeh et al. 2001, ApJ, 560, 749. Observations of nearby molecular hydrogen. Maeda et al. 2002, ApJ, 570, 671. Chandra observations. Sakano et al. 2003, AN, 324 (No S1), 197. XMM observations. Roy & Rao 2004, MNRAS, 349, L25. GMRT at 620 MHz (6'.6×11'.4). Sakano et al. 2004, MNRAS, 350, 129. XMM observations. Yusef-Zadeh et al. 2004, ApJS, 155, 421. VLA at 1.4 GHz (1" × 2".2). Park et al. 2005, ApJ, 631, 964. Chandra observations. Aharonian et al. 2006, ApJ, 636, 777. γ-ray detection.

G0.3 + 0.0

RA: 17^h46^m15^s **Dec:** -28°38′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 22 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 15 × 8 Type: S

Has been called G0.33+0.04 and G0.4+0.1.

Radio: Bilateral shell, near Galactic Centre.

References:

Kassim & Frail 1996, MNRAS, 283, L51. VLA at 333 MHz ($23'' \times 42''$), plus review of flux densities and other observations. LaRosa *et al.* 2000, AJ, 119, 207. VLA at 333 MHz (30''). Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 2004, ApJS, 155, 421. VLA at 1.4 GHz (30'').

G0.9 + 0.1

RA: 17^h47^m21^s **Dec:** -28°09′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 18? **Spectral index:** varies

Size/arcmin: 8 Type: C

Radio: Flat spectrum core within steep spectrum shell.

X-ray: Central core, with non-thermal spectrum.

References: Helfand & Becker 1987, ApJ, 314, 203. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz, and Einstein observations. Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 835. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 91'')$. Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Mereghetti *et al.* 1998, A&A, 331, L77. X-ray detection. LaRosa *et al.* 2000, AJ, 119, 207. VLA at 333 MHz $(43'' \times 24'')$. Sidoli *et al.* 2000, A&A, 361, 719. BeppoSAX observations. Gaensler *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 556, L107. Chandra observations. Porquet *et al.* 2003, A&A, 401, 197. XMM observations. Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 2004, ApJS, 155, 421. VLA at 1.4 GHz (8''.6 × 11''.3). Aharonian *et al.* 2005, A&A, 432, L25. γ-ray detection.

G1.0 - 0.1

RA: 17^h48^m30^s **Dec:** -28°09′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 15 **Spectral index:** 0.6?

Size/arcmin: 8 Type: S

Has been called G1.05–0.1 and G1.05–0.15.

Radio: Incomplete shell, to the S of Sgr D.

X-ray: Possibly detected.

References:

Downes *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 1. Review of flux densities. Anantharamaiah *et al.* 1991, MNRAS, 249, 262. VLA at 330 MHz ($64'' \times 100'' : S = 12.3$ Jy). Liszt 1992, ApJS, 82, 495. VLA at 1.6 GHz ($13'' \times 23''$). Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 835. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 91''$). Mehringer *et al.* 1998, ApJ, 493, 274. VLA at 1.6 GHz ($15'' \times 28''$) and 5 GHz, including masers observations. Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 1999, ApJ, 527, 172. VLA of nearby OH masers. LaRosa *et al.* 2000, AJ, 119, 207. VLA at 333 MHz ($43'' \times 24''$). Sidoli *et al.* 2001, A&A, 372, 651. BeppoSAX possible detection. Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 2004, ApJS, 155, 421. VLA at 1.4 GHz (30'').

G1.4-0.1

RA: 17^h49^m39^s **Dec:** -27°46′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 2? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 10 Type: S

Radio: Shell, brightest in E.

References: Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 92'' : S=2$ Jy). Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 1999, ApJ, 527, 172. VLA of nearby OH masers. Bhatnagar 2002, MNRAS, 332, 1. GMRT at 327 MHz $(2.7' \times 2.4' : S=4.2\pm0.5)$. Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 2004, ApJS, 155, 421. VLA at 1.4 GHz $(8''.2 \times 12''.2)$.

G1.9 + 0.3

RA: 17^h48^m45^s **Dec:** -27°10′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 0.6 **Spectral index:** 0.7

Size/arcmin: 1.2 Type: S

Radio: Shell, brighter to the N.

References:

Green & Gull 1984, Nature, 312, 527. VLA at 5 GHz $(4''.4 \times 2'')$. Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 835. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 94'')$. Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 2004, ApJS, 155, 421. VLA at 1.4 GHz $(8''.3 \times 12'')$. Nord *et al.* 2004, AJ, 128, 1646. VLA at 330 MHz $(7'' \times 12'')$. Green 2004, BASI, 32, 335. VLA at 1.5 GHz $(7''.2 \times 9''.4)$.

G3.7 - 0.2

RA: 17^h55^m26^s **Dec:** -25°50′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 2.3 Spectral index: 0.65 Size/arcmin: 14×11 Type: S

Has been called G003.8-00.3.

Radio: Double arc.

References:

Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 99'' : S = 2.4 \text{ Jy})$. Gaensler 1998, ApJ, 493, 781. VLA at 1.4 GHz $(9'' \times 15'' : S = 1.7 \pm 0.1 \text{ Jy})$. Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 2004, ApJS, 155, 421. VLA at 1.4 GHz $(8''.4 \times 11''.4)$.

G3.8+0.3

RA: 17^h52^m55^s **Dec:** -25°28′

Radio: Incomplete shell.

References:

Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 100" : S = 3.5 Jy). Bhatnagar 2002, MNRAS, 332, 1. GMRT at 327 MHz $(27'' \times 17'' : S = 6.0 \pm 0.4)$.

G4.2-3.5

RA: 18^h08^m55^s **Dec:** -27°03′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3.2? Spectral index: 0.6? Size/arcmin: 28

Type: S

Radio: Elongated shell.

References:

Reich et al. 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich et al. 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).

G4.5+6.8

RA: 17^h30^m42^s **Dec:** -21°29′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 19 Spectral index: 0.64

This is the remnant of Kepler's SN of AD1604.

Radio: Incomplete shell, brighter to the N.

Optical: Faint filaments.

X-ray: Shell, brighter to the N.

Distance: Optical expansion and proper motion indicates about 2.9 kpc, HI observations suggest 3.4 to 6.4 kpc. References:

van den Bergh & Kamper 1977, ApJ, 218, 617. Optical proper motions.

Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra.

White & Long 1983, ApJ, 264, 196. Einstein observations.

Matsui *et al.* 1984, ApJ, 287, 295. VLA at 1.4 ($2''.5 \times 3''.2$) and 5 GHz ($3''.2 \times 4''.8$) and Einstein image (5''). Dickel *et al.* 1988, ApJ, 330, 254. VLA at 1.4 ($1''.2 \times 2''.3$) and 5 GHz ($0''.6 \times 1''.0$) at two epochs.

Smith et al. 1989, ApJ, 347, 925. EXOSAT observations.

Hatsukade et al. 1990, PASJ, 42, 279. X-ray spectrum.

Blair et al. 1991, ApJ, 366, 484. Optical imaging and spectroscopy.

Bandiera & van den Bergh 1991, ApJ, 374, 186. Optical changes. van den Bergh 1991, PASP, 103, 194. Optical imaging.

Predehl & Schmitt 1995, A&A, 293, 889. ROSAT of dust scattered halo.

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Hughes 1999, ApJ, 527, 298. ROSAT and Einstein image comparison for expansion studies.

Reynoso & Goss 1999, AJ, 118, 926. VLA at 1.4 GHz (23" × 13") for HI studies.

- Kinugasa & Tsunemi 1999, PASJ, 51, 239. ASCA observations.
- Gerardy & Fesen 2001, AJ, 121, 2781. IR spectroscopy and imaging.

DeLaney et al. 2002, ApJ, 580, 914. VLA at 1.3 to 1.5 GHz and 5 GHz (7".2) for spectral index studies.

Morgan et al. 2003, ApJ, 597, L33. Sub-mm dust observations.

Sollerman et al. 2003, A&A, 407, 249. Optical spectroscopy.

Cassam-Chenaï et al. 2004, A&A, 414, 545. XMM observations.

Bamba et al. 2005, ApJ, 621, 793. Chandra observations of rim.

Riesgo & López 2005, RMxAA, 41, 57. Optical observations of filament (previously classified as PN, H 2-12).

G4.8+6.2

RA: 17^h33^m25^s **Dec:** -21°34′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 18 Type: S

Has been called G4.5+6.2.

Radio: Faint shell.

References:

Bhatnagar 2000, MNRAS, 317, 453. GMRT at 327 MHz (2'.2 × 1'.3: S=5.5±1.2 Jy), and NVSS at 1.4 GHz.

Size/arcmin: 18 Type: S?

Kepler, SN1604, 3C358 Size/arcmin: 3 Type: S

- 3 -

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3?

Spectral index: 0.6

1-GHz flux/Jy: 2.6?

Spectral index: 0.6?

G5.2 - 2.6

RA: 18^h07^m30^s **Dec:** -25°45′

Radio: Poorly resolved shell.

References:

Reich et al. 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich et al. 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).

G5.4-1.2

RA: 18^h02^m10^s Dec: -24°54'

1-GHz flux/Jy: 35? Spectral index: 0.2?

Size/arcmin: 18

Part been called G5.3–1.0. Has been suggested that this is not a SNR.

Radio: Incomplete shell, including wide 'v' of emission to east with small flat-spectrum source at apex.

Optical: Detected.

X-ray: Pulsar detected, with faint extension.

Distance: HI absorption suggests > 4.3 kpc.

Point sources: Pulsar associated with flat spectrum source.

References:

Clark et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3':S=38 Jy). Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3'). Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'.8: $S=21.9\pm2.4$ Jy). Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Zealey et al. 1979, A&AS, 38, 39. Optical detection. Becker & Helfand 1985, Nature, 313, 115. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz. Helfand & Becker 1985, Nature, 313, 118. Suggesting it is not a SNR. Manchester et al. 1985, MNRAS, 212, 975. Pulsar detection. Caswell et al. 1987, MNRAS, 225, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (42" × 110"). Frail & Kulkarni 1991, Nature, 352, 785. Pulsar and remnant association. Manchester et al. 1991, MNRAS, 253, 7P. Pulsar and remnant association. Milne et al. 1992, MNRAS, 255, 707. Parkes 64-m at 4.75 (4'.5: S=30.8 ± 2.1 Jy) and 8.4 GHz (3': S=24 ± 3 Jy), including polarisation. Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.0 × 4'.9: S = 38 Jy). Frail et al. 1994, AJ, 107, 1120. VLA at 327 MHz (68" × 73"), plus HI absorption. Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search. Gaensler & Frail 2000, Nature, 406, 158. Pulsar observations, including proper motion. Kaspi et al. 2001, ApJ, 562, L163. X-ray detection of pulsar, and upper limit for remnant. Thorsett et al. 2002, ApJ, 573, L111. Proper motion study of pulsar. Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 10.6 GHz, including polarisation.

G5.5+0.3

RA: 17^h57^m04^s **Dec:** $-24^{\circ}00'$

1-GHz flux/Jy: 5.5 Spectral index: 0.7 Size/arcmin: 12×15 Type: S

Has been called G5.55+0.32.

Radio: Shell.

References.

Brogan et al. 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': S = 14.3 ± 0.3 Jy), plus other observations.

G5.9 + 3.1

RA: 17^h47^m20^s **Dec:** -22°16′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3.3? Spectral index: 0.4? Size/arcmin: 20 Type: S

Radio: Asymmetric shell.

References:

Reich et al. 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).

-2006 April

Milne 56

Type: S

Size/arcmin: 35 Type: C?

G6.1 + 0.5

RA: 17^h57^m29^s **Dec:** -23°25′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 4.5 Spectral index: 0.9 Size/arcmin: 18×12 Type: S

Has been called G6.10+0.53.

Radio: Partial shell.

References:

Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 13.4 \pm 0.2$ Jy), plus other observations.

G6.1 + 1.2

RA: 17^h54^m55^s **Dec:** -23°05′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 4.0? **Spectral index:** 0.3?

Size/arcmin: 30×26 Type: F

Has been called G6.1+1.15.

Radio: Faint, diffuse emission. References: Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).

G6.4 - 0.1

RA: 18 ^h 00 ^m 30 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: 310
Dec: -23°26′	Spectral index: varies

Has been called G6.6–0.2.

Radio: Several non-thermal sources in a ring, with flat spectrum core.

Optical: Diffuse emission.

X-ray: Diffuse emission from most of the remnant.

Point sources: Young pulsar near edge of remnant, but not thought to be related.

Distance: HI observations suggest 1.9 kpc.

References:

Kundu & Velusamy 1972, A&A, 20, 237. NRAO 140-ft at 10 GHz (3').

van den Bergh et al. 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical observations. Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4).

Dopita *et al.* 1977, ApJ, 214, 179. Some optical line ratios.

Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).

Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity.

Andrews et al. 1983, ApJ, 266, 684. VLA at 1.4 GHz (8") 4.9 GHz (3") and 15 GHz (1") of central region only, plus Einstein image of central region.

Bohigas et al. 1983, RMxAA, 8, 155. Optical spectra.

Odenwald et al. 1984, ApJ, 279, 162. Nearby IR source.

Andrews et al. 1985, AJ, 90, 310. VLA of central component.

Long et al. 1991, ApJ, 373, 567. Einstein and optical observations.

Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.1 × 4'.4: S=660 Jy).

Kaspi et al. 1993, ApJ, 409, L57. Pulsar association.

Frail et al. 1993, Nature, 365, 136. VLA at 327 MHz (smoothed to 65"), plus pulsar association.

Frail et al. 1994, ApJ, 424, L111. VLA of associated OH masers.

Esposito et al. 1996, ApJ, 461, 820. Possible associated γ-ray emission.

Frail et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH maser emission.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Claussen et al. 1997, ApJ, 489, 143. VLA of OH masers.

Claussen et al. 1999, ApJ, 522, 349. High resolution observations of OH masers.

Arikawa et al. 1999, PASJ, 51, L7. Observations of shocked CO.

Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 540, 842. VLA at 327 MHz (2'.6 × 5'.5) and 1.48 GHz (40" × 65"). Dubner *et al.* 2000, AJ, 120, 1933. VLA at 328 MHz (97" × 52": $S = 425 \pm 40$ Jy) and 1415 MHz (88" × 48": $S = 246 \pm 20$ Jy), and comparison

Dublet *et al.* 2000, AJ, 120, 1955. VLA at 528 MHz (97 \times 52 : 5=425±40 Jy) and 1415 MHz (88) with other observations.

Reach & Rho 2000, ApJ, 544, 843. ISO observations of interactions with surroundings.

Rowell *et al.* 2000, A&A, 359, 337. Upper limit on high energy γ-rays.

Douvion et al. 2001, A&A, 373, 281. ISO observations.

Roberts et al. 2001, ApJS, 133, 451. ASCA observations.

Velázquez et al. 2002, AJ, 124, 2145. Parkes 64-m at 1.4 GHz (15') for HI.

Rho & Borkowski 2002, ApJ, 575, 201. ROSAT and ASCA observations.

Claussen et al. 2002, ApJ, 580, 909. Observations of nearby source.

Yusef-Zadeh et al. 2003, ApJ, 583, 267. OH observations.

Caswell 2004, MNRAS, 349, 99. ATCA at 1.7 GHz of associated OH masers.

Mavromatakis et al. 2004, A&A, 426, 567. Optical observations.

Reach et al. 2005, ApJ, 618, 297. Molecular lines and near IR observations.

Hoffman et al. 2005, ApJ, 620, 257. OH maser observations.

Kawasaki et al. 2005, ApJ, 631, 935. ASCA observations.

G6.4 + 4.0

RA: 17^h45^m10^s **Dec:** -21°22′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.3? Spectral index: 0.4? Size/arcmin: 31 Type: S

Radio: Faint asymmetric shell.

References:

Reich et al. 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).

W28 Size/arcmin: 48

Type: C

G6.5 - 0.4

RA: 18^h02^m11^s **Dec:** -23°34′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 27 Spectral index: 0.6

-7-

Has been called G6.51–0.48, and part has been called G6.67–0.42.

Radio: Shell.

References:

Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 540, 842. VLA at 330 MHz ($2'.6 \times 5'.5$) and 1.4 GHz ($0'.7 \times 1'.1$). Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz ($42'':S=60.8\pm0.4$ Jy), plus other observations.

G7.0 - 0.1

RA: 18^h01^m50^s **Dec:** -22°54′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 2.5? Spectral index: 0.5?

Has been called G7.06–0.12.

Radio: Double rim, brightest in W, confused by bright HII region M20 in SE. **References:** Wasf Zodab et al. 2000. Art. 540, 842, VI. A et 227 MIIa (2) (5.5) and 1.48 CHz (40) (55)

Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 540, 842. VLA at 327 MHz $(2'.6 \times 5'.5)$ and 1.48 GHz $(40'' \times 65'')$. Dubner *et al.* 2000, AJ, 120, 1933. VLA at 328 MHz $(97'' \times 52'')$ and 1415 MHz $(88'' \times 48'')$.

G7.2 + 0.2

RA: 18^h01^m07^s **Dec:** -22°38′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 2.8 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 12 Type: S

Has been called G7.20+0.20.

Radio: Partial shell.

References: Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz ($42'': S = 5.2 \pm 0.2$ Jy), plus other observations.

G7.7 - 3.7

RA: 18^h17^m25^s **Dec:** -24°04′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 11 **Spectral index:** 0.32 1814–24 Size/arcmin: 22 Type: S

Radio: Shell, with high polarisation.

References:

Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Milne *et al.* 1986, MNRAS, 223, 487. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 108''$) and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz ($3': S = 4.6 \pm 0.5$ Jy), with polarisation, plus review of flux densities.

Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz ($70'' \times 35''$: $S = 9.9 \pm 0.1$ Jy), including polarisation.

G8.3 - 0.0

RA: 18^h04^m34^s **Dec:** -21°49′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.2 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 5×4 Type: S

Has been called G8.31–0.09.

Radio: Shell.

References:

Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 2.3 \pm 0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

Type: S

Size/arcmin: 18

Size/arcmin: 15 Type: S

1-GHz flux/Jy: 4.4

Spectral index: 0.3

G8.7 - 5.0

RA: 18^h24^m10^s **Dec:** -23°48′

Radio: Asymmetric shell.

References:

Reich et al. 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich et al. 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).

G8.7 - 0.1

RA: 18^h05^m30^s **Dec:** -21°26′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 80 Spectral index: 0.5 (W30) Size/arcmin: 45 Type: S?

Has been called G8.6–0.1.

Radio: Clumpy non-thermal shell, with low-frequency turnover.

X-ray: Northern edge detected.

Point sources: Pulsar inside western edge.

References:

Odegard 1986, AJ, 92, 1372. TPT at 57.5 MHz (7'.2 × 9'.7: $S = 190 \pm 50$ Jy).

Kassim & Weiler 1990, Nature, 343, 146. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.0 × 3'.7).

Kassim & Weiler 1990, ApJ, 360, 184. VLA at 327 MHz (2'.8×4'.1:S=129±11 Jy), and part at 1.4 GHz (0'.9×1'.8), plus review of flux densities.
Frail *et al.* 1994, AJ, 107, 1120. VLA at 327 MHz (37"×55").

Frail *et al.* 1994, AJ, 107, 1120. VLA at 327 MHz ($37^{\circ} \times 55^{\circ}$). Finley & Ögelman 1994, ApJ, 434, L25. ROSAT observations, including pulsar. Aharonian *et al.* 2005, Science, 307, 1938. γ -ray detection.

Aharonian et al. 2006, ApJ, 636, 777. γ-ray observations.

G8.9 + 0.4

RA: 18^h03^m58^s **Dec:** -21°03′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 9 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 24 Type: S

Has been called G8.90+0.40.

Radio: Shell.

References: Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42": *S* = 18.2±0.5 Jy), plus other observations.

G9.7 - 0.0

RA: 18^h07^m22^s **Dec:** -20°35′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3.7 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 15×11 Type: S

Has been called G9.7–0.1 and G9.70–0.06.

Radio: Shell.

References: Frail *et al.* 1994, AJ, 107, 1120. VLA at 327 MHz. Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42": *S*=6.5±0.2 Jy), plus other observations. Size/arcmin: 26 Type: S 1-GHz flux/Jy: 3.9

Spectral index: 0.5

Type: S

G9.8+0.6

RA: 18^h05^m08^s **Dec:** -20°14′

Radio: Asymmetric shell.

References:

Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Caswell 1983, MNRAS, 204, 833. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': $S = 5.8 \pm 0.6$ Jy). Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz (41'' × 63'': $S = 3.5 \pm 0.4$ Jy). Frail *et al.* 1994, AJ, 107, 1120. VLA at 327 MHz. Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G9.9-0.8

RA: 18^h10^m41^s **Dec:** -20°43′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 6.7 Spectral index: 0.4 Size/arcmin: 12 Type: S

Has been called G9.95–0.81.

Radio: Shell.

References:

Brogan et al. 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 11.0 \pm 0.3$ Jy), plus other observations.

G10.5 - 0.0

RA: 18^h09^m08^s **Dec:** -19°47'

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.9 **Spectral index:** 0.6

Size/arcmin: 6 Type: S

Has been called G10.59–0.04.

Radio: Partial shell.

X-ray: Detected.

References:

Sugizaki *et al.* 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA observations. Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 1.4 \pm 0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

G11.0 - 0.0

RA: 18^h10^m04^s **Dec:** -19°25′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.3 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 9×11 Type: S

Has been called G11.0+0.0 and G11.03-0.05.

Radio: Partial shell.

X-ray: Diffuse emission.

References:

Bamba *et al.* 2003, ApJ, 589, 253. ASCA observations. Brogan *et al.* 2004, AJ, 127, 355. VLA at 330 MHz (25"), 1.5 GHz (25"), and 74 MHz. Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42":*S*=3.1±0.2 Jy), plus other observations.

G11.1-1.0

RA: 18^h14^m03^s **Dec:** -19°46'

1-GHz flux/Jy: 5.8 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 18×12 Type: S

Has been called G11.2–1.1 and G11.17–1.04.

Radio: Shell.

References:

Brogan et al. 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': S = 11.0 ± 0.3 Jy), plus other observations.

Size/arcmin: 12

Size/arcmin: 12

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.0

Spectral index: 0.7

G11.1-0.7

RA: 18^h12^m46^s **Dec:** -19°38′

Has been called G11.15-0.71.

Radio: Partial shell.

References:

Brogan et al. 2004, AJ, 127, 355. VLA at 330 MHz (25"), 1.5 GHz (25"), and 74 MHz. Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz ($42'': S = 2.3 \pm 0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

G11.1+0.1

RA: 18^h09^m47^s **Dec:** -19°12′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 2.3 Spectral index: 0.4 Size/arcmin: 12×10 Type: S

Has been called G11.18+0.11.

Radio: Shell.

References:

Brogan *et al.* 2004, AJ, 127, 355. VLA at 330 MHz (25"), 1.5 GHz (25"), and 74 MHz. Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42": $S = 3.5 \pm 0.2$ Jy), plus other observations.

G11.2-0.3

RA: 18^h11^m27^s **Dec:** -19°25′

1-GHz flux/Jv: 22 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 4 Type: C

Probably associated with the SN of AD386.

Radio: Symmetrical clumpy shell, with flatter spectrum core.

X-ray: Shell, with hard spectrum centrally brightened region around pulsar.

Point sources: Central pulsar.

Distance: HI absorption indicates 4.4 kpc.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').

Radhakrishnan et al. 1972, ApJS, 24, 49. HI absorption.

Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3').

Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).

Downes 1984, MNRAS, 210, 845. VLA at 1465 MHz $(20'' \times 25'')$ and Einstein observations, with review of flux densities.

Becker et al. 1985, ApJ, 296, 461. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz, plus HI absorption, Einstein observations.

Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 71, 189. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz $(26''.5: S = 4.04 \pm 0.24 \text{ Jy})$.

Green et al. 1988, MNRAS, 231, 735. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz.

Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.2 × 4'.1:S=39 Jy).

Reynolds et al. 1994, MNRAS, 271, L1. ROSAT image and spectra.

Vasisht et al. 1996, ApJ, 456, L59. ASCA observations.

Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Torii *et al.* 1997, ApJ, 489, L145. ASCA detection of pulsar.

Torii et al. 1999, ApJ, 523, L69. X-ray timing observations of pulsar.

Kothes & Reich 2001, A&A, 372, 627. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.25, 10.45, 14.9 and 32 GHz (2'.5, 1'.1, 0'.86, 0'.45: $S=9.6\pm0.5$, 6.3 ± 0.4 , 5.7 ± 0.4 , 5.7 ± 0.4 , 5.7 ± 0.4 , 5.8 ± 0.4 $0.4.3.8 \pm 0.4$

Kaspi et al. 2001, ApJ, 560, 371. Chandra observations.

Tam et al. 2002, ApJ, 572, 202. VLA at 1.4/1.5 GHz ($2''.6 \times 1''.8$: $S = 16.6 \pm 0.9$ Jy) and 5 GHz ($2''.1 \times 1''.5$: $S = 8.4 \pm 0.9$ Jy) for spectral studies.

Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 14.7 GHz.

Tam & Roberts 2003, ApJ, 598, L27. Multi-epoch VLA observations at 1.4/1.5 GHz and 5 GHz, for expansion studies.

Roberts et al. 2003, ApJ, 588, 992. Chandra observations.

Brogan et al. 2004, AJ, 127, 355. VLA at 330 MHz (25"), 1.5 GHz (25"), and 74 MHz.

Bock & Gaensler 2005, ApJ, 626, 343. BIMA at 88.6 GHz (18").

Size/arcmin: 11×7 Type: S

G11.4-0.1

RA: 18 ^h 10 ^m 47 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: 6
Dec: -19°05′	Spectral index: 0.5

Size/arcmin: 8 Type: S?

Radio: Incomplete shell, possibly with central core.

References:

Clark et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 9.4 Jy) contaminated by sidelobes of a nearby source, and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' : S = 2.8 Jy).

Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'.8: S=2.0±0.4 Jy).

Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).

Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.2 × 4'.1:S=18 Jy). Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz $(44'' \times 63'' : S = 5.1 \pm 0.6 \text{ Jy})$.

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Brogan et al. 2004, AJ, 127, 355. VLA at 330 MHz (25"), 1.5 GHz (25"), and 74 MHz.

G11.8-0.2

RA: 18^h12^m25^s **Dec:** -18°44′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.7 Spectral index: 0.3 Size/arcmin: 4 Type: S

Has been called G11.89-0.21.

Radio: Shell.

X-ray: Detected.

References: Sugizaki et al. 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA observations. Brogan et al. 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S=0.9\pm0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

G12.0-0.1

RA: 18^h12^m11^s **Dec:** -18°37′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3.5 Spectral index: 0.7 Size/arcmin: 7? Type: ?

Radio: Incomplete shell, defined in E only.

X-ray: Detected.

References: Clark et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=6.6 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=1.1 Jy). Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.2×4'.1). Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz (41"×61":S=0.7 Jy). Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Sugizaki et al. 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations.

G12.2+0.3 **RA:** 18^h11^m17^s **Dec:** -18°10′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.8 Spectral index: 0.7 Size/arcmin: 5×6 Type: S

Has been called G12.26+0.30.

Radio: Partial shell.

References:

Brogan et al. 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 1.5 \pm 0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

G12.5+0.2

RA: 18^h12^m14^s **Dec:** -17°55′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 0.6 **Spectral index:** 0.4

Size/arcmin: 5×6 Type: C?

Has been called G12.58+0.22.

Radio: Diffuse, central brightened.

References:

Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 0.8 \pm 0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

G12.7 - 0.0

RA: 18^h13^m19^s **Dec:** -17°54′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.8 Spectral index: 0.8 Size/arcmin: 6 Type: S

Has been called G12.72–0.00.

Radio: Shell.

References:

Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 2.0 \pm 0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

G12.8-0.0

RA: 18^h13^m37^s **Dec:** -17°49′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 0.8 **Spectral index:** 0.5

Size/arcmin: 3 Type: S

Has been called G12.83–0.02.

Radio: Shell.

X-ray: Detected.

References:

Sugizaki *et al.* 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA observations. Brogan *et al.* 2005, ApJ, 629, L105. VLA at 330 MHz ($19'' \times 32''$), plus other observations. Ubertini *et al.* 2005, ApJ, 629, L109. X-ray, γ -ray and other observations. Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz ($42'': S = 1.2 \pm 0.1$ Jy), plus other observations. Aharonian *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 636, 777. γ -ray detection. Albert *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 637, L41. γ -ray observations.

G13.3-1.3

RA: 18^h19^m20^s **Dec:** -18°00′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: ? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 70×40 Type: S?

Radio: Amorphous emission.

X-ray: Elongated emission.

Optical: Filaments in S.

Distance: Absorption indicates 2–4 kpc.

References:

Seward *et al.* 1995, ApJ, 449, 681. ROSAT detection, optical studies and observations of CO. Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Koralesky *et al.* 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission.

– 13 –

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3.5?

Spectral index: 1.0?

G13.5+0.2

RA: 18^h14^m14^s **Dec:** -17°12′

Has been called G13.46+0.16.

Radio: Elongated, incomplete shell.

References:

Helfand *et al.* 1989, ApJ, 341, 151. VLA at 5 GHz (*S*=0.65±0.05 Jy) and 1.4 GHz (15": *S*=2.67±0.5 Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G14.1 - 0.1

RA: 18^h15^m52^s **Dec:** -16°34′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.5 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 6×5 Type: S

Has been called G14.18–0.12.

Radio: Shell.

References:

Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 0.9 \pm 0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

G14.3 + 0.1

RA: 18^h15^m58^s **Dec:** -16°27′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.6 Spectral index: 0.4 Size/arcmin: 5×4 Type: S

Has been called G14.30+0.14.

Radio: Partial shell. References:

Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 1.2 \pm 0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

G15.1 - 1.6

RA: 18^h24^m00^s **Dec:** -16°34′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 5.5? Spectral index: 0.8?

Size/arcmin: 30×24 Type: S

Radio: Elongated, incomplete shell. **References:** Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.

Reich et al. 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).

G15.4 + 0.1

RA: 18^h18^m02^s **Dec:** -15°27′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 5.6 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 14×15 Type: S

Has been called G15.42+0.18.

Radio: Shell.

References:

Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 10.9 \pm 0.3$ Jy), plus other observations.

Type: S

Size/arcmin: 5×4

G15.9 + 0.2

RA: $18^{h}18^{m}52^{s}$	1-GHz flux/Jy: 5
Dec: $-15^{\circ}02'$	Spectral index: 0.6?

Radio: Incomplete shell, with bright concentration to the E.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 7.7 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S = 1.9 Jy). Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'.8: S = 1.1 ± 0.2 Jy). Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Caswell *et al.* 1982, MNRAS, 200, 1143. FIRST at 1415 MHz (58" × 44"). Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 330 MHz (77" × 61" : S = 11.2 ± 1.0 Jy), 1.4 GHz (23" × 14" : S = 3.9 ± 0.1 Jy) and 4.9 GHz (13" × 16"). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G16.0 - 0.5

RA: 18^h21^m56^s **Dec:** -15°14′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 2.7 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 15×10 Type: S

Size/arcmin: 7 × 5

Has been called G16.05–0.57.

Radio: Shell.

References:

Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 4.9 \pm 0.2$ Jy), plus other observations.

G16.2 - 2.7

RA: 18^h28^m50^s **Dec:** -16°11′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 2 Spectral index: 0.5

Size/arcmin: 17 Type: S

Radio: Double rim. References: Trushkin 1999, A&A, 352, L103. Review of radio observations.

G16.4 - 0.5

RA: 18^h22^m38^s **Dec:** -14°55′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 4.6 **Spectral index:** 0.7

Size/arcmin: 13×13 Type: S

Has been called G16.41–0.55.

Radio: Partial shell.

References: Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42": *S* = 10.0±0.3 Jy), plus other observations.

G16.7 + 0.1

RA: 18^h20^m56^s **Dec:** -14°20′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 3.0 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 4 Type: C

Has been called G16.73+0.08.

Radio: Asymmetric shell with flat-spectrum core.

X-ray: Non-thermal core.

References:

Helfand *et al.* 1989, ApJ, 341, 151. VLA at 5 GHz (5: S=0.95 Jy) and 1.4 GHz (15'': S=2.43 Jy) and Ooty at 327 MHz (S=5.13 Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations, including masers. Reynoso & Mangum 2000, ApJ, 545, 874. CO observations of surroundings. Sugizaki *et al.* 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations. Helfand *et al.* 2003, ApJ, 592, 941. XMM observations. Bock & Gaensler 2005, ApJ, 626, 343. BIMA at 88.6 GHz ($19'' \times 25''$).

Type: S?

G16.8-1.1 RA: 18^h25^m20^s 1-GHz flux/Jy: 2? Size/arcmin: 30×24 ? Spectral index: ? **Dec:** -14°46′ Type: ? Has been called G16.85-1.05. Radio: Overlapping thermal and non-thermal emission, parameters uncertain. Point sources: Pulsar within boundary of non-thermal emission. **References:** Reich et al. 1986, A&A, 155, 185. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4), plus other observations. G17.0-0.0 **RA:** 18^h21^m57^s 1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.5 Size/arcmin: 5 **Dec:** -14°08′ Spectral index: 0.5 Type: S Has been called G17.02–0.04. Radio: Shell. **References:** Brogan et al. 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42": S=0.7±0.1 Jy), plus other observations. G17.4-2.3 **RA:** 18^h30^m55^s 1-GHz flux/Jy: 4.8? Size/arcmin: 24? **Dec:** -14°52′ Spectral index: 0.8? Type: S Radio: Incomplete, poorly defined shell. Optical: Filaments to SE, and diffuse emission. **References:** Reich et al. 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich et al. 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3). Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Boumis et al. 2002, A&A, 385, 1042. Optical observations. G17.4-0.1 RA: 18^h23^m08^s 1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.4 Size/arcmin: 6 **Dec:** -13°46′ Spectral index: 0.7 Type: S Has been called G17.48–0.12. Radio: Partial shell. **References:** Brogan et al. 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S=0.9\pm0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

G17.8 - 2.6

RA: 18^h32^m50^s **Dec:** -14°39' **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 4.0? **Spectral index:** 0.3?

Size/arcmin: 24 Type: S

Radio: Well defined shell.

References:

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

-2006 April-

G18.1 - 0.1

RA: $18^{h}24^{m}34^{s}$ **Dec:** $-13^{\circ}11'$

1-GHz flux/Jy: 4.6 Spectral index: 0.5

Size/arcmin: 8 Type: S

Has been called G18.1–0.2 and G18.16–0.16.

Radio: Shell.

X-ray: Detected.

References:

Odegard 1986, AJ, 92, 1372. TPT at 57.5 MHz (8'). Sugizaki *et al.* 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA observations. Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': S=7.6±0.1 Jy), plus other observations.

G18.6 - 0.2

RA: 18^h25^m55^s **Dec:** -12°50′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.4 Spectral index: 0.4 Size/arcmin: 6 Type: S

Has been called G18.62–0.28.

Radio: Partial shell.

References: Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 1.9 \pm 0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

G18.8 + 0.3

RA: 18^h23^m58^s **Dec:** -12°23′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 33 **Spectral index:** 0.4 Kes 67 Size/arcmin: 17×11 Type: S

Has been called G18.9+0.3.

Radio: Incomplete shell, in complex region near the HII region W39.

Distance: Association with molecular cloud indicates HI absorption indicates 14 kpc.

References:

Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ($5': S = 17 \pm 7$ Jy). Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 38 Jy). Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes H1 absorption. Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Milne *et al.* 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz ($3'.0: S = 12.9 \pm 1.0$ Jy), including polarisation. Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz ($2'.9 \times 3'.5: S = 55$ Jy). Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz ($75'' \times 55'': S = 29.9 \pm 0.3$ Jy). Dubner *et al.* 1999, AJ, 118, 930. Parkes 64-m at 1.6 GHz (15'') for H1, VLA at 1.6 GHz ($17'' \times 12''$) for OH, plus CO observations. Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 10.6 GHz, including polarisation.

G18.9-1.1

RA: 18^h29^m50^s **Dec:** -12°58′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 37 Spectral index: varies

Size/arcmin: 33 Type: C?

Has been called G18.95-1.1 and G18.94-1.04.

Radio: Non-thermal, diffuse partially limb-brightened, with central ridge.

X-ray: Partial shell.

Distance: Various observations suggest 2 kpc.

References:

Fürst et al. 1985, Nature, 314, 720. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4: S=23.8 Jy), plus other flux densities.

Odegard 1986, AJ, 92, 1372. TPT at 57.5 MHz ($7'.2 \times 8': S = 82 \pm 15$ Jy), plus review of flux densities.

Barnes & Turtle 1988, in SNRISM, p347. Molonglo at 408 MHz ($2'.9 \times 3'.1: S = 58 \pm 9$ Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ($4'.4 \times 4'.1: S = 23 \pm 6$ Jy). Patnaik *et al.* 1988, Nature, 332, 136. Ooty at 327 MHz ($0'.6 \times 1'.6$).

Fürst *et al.* 1989, A&A, 209, 361. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.45:*S*=23.8 Jy) and VLA at 1.5 and 4.9 GHz (19"×14"), and Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 GHz (9') for HI.

Aschenbach et al. 1991, A&A, 246, L32. ROSAT observations.

Harrus et al. 2004, ApJ, 603, 152. ROSAT and ASCA observations.

G19.1+0.2

RA: 18^h24^m56^s **Dec:** -12°07′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 10 Spectral index: 0.5 Size/arcmin: 27 Type: S

Has been called G19.15+0.27.

Radio: Partial shell.

References:

Brogan et al. 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 17.4 \pm 0.4$ Jy), plus other observations.

G20.0 - 0.2

RA: 18^h28^m07^s **Dec:** -11°35′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 10 **Spectral index:** 0.0 Size/arcmin: 10 Type: F

Radio: Faint, filled-centre, polarised.

Point sources: OH source 20.1–0.1 is nearby.

References: Becker & Helfand 1985, ApJ, 297, L25. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz (12"). Odegard 1986, AJ, 92, 1372. TPT at 57.5 MHz ($7'.2 \times 8': S = 8.5 \pm 2$ Jy), plus review of flux densities. Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

G20.4 + 0.1

RA: 18^h27^m51^s **Dec:** -11°00′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3.1 **Spectral index:** 0.4

Size/arcmin: 8 Type: S

Has been called G20.47+0.16.

Radio: Shell.

References: Brogan *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42": *S*=4.2±0.1 Jy), plus other observations.

Fürst et al. 1997, A&A, 319, 655. ROSAT observations, and Effelsberg 100-m at 10.6 GHz (1'.1).

G21.0-0.4

RA: 18^h31^m12^s **Dec:** $-10^{\circ}47'$

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.1 Spectral index: 0.6

Size/arcmin: 9×7 Type: S

Has been called G21.04-0.47.

Radio: Shell.

References:

Brogan et al. 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 2.3 \pm 0.2$ Jy), plus other observations.

G21.5-0.9

RA: 18^h33^m33^s **Dec:** $-10^{\circ}35'$

1-GHz flux/Jy: 6? Spectral index: 0.0

Size/arcmin: 4 Type: C

Early observations relate to the central core only.

Radio: Filled-centre, with high frequency turnover.

X-ray: Central core, with extended, faint halo.

Point sources: Central pulsar.

Distance: HI absorption indicates 4.6 kpc.

References:

Wilson & Weiler 1976, A&A, 53, 89. WSRT at 5 GHz (6" × 35"). Becker & Kundu 1976, ApJ, 204, 427. NRAO interferometer at 2.7 GHz $(20'' \times 5'')$ and 8 GHz $(7'' \times 2'')$, plus review of flux densities. Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Becker & Szymkowiak 1981, ApJ, 248, L23. VLA at 5 GHz (8"), and Einstein observations. Davelaar et al. 1986, ApJ, 300, L59. EXOSAT X-ray spectrum, and VLA HI observations. Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 69, 533. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz (26".5:S=5.64±0.29 Jy). Fürst *et al.* 1988, PASJ, 40, 347. NRO array at 22.3 GHz ($4''.4 \times 7''.3$). Salter *et al.* 1989, A&A, 225, 167. Observations at 90.7 ($29''.5:S=3.8\pm0.4$ Jy) and 141.9 GHz ($S=2.5\pm1.2$ Jy). Salter et al. 1989, ApJ, 338, 171. NRAO 12-m at 84.2 GHz ($S=3.94\pm0.70$ Jy), plus review of flux densities. Asaoka & Koyama 1990, PASJ, 42, 625. Ginga X-ray spectrum. Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.3 × 3'.4: S=9 Jy). Wallace et al. 1994, A&A, 286, 565. HI of surroundings. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Slane et al. 2000, ApJ, 533, L29. Chandra observations identifying X-ray halo. Warwick et al. 2001, A&A, 365, L248. XMM observations of X-ray halo. Bock et al. 2001, ApJ, 561, L203. BIMA at 94 GHz (8".6×4".6). Safi-Harb et al. 2001, ApJ, 561, 308. Chandra and other X-ray observations. Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 22 GHz (8") and 32 GHz, including polarisation. La Palombara & Mereghetti 2002, A&A, 383, 916. XMM upper limit on pulsations. Bocchino et al. 2005, A&A, 442, 539. XMM and Chandra observations. Gupta et al. 2005, Current Science, 89, 853. Pulsar discovery. Camilo et al. 2006, ApJ, 637, 456. Pulsar discovery.

G21.5-0.1

RA: 18h30m50s **Dec:** -10°09′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.4 Spectral index: 0.5 Size/arcmin: 5 Type: S

Has been called G21.56-0.10.

Radio: Partial shell.

X-ray: Detected.

References:

Sugizaki et al. 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA observations. Brogan et al. 2006, ApJ, 639, L25. VLA at 330 MHz (42'': $S = 0.5 \pm 0.1$ Jy), plus other observations.

Size/arcmin: 20

Type: S

Kes 69

G21.8-0.6

RA: 18^h32^m45^s **Dec:** $-10^{\circ}08'$

1-GHz flux/Jy: 69 Spectral index: 0.5

Radio: Incomplete shell.

X-ray: Detected.

Distance: H_2CO absorption indicates > 6.3 kpc.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').

Wilson 1972, A&A, 19, 354. H₂CO absorption.

Kundu et al. 1974, AJ, 79, 132. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6') and 10 GHz (3').

Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft et 2.7 GHz (5': S=42.3±4.6 Jy).

Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).

Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.3 × 3'.5 : S = 132 Jy). Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations, including masers.

Yusef-Zadeh et al. 2003, ApJ, 585, 319. X-ray observations.

G22.7-0.2

RA: 18 ^h 33 ^m 15 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: 33	Size/arcmin: 26
Dec: -09°13′	Spectral index: 0.6	Type: S?

Radio: Non-thermal ring in complex region, overlapping G23.3–0.3. **References:** Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').

Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.3 × 3'.4: S=82 Jy). Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G23.3-0.3		W41
RA: 18 ^h 34 ^m 45 ^s Dec: -08°48′	1-GHz flux/Jy: 70 Spectral index: 0.5	Size/arcmin: 27 Type: S
Radio: Incomplete ring, in com Point sources: Pulsar association	plex region, overlapping G22.7–0.2.	
References: Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. M Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Ef Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 Gaensler & Johnston 1995, MNRAS, 27 Green <i>et al.</i> 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parket Aharonian <i>et al.</i> 2005, Science, 307, 192 Aharonian <i>et al.</i> 2006, ApJ, 636, 777. γ-	Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). felsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). ' MHz (3'.3 \times 3'.4 : <i>S</i> = 138 Jy). '5, L73. Possible pulsar association. 6 64-m OH observations. 38. γ -ray detection. ray observations.	
G23.6+0.3		

RA: 18^h33^m03^s **Dec:** -08°13′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 8? Spectral index: 0.3 Size/arcmin: 10? Type: ?

Radio: Not well resolved, in complex region.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. Einstein observations.

G24.7-0.6

RA: 18^h38^m43^s **Dec:** -07°32′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 8 Spectral index: 0.5

Size/arcmin: 15? Type: S?

Radio: Incomplete shell, defined in SW.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 12.3 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S = 3.6 Jy). Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'.8: $S = 2.2 \pm 0.5$ Jy). Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz (44'' \times 56'': S = 1.9 Jy). Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

G24.7 + 0.6

RA: 18^h34^m10^s **Dec:** -07°05′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 20? Spectral index: 0.2? **Size/arcmin:** 30 × 15 **Type:** C?

Radio: Filled-centre, with faint shell, and a compact HII region to the S.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').

Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).

Reich *et al.* 1984, A&A, 133, L4. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ($4.3:S=19\pm3$ Jy) and 4.75 GHz ($2'.4:S=17\pm4$ Jy) and NRO 45-m at 10.2 GHz ($2'.7:S=15\pm3$ Jy).

Becker & Helfand 1987, ApJ, 316, 660. VLA at 1.4 GHz (12"), and X-ray upper limit. Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

G27.4+0.0		4 C -04.71
RA \cdot 18 ^h 41 ^m 19 ^s	1.GHz flux/Iv: 6	Size/arcmin: 4
Dec: -04°56′	Spectral index: 0.68	Type: S
Early references refer to G27.3-	-0.1 (Kes 73), a supposed larger remnant.	
Radio: Incomplete shell.		
X-ray: Diffuse emission, with	central low period pulsar.	
Point sources: Central AXP.		
Distance: HI absorption indicate	es 6 to 7.5 kpc.	
References: Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 37 Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Angerhofer <i>et al.</i> 1977, A&A, 55, 11. N Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. E Clark <i>et al.</i> 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molo Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1982, MNRAS, 200, 114 Kriss <i>et al.</i> 1985, ApJ, 288, 703. Einste Sanbonmatsu & Helfand 1992, AJ, 104 Helfand <i>et al.</i> 1994, ApJ, 434, 627. RO Green <i>et al.</i> 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parke Vasisht & Gotthelf 1997, ApJ, 486, L12 Gotthelf & Vasisht 1997, ApJ, 486, L12 Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1999, ApJ, 522, L49. X-	5. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5'). Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4 IRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'.8: $S = 2.0 \pm 0.5$ Jy). ffelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). 1glo at 408 MHz (3': $S = 4.4$ Jy). 3. FIRST at 1415 MHz (60" × 45": $S = 3.5$ Jy). Revise S_4 in observations, plus VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz (12"). , 2189. VLA at 1.4 GHz for H1 absorption. SAT observations, particularly of central source. s 64-m OH observations, including nearby masers. 19. ASCA detection of pulsar. 3. ASCA observations. ay timing observations of pulsar.	4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). $_{08 \text{ MHz}} = 10.4 \text{ Jy}$, and $S_{5 \text{ GHz}} = 1.9 \pm 0.2 \text{ Jy}$.
Sugizaki <i>et al.</i> 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. AS	CA survey observations.	
Kuiper <i>et al</i> 2004 ApJ 613 1173 X-r	ay observations of pulsar	

G27.8+0.6

RA: 18^h39^m50^s **Dec:** -04°24′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 30 **Spectral index:** varies

Size/arcmin: 50×30 Type: F

Radio: Filled-centre, with spectral turnover.

References:

Reich *et al.* 1984, A&A, 133, L4. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3: $S = 23 \pm 2$ Jy), and 4.75 GHz (2'.4: $S = 18 \pm 2$ Jy) and NRO 45-m at 10.2 GHz (smoothed to 4'.3: $S = 8.5 \pm 2$ Jy).

Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

G28.6-0.1

RA: 18^h43^m55^s **Dec:** -03°53′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 13×9 Type: S

Radio: Poorly defined regions of non-thermal emission.

X-ray: Diffuse shell, with thermal and non-thermal emission. References:

Helfand *et al.* 1989, ApJ, 341, 151. VLA at 1.4 GHz (15") and 5 GHz (15"). Bamba *et al.* 2001, PASJ, 53, L21. ASCA observations. Ueno *et al.* 2003, ApJ, 588, 338. Chandra observations.

G28.8 + 1.5

RA: 18^h39^m00^s **Dec:** -02°55′

1-GHz flux/Jy: ? **Spectral index:** 0.4? Size/arcmin: 100? Type: S?

Radio: Part of rim detected.X-ray: Diffuse, Centrally brightened.

References: Schwentker 1994, A&A, 286, L47. ROSAT observations. Song *et al.* 2000, PASJ, 52, 181. ASCA observations.

G29.6+0.1

RA: 18^h44^m52^s **Dec:** -02°57′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.5? Spectral index: 0.5? Size/arcmin: 5 Type: S

Radio: Diffuse shell. **Point sources:** AXP associated.

References:

Gaensler *et al.* 1999, ApJ, 526, L37. VLA at 5 GHz (13") and 8 GHz (8") Vasisht *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 542, L49. X-ray observations of AXP.

G29.7-0.3

RA: 18 ^h 46 ^m 25 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: 10
Dec: -02°59′	Spectral index: 0.7

Radio: Shell with flatter spectrum emission from centre.

X-ray: Thermal shell and non-thermal core, and central pulsar.

Point sources: X-ray pulsar.

Distance: HI absorption indicates > 9 kpc and possibly at 21 kpc.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').

Milne & Dickel 1974, AuJPh, 27, 549. Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz (8'.4: $S = 5 \pm 20\%$ Jy).

Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3').

Becker & Kundu 1976, ApJ, 204, 427. NRAO interferometer at 2.7 GHz $(20'' \times 7'')$ and 8 GHz $(25'' \times 8'')$, plus review of flux densities.

Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).

Becker et al. 1983, ApJ, 268, L93. VLA at 1.4 GHz (3"), plus Einstein observations.

Becker & Helfand 1984, ApJ, 283, 154. VLA at 5 GHz (2["].6), plus HI.

Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 71, 189. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz ($26''.5:S = 1.02 \pm 0.07$ Jy).

Salter et al. 1989, ApJ, 338, 171. NRAO 12-m at 84.2 GHz of core, plus review of flux densities.

Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz $(3'.4 \times 3'.7 : S = 27.4 \text{ Jy})$.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Blanton & Helfand 1996, ApJ, 470, 961. ASCA observations.

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Gotthelf et al. 2000, ApJ, 542, L37. X-ray pulsar detection.

Sugizaki et al. 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations.

Mereghetti *et al.* 2002, ApJ, 574, 873. BeppoSAX observations of pulsar.

Helfand *et al.* 2003, ApJ, 582, 783. Chandra observations.

Bock & Gaensler 2005, ApJ, 626, 343. BIMA at 88.6 GHz $(10'' \times 13'')$.

G30.7 - 2.0

RA: 18^h54^m25^s **Dec:** -02°54′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 0.5? **Spectral index:** 0.7?

Size/arcmin: 16 Type: ?

Radio: Poorly defined.

References:

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G30.7 + 1.0

RA: 18^h44^m00^s **Dec:** -01°32' **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 6 **Spectral index:** 0.4

Size/arcmin: 24×18 Type: S?

Radio: Non-thermal, highly polarised part shell?

Point sources: Compact source near centre.

References:

Reich *et al.* 1986, A&A, 155, 185. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz ($2'.4:S=3.4\pm0.4$ Jy), plus other flux densities. Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz ($3'.6 \times 3'.9:S=8.6$ Jy). Gorham *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search.

Kes 75 Size/arcmin: 3 Type: C 1-GHz flux/Jy: 2?

Spectral index: ?

G31.5-0.6

RA: 18^h51^m10^s **Dec:** -01°31′

Has been called G31.55-0.65.

Radio: Distorted shell? near HII region.

Optical: Diffuse, incomplete shell.

References:

Fürst et al. 1987, A&AS, 69, 403. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4), plus other flux densities. Mavromatakis et al. 2001, A&A, 370, 265. Optical observations.

G31.9+0.0

RA: 18^h49^m25^s **Dec:** -00°55′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 24 Spectral index: 0.49

3C391 Size/arcmin: 7×5 Type: S

Size/arcmin: 18?

Type: S?

Radio: Shell, brightest in NW, with low frequency turnover.

X-ray: Diffuse with central core.

Distance: HI absorption is seen to the tangent point (8.5 kpc).

References:

Radhakrishnan et al. 1972, ApJS, 24, 49. HI absorption. Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3'). Green *et al.* 1975, A&A, 44, 187. Effelsberg 100-m at 15 GHz (58": S > 1.6). Becker & Kundu 1976, ApJ, 204, 427. NRAO interferometer at 2.7 GHz (20" × 23") and 8 GHz (24" × 9"), plus review of flux densities. Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Goss *et al.* 1979, A&A, 78, 75. FIRST at 1.4 GHz ($54'' \times 66''$: $S = 20 \pm 2$ Jy) and Effelsberg 100-m at 10.7 GHz (77'': $S = 7.5 \pm 0.8$ Jy). Wang & Seward 1984, ApJ, 279, 705. Einstein observations. Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.4 × 3'.7: S=44.8 Jy). Reynolds & Moffett 1993, AJ, 105, 2226. VLA at 1.4 GHz (6"), including possible associated CO. Moffett & Reynolds 1994, ApJ, 425, 668. VLA at 330 MHz (smoothed to 30": S = 38.5 ± 0.5 Jy) 1.46 GHz (6".7) and 4.85 GHz (6".2 × 6".4), including spectral index and polarisation studies. Frail et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant, including masers. Gorham et al. 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search. Reach & Rho 1996, A&A, 315, L277. ISO spectroscopy. Rho & Petre 1996, ApJ, 467, 698. ROSAT observations. Wilner et al. 1998, AJ, 115, 247. CO observations of surroundings. Reach & Rho 1998, ApJ, 507, L93. ISO observations. Reach & Rho 1999, ApJ, 511, 836. CO, HCO+ and CS observations of surroundings. Reach & Rho 2000, ApJ, 544, 843. ISO observations of interactions with surroundings. Sugizaki et al. 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations. Chen & Slane 2001, ApJ, 563, 202. ASCA observations. Reach et al. 2002, ApJ, 564, 302. Observations of shocked molecular species. Chen et al. 2004, ApJ, 616, 885. Chandra observations. Brogan et al. 2005, AJ, 130, 148. VLA at 74 MHz, 330 MHz and 1.5 GHz (70"). Kawasaki et al. 2005, ApJ, 631, 935. ASCA observations.

G32.0-4.9

RA: 19^h06^m00^s **Dec:** -03°00′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 22? Spectral index: 0.5?

3C396.1 Size/arcmin: 60? Type: S?

Radio: Possible large shell?

References:

Milne & Hill 1969, AuJPh, 22, 211. Parkes 64-m at 635 MHz $(31': S = 25 \pm 30\% \text{ Jy})$, 1410 MHz $(15': S = 19 \pm 15\% \text{ Jy})$ and 2650 MHz $(31': S = 25 \pm 30\% \text{ Jy})$. $(8'.4: S = 8.6 \pm 30\%$ Jy). Fluxes if size is 60', plus review of flux densities. Caswell 1970, AuJPh, 23, 105. Revision of low frequency flux densities.

Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo at 111 MHz ($S = 105 \pm 30$ Jy).

Size/arcmin: 40?

Type: C?

G32.1-0.9

RA: 18^h53^m10^s **Dec:** -01°08′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** ? **Spectral index:** ?

Radio: Possible faint shell, not well defined.

X-ray: Diffuse, with clumps.

References:

Folgheraiter et al. 1997, MNRAS, 292, 365. ROSAT and ASCA observations.

G32.4+0.1

RA: 18^h50^m05^s **Dec:** -00°25′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.25? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 6 Type: S

Radio: Shell.

X-ray: Shell.

Distance: X-ray absorption suggests 17 kpc. **References:**

Yamaguchi et al. 2004, PASJ, 56, 1059. XMM and other observations. Ueno et al. 2005, in XRRC, E4.18. XMM observations.

G32.8 - 0.1

RA: 18^h51^m25^s **Dec:** -00°08′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 11? Spectral index: 0.2? Kes 78 Size/arcmin: 17 Type: S?

Part has been called G33.1–0.1.

Radio: Elongated shell?

References:

Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft et 2.7 GHz (5': $S = 7.2 \pm 0.5$ Jy). Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo at 430 MHz ($S = 19.0 \pm 15.5$ Jy). Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3'). Caswell *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 12.8 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S = 7.7 Jy). Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.6 \times 3'.8: S = 31.3 Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Koralesky *et al.* 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA detection of compact OH emission.

G33.2-0.6

RA: 18^h53^m50^s **Dec:** -00°02′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3.5 **Spectral index:** varies

Size/arcmin: 18 Type: S

Radio: Incomplete shell.

References:

Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Reich 1982, A&A, 106, 314. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4: $S=2.6\pm0.3$ Jy) and 4.75 GHz (2'.5: $S=1.75\pm0.2$ Jy). Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz (68" × 52": $S=2.7\pm0.3$ Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G33.6+0.1

RA: 18^h52^m48^s **Dec:** +00°41′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 22 **Spectral index:** 0.5

Kes 79, 4C00.70, HC13 Size/arcmin: 10 Type: S

Has been called G33.7+0.0.

Radio: Shell, with bright central region, in complex region.

X-ray: Multiple shells and filaments.

Point sources: Central X-ray pulsar.

Distance: HI absorption gives about 7.8 kpc.

References:

Caswell et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=35.5 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=7.8 Jy). Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. HI absorption. Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo $S_{430 \text{ MHz}} = 69 \pm 33 \text{ Jy}.$ Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3': S=6.8±1.5 Jy). Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz ($6'.8:S = 11.4 \pm 1.1$ Jy). Caswell et al. 1981, MNRAS, 195, 89. FIRST at 1415 MHz (1'), plus observations of the nearby point source. van Gorkom et al. 1982, MNRAS, 198, 757. WSRT Hi absorption to nearby point source, possibly extragalactic. Seaquist & Gilmore 1982, AJ, 87, 378. VLA observations of nearby source, plus Einstein observations. Green 1989, MNRAS, 238, 737. OH absorption. Frail & Clifton 1989, ApJ, 336, 854. VLA at 1.4 GHz ($1' \times 2'$.9), including HI absorption. Velusamy *et al.* 1991, AJ, 102, 676. VLA at 327 MHz (1'), 1.5 ($7'' \times 14''$) and 5 GHz (7''), including spectral comparison. Green & Dewdney 1992, MNRAS, 254, 686. Observations of adjacent molecular material. Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.6 × 3'.8: S = 34.8 Jy). Seward & Velusamy 1995, ApJ, 439, 715. ROSAT observations. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Koralesky et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission. Sugizaki et al. 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations. Tsunemi & Enoguchi 2002, PASJ, 54, 735. ASCA observations. Seward et al. 2003, ApJ, 584, 414. Chandra observations. Stanimirović 2003, ApJ, 592, 953. Arecibo OH absorption. Sun *et al.* 2004, ApJ, 605, 742. Chandra observations. Gotthelf et al. 2005, ApJ, 627, 390. XMM pulsar detection.

2006 April

G34.7 - 0.4

RA: 18^h56^m00^s

1-GHz flux/Jy: 230

Has been called G34.6-0.5.

Dec: +01°22' Spectral index: 0.30 Radio: Distorted shell, brighter to the E, with pulsar and associated nebula. Optical: Diffuse emission. **X-ray:** Centrally concentrated, thermal spectrum, plus pulsar wind nebula. Point sources: Pulsar within the boundary of the remnant. Distance: HI absorption indicates 2.8 kpc. **References:** Kundu & Velusamy 1972, A&A, 20, 237. NRAO 140-ft at 10.7 GHz (3': $S = 105 \pm 7$ Jy). Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': S = 177 ± 10 Jy). Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. HI absorption. Clark et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=299 Jy). Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo $S_{430 \text{ MHz}} = 540 \pm 187 \text{ Jy}.$ Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Smith et al. 1985, MNRAS, 217, 99. Einstein observations. Wolszczan et al. 1991, ApJ, 372, L99. Pulsar detection. Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz $(3'.6 \times 3'.8 : S = 469 \text{ Jy})$. Jones et al. 1993, MNRAS, 265, 631. VLA at 1.4 GHz (15"), plus X-ray spectra. Rho et al. 1994, ApJ, 430, 757. Optical and ROSAT observations. Koo & Heiles 1995, ApJ, 442, 679. HI of surrounding shell. Esposito et al. 1996, ApJ, 461, 820. Possible associated γ-ray emission. Harrus et al. 1996, ApJ, 464, L161. ASCA observations. Frail *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 464, L165. VLA at 1.5 and 8.4 GHz ($8''.9 \times 7''.8$) of pulsar nebula. Frail et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH maser emission. Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search. Reach & Rho 1996, A&A, 315, L277. ISO spectroscopy. Harrus et al. 1997, ApJ, 488, 781. X-ray observations. Claussen et al. 1997, ApJ, 489, 143. VLA of associated OH masers. Giacani et al. 1997, AJ, 113, 1379. VLA at 1.4 GHz (15"), plus optical images. Seta et al. 1998, ApJ, 505, 286. CO observations of surroundings. Cox et al. 1999, ApJ, 524, 179. Revision of distance. Reach & Rho 2000, ApJ, 544, 843. ISO observations of interactions with surroundings. Roberts et al. 2001, ApJS, 133, 451. ASCA observations. Petre et al. 2002, ApJ, 579, 404. Chandra observations of pulsar and wind nebula. Mavromatakis et al. 2003, A&A, 405, 591. Optical observations. Shelton et al. 2004, ApJ, 611, 906. Chandra observations of part. Reach et al.2005, ApJ, 618, 297. Molecular line and near-IR observations. Hoffman et al. 2005, ApJ, 627, 803. Observations of OH masers. Kawasaki et al. 2005, ApJ, 631, 935. ASCA observations. G36.6-0.7

RA: 19^h00^m35^s **Dec:** +02°56′

1-GHz flux/Jy: ? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 25? Type: S?

Radio: polarised arc, possibly part of a larger shell? **References:**

Fürst et al. 1987, A&AS, 69, 403. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4), plus other flux densities. Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.4 × 3'.7: S=6.7 Jy). Gorham et al. 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search.

G36.6 + 2.6

RA: 18h48m49s **Dec:** +04°26′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.7? Spectral index: 0.5? Size/arcmin: $17 \times 13?$ Type: S

Radio: Poorly resolved shell.

References:

Reich et al. 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich et al. 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).

-2006 April

W44, 3C392 Size/arcmin: 35 × 27 Type: C

G39.2-0.3

RA: 19^h04^m08^s Dec: +05°28'

1-GHz flux/Jy: 18 Spectral index: 0.6

3C396, HC24, NRAO 593

Size/arcmin: 8×6 Type: C

Radio: Shell, brighter to W, with faint 'tail' to E.

X-ray: Diffuse, brighter to W, with central core.

Point sources: Central X-ray source.

Distance: HI absorption suggests > 7.7 kpc.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133, Molonglo at 408 MHz (3').

Dickel & DeNover 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo $S_{430 \text{ MHz}} = 54 \pm 38 \text{ Jy}.$

Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3': S=4.1±1.0 Jy).

Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. HI absorption.

Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).

Caswell *et al.* 1982, MNRAS, 200, 1143. FIRST at 1.4 GHz (65" × 48").

Becker & Helfand 1987, AJ, 94, 1629. VLA at 1.4 GHz (12'': S = 14 Jy) and 5 GHz, plus Einstein observations. Patnaik *et al.* 1990, A&A, 232, 467. VLA at 1.5 GHz (25'') and 1.4 GHz ($7''.8 \times 7''.5$) and 5 GHz (25'') including polarisation, plus Ooty at 327 MHz ($100'' \times 31''$), including review of flux densities.

Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.5 × 3'.6: S=42.5 Jy).

Anderson & Rudnick 1993, ApJ, 408, 514. VLA at 1.45 and 4.89 GHz for spectral index studies.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search. Gorham *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search.

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Koralesky et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission.

Harrus & Slane 1999, ApJ, 516, 811. ASCA observations.

Aharonian et al. 2001, A&A, 375, 1008. Limit on high energy γ-rays.

Olbert et al. 2003, ApJ, 592, L45. Chandra observations.

G39.7 - 2.0

RA: 19^h12^m20^s **Dec:** +04°55′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 85? Spectral index: 0.7?

W50, SS433 Size/arcmin: 120×60 Type: ?

Eastern part has been called G40.0-3.1. Is this a SNR?

Radio: Elongated shell, containing SS433, adjacent to the HII region S74.

Optical: Faint filaments at the edge of the radio emission.

X-ray: Emission from SS433 and two lobes.

Point sources: SS433 is the compact source in the centre of the W50.

Distance: Association with HI implies 3 kpc.

References:

van den Bergh 1980, ApJ, 236, L23. Optical in Ha and [SII].

Zealey et al. 1980, MNRAS, 192, 731. Optical spectra.

van Gorkom et al. 1982, MNRAS, 198, 757. WSRT HI absorption to nearby point source (not SS433).

Seaquist & Gilmore 1982, AJ, 87, 378. VLA observations of nearby source.

Watson et al. 1983, ApJ, 273, 688. X-ray observations.

Downes et al. 1986, MNRAS, 218, 393. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz ($2'.4:S=34\pm4$ Jy), plus previous 1.7 and 2.7 GHz data.

Romney et al. 1987, ApJ, 321, 822. VLBI of SS433, including distance. Elston & Baum 1987, AJ, 94, 1633. Mosaic with VLA at 1.4 GHz (30") of fine structure only.

Kawai et al. 1989, PASJ, 41, 491, X-ray observations of SS433.

Band 1989, ApJ, 336, 937. Einstein and EXOSAT observations.

Yamauchi et al. 1994, PASJ, 46, L109. X-ray spectral observations.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Brinkmann et al. 1996, A&A, 312, 306. ROSAT observations.

Kotami et al. 1996, PASJ, 48, 619. X-ray line emission from SS433.

Safi-Harb & Ögelman 1997, ApJ, 483, 868. ROSAT observations. Dubner *et al.* 1998, AJ, 116, 1842. VLA at 328 MHz ($64'' \times 60'' : S = 160 \pm 20$ Jy), and 1.4 GHz ($56'' \times 54''$), plus NRAO 140-ft at 1.4 GHz (21') for HI observations.

Safi-Harb & Petre 1999, ApJ, 512, 784. X-ray observations.

Aharonian et al. 2001, A&A, 375, 1008. Limit on high energy γ-rays.

G40.5 - 0.5

RA: 19^h07^m10^s **Dec:** +06°31′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 11 Spectral index: 0.5

Size/arcmin: 22 Type: S

Size/arcmin: 4.5×2.5

Radio: Shell, brightest to the NE.

References:

Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).

Downes et al. 1980, A&A, 92, 47. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.7 GHz (7'.6: $S = 9.3 \pm 1.3$ Jy), and 2.7 GHz (4'.4: $S = 7.2 \pm 0.5$ Jy), plus review of flux densities.

Aharonian et al. 2001, A&A, 375, 1008. Limit on high energy γ-rays.

G41.1-0.3

RA: 19^h07^m34^s **Dec:** +07°08′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 22 Spectral index: 0.48

Radio: 3C397 is two sources: the E is the SNR, the W is a HII region.

X-ray: Brighter to the E and W, with central component.

Distance: Possible limit of > 7.5 kpc for non-thermal component from HI absorption.

References:

Kundu et al. 1974, AJ, 79, 132. NRAO 140-ft at 10 GHz (3') and 5 GHz (6').

Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ($5': S = 21.3 \pm 1.2$ Jy for both components).

Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. HI absorption.

Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo $S_{430 \text{ MHz}} = 82 \pm 51 \text{ Jy}$, also Algonquin 46-m at 10.6 GHz (3': $S = 12 \pm 2 \text{ Jy}$), and Haystack 36-m at 15.5 GHz (2'.3: $S = 8.5 \pm 3.0 \text{ Jy}$).

Caswell et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=29.8 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=8.7 Jy).

Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).

Caswell et al. 1982, MNRAS, 200, 1143. FIRST at 1.4 GHz (58" × 52").

Becker *et al.* 1982, ApJ, 296, 461. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz (8"), plus Einstein observations. Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 71, 189. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz (smoothed to $30'': S = 1.10 \pm 0.19$ Jy). Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.5 × 3'.6: S=46.3 Jy).

Anderson & Rudnick 1993, ApJ, 408, 514. VLA at 1.45 and 4.89 GHz, for spectral index studies.

Gorham et al. 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search.

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Chen et al. 1999, ApJ, 520, 737. ASCA and ROSAT observations.

Dyer & Reynolds 1999, ApJ, 526, 365. VLA at 1.5 GHz ($6''.9 \times 6''.6$) and 4.8 GHz ($46''.4 \times 5''.6$), including polarisation and comparison with ROSAT image.

Safi-Harb et al. 2000, ApJ, 545, 922. ROSAT, ASCA and other X-ray observations.

Sugizaki et al. 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations.

Aharonian et al. 2001, A&A, 375, 1008. Limit on high energy γ-rays.

Safi-Harb et al. 2005, ApJ, 618, 321. Chandra observations.

G42.8+0.6

RA: 19^h07^m20^s **Dec:** +09°05′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3? Spectral index: 0.5? Size/arcmin: 24 Type: S

Has been called G42.8+0.65.

Radio: Faint shell.

Point sources: Near soft gamma repeater, and young pulsar.

References:

Fürst et al. 1987, A&AS, 69, 403. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz ($2'.4:S=1.5\pm0.2$ Jy), plus other flux densities.

Vasisht et al. 1994, ApJ, 431, L35. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.2 × 3'.4). Hurley et al. 1996, ApJ, 463, L13. Observations of soft gamma repeater field.

Lorimer & Xilouris 2000, ApJ, 545, 385. Pulsar detection.

Aharonian et al. 2001, A&A, 375, 1008. Limit on high energy γ-rays.

Kaplan et al. 2002, ApJ, 566, 378. VLA at 333 MHz (50"), and other observations of the region.

3C397

Type: S

W49B

G43.3-0.2

RA: 19^h11^m08^s **Dec:** +09°06′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 38 Spectral index: 0.48

Size/arcmin: 4 × 3 Type: S

Radio: Shell, brightest to the SE and W, near the HII region W49A.

X-ray: Filled-centre.

Distance: HI absorption indicates 10 kpc.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz (4'). Downes & Wilson 1974, A&A, 34, 133. Effelsberg 100-m at 10.7 GHz (1'.3). Green et al. 1975, A&A, 44, 187. Effelsberg 100-m at 15.0 GHz (58": S=9.0±0.7 Jy). Lockhart & Goss 1978, A&A, 67, 355. HI absorption. Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Pye et al. 1984, MNRAS, 207, 649. Einstein observations, and VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz (both 12"). Smith et al. 1985, ApJ, 296, 469. EXOSAT spectrum. Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 71, 189. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz (smoothed to 30'': $S=6.90\pm0.38$ Jy). Moffett & Reynolds 1994, ApJ, 437, 705. VLA at 330 MHz (6".7×7".7:S = 64.4 Jy), 1.48 GHz (4".8×5".2:S = 31.8 Jy) and 4.85 GHz $(4''.0 \times 4''.1)$, including polarisation. Fujimoto et al. 1995, PASJ, 47, L31. ASCA observations. Gorham et al. 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Hwang et al. 2000, ApJ, 532, 970. ROSAT image and ASCA spectroscopy. Sugizaki et al. 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations. Abaronian *et al.* 2001, A&A, 375, 1008. Limit on high energy γ -rays. Brogan & Troland 2001, ApJ, 550, 799. VLA at 1.4 GHz (27" × 24" and 5") for H_i Zeeman splitting. Lacey *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 559, 954. VLA at 74 MHz (26" × 23" : S = 55.6 Jy) and 326 MHz (6".6 × 6".2 : S = 56.0 Jy). Kaplan et al. 2002, ApJ, 566, 378. VLA at 333 MHz (50"), and other observations of the region. Kawasaki et al. 2005, ApJ, 631, 935. ASCA observations.

G43.9+1.6

RA: 19^h05^m50^s **Dec:** +10°30′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 8.6? **Spectral index:** 0.2?

Size/arcmin: 60? Type: S?

Radio: Large, poorly defined faint shell.

Point sources: Soft gamma repeater nearby.

References:

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3). Vasisht *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 431, L35. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.2 \times 3'.4). Hurley *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 463, L13. Observations of soft gamma repeater field. Kaplan *et al.* 2002, ApJ, 566, 378. VLA at 333 MHz (50"), and other observations of the region.

G45.7 - 0.4

RA: 19^h16^m25^s **Dec:** +11°09′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 4.2? Spectral index: 0.4? Size/arcmin: 22 Type: S

Radio: Shell, brightest to the SE, poorly defined to NW.

References:

Fürst *et al.* 1987, A&AS, 69, 403. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz ($2'.4:S=2.6\pm0.3$ Jy), plus other flux densities. Gorham *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search.

G46.8-0.3

RA: 19^h18^m10^s **Dec:** +12°09′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 14

Has been called G46.6-0.2.

Spectral index: 0.5

(HC30) Size/arcmin: 17×13 Type: S

Radio: Shell, two bright arcs to NNW and SSE.

Distance: HI absorption suggests 6.8–8.8 kpc.

References:

Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': S=9.8±0.9 Jy), and VRO 37-m at 1.7 GHz (S=14.5±5.5 Jy). Caswell et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=20.3 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=7.1 Jy).

- Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo $S_{430 \text{ MHz}} = 46 \pm 21 \text{ Jy}.$
- Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'.8: S=5.9±0.6 Jy).
- Sato 1979, ApL, 20, 43. HI observations.
- Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).
- Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz $(58'' \times 53'' : S = 13.3 \pm 0.1 \text{ Jy})$.

RA: 19^h23^m50^s **Dec:** +14°06′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 160? Spectral index: 0.3?

(W51)

Size/arcmin: 30 Type: S?

Radio: In complex region, parameters uncertain.

X-ray: Elongated east-west.

Optical: Some diffuse emission possibly associated.

Distance: Association with CO gives 6 kpc.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').

Sato 1973, PASJ, 25, 135. HI absorption.

Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5'), $S = 51.5 \pm 3.2$ Jy, for the non-thermal component, but probably confused.

Altenhoff et al. 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).

Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. Einstein observations.

Copetti & Schmidt 1991, MNRAS, 250, 127. CLFST at 151 MHz.

Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.1 × 3'.5).

Subrahmanyan & Goss 1995, MNRAS, 275, 755. VLA at 330 MHz (1'.1).

Koo et al. 1995, ApJ, 447, 211. ROSAT observations.

Frail et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

Gorham et al. 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search.

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. OH masers.

Koo & Moon 1997, ApJ, 475, 194. Arecibo (3') and VLA ($40'' \times 42''$) at 1.4 GHz for HI.

Koo & Moon 1997, ApJ, 485, 263. NRAO 12-m CO and HCO+ observations.

Brogan et al. 2000, ApJ, 537, 875. VLA at 1.7 GHz for OH Zeeman splitting.

Mavromatakis et al. 2001, A&A, 370, 265. Optical observations.

Koo et al. 2002, AJ, 123, 1629. ASCA observations.

Koo et al. 2005, ApJ, 633, 946. Chandra observations.

Type: S

3C400.2, NRAO 611

Size/arcmin: 33 × 28

G53.6-2.2

RA: 19^h38^m50^s **Dec:** +17°14′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 8 Spectral index: 0.75

Has been called G53.7–2.2.

Radio: Ring of emission, with extension to NW.

Optical: Filaments and diffuse emission.

X-ray: Centrally brightened, offset to NW.

Distance: Association with HI gives 2.8 kpc.

References:

Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5' : *S* = 5.3 ± 0.6 Jy). van den Bergh 1978, ApJS, 38, 119. Optical observations. Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': S=4.8±0.3 Jy). Clark et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=11.7 Jy). Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo $S_{430 \text{ MHz}} = 20 \pm 10 \text{ Jy}$, $S_{318 \text{ MHz}} = 20 \pm 3.6 \text{ Jy}$. Goss *et al.* 1975, A&A, 43, 459. WSRT at 610 MHz ($1' \times 3'$: $S = 13.2 \pm 1.6$ Jy). Sabbadin & d'Odorico 1976, A&A, 49, 119. Optical spectra. Rosado 1983, RMxAA, 8, 59. Optical spectra. Blair & Long 1988, PASP, 100, 461. Optical imaging and spectroscopy. Long et al. 1991, ApJ, 373, 567. Einstein and optical observations. Winkler et al. 1993, ApJ, 405, 608. Optical imaging. Dubner et al. 1994, AJ, 108, 207. VLA at 327 MHz (59") and 1.49 GHz (52"), plus X-rays. Saken et al. 1995, ApJ, 443, 231. ROSAT observations. Gorham et al. 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search. Giacani et al. 1998, A&AS, 133, 61. DRAO at 1.4 GHz for HI studies, including distance. Yoshita et al. 2001, PASJ, 53, 93. ASCA observations, and spectral comparison with ROSAT.

G54.1+0.3

RA: 19^h30^m31^s **Dec:** +18°52′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.5 Spectral index: 0.1 Size/arcmin: 1.5 Type: F?

Radio: Filled-centre.

X-ray: Centrally concentrated, with extensions and diffuse emission.

Point sources: Central pulsar.

References:

Green 1985, MNRAS, 216, 691. 5km at 2.7 GHz (7" × 20").

Reich *et al.* 1985, A&A, 151, L10. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz $(2'.4:S=0.37\pm0.04 \text{ Jy})$

Velusamy & Becker 1988, AJ, 95, 1162. VLA at $1.4 (14'': S=0.48\pm0.03 \text{ Jy})$, $1.6 (14'': S=0.42\pm0.03 \text{ Jy})$ and $5 \text{ GHz} (5'': S=0.33\pm0.02 \text{ Jy})$, Ooty at 327 MHz ($S=0.50\pm0.08 \text{ Jy}$), plus review of flux densities.

Seward 1989, AJ, 97, 481. Einstein observations.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Gorham et al. 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search.

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Lu et al. 2001, A&A, 370, 570. ROSAT and ASCA observations.

Lu et al. 2002, ApJ, 568, L49. Chandra observations.

Camilo et al. 2002, ApJ, 574, L71. Pulsar detection.

G54.4 - 0.3

RA: 19^h33^m20^s **Dec:** +18°56′

Has been called G54.5–0.3.

Radio: Shell, in complex region.

Optical: Faint filaments.

References:

Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': S=34.4±5.0 Jy). Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Caswell 1985, AJ, 90, 1224. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1'.3 × 2'.6: S=18±4 Jy). Velusamy *et al.* 1986, JApA, 7, 105. WSRT at 609 MHz (50" × 191" smoothed to 100" × 200"). Junkes *et al.* 1992, A&AS, 96, 1. Surrounding CO. Junkes *et al.* 1992, A&A, 261, 289. Nearby IRAS sources. Boumis *et al.* 2005, A&A, 443, 175. Optical observations.

G55.0+0.3

RA: 19^h32^m00^s **Dec:** +19°50′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.5? Spectral index: 0.5? Size/arcmin: 20×15 ? Type: S

Has been called G55.2+0.5.

Radio: Faint, partial shell.

Distance: Association with HI features implies 14 kpc.

Point sources: Old pulsar nearby.

References:

Matthews *et al.* 1998, ApJ, 493, 312. WSRT at 327 MHz ($1'.0 \times 2'.9$: $S = 0.98 \pm 0.15$ Jy), DRAO at 1.4 GHz ($1'.0 \times 2'.9$: $S = 0.25 \pm 0.12$ Jy), plus Hi observations.

G55.7 + 3.4

RA: 19^h21^m20^s **Dec:** +21°44′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.4 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 23 Type: S

Radio: Incomplete shell.

Point sources: Old pulsar within the boundary of the remnant.

References:

Goss *et al.* 1977, A&A, 61, 93. WSRT observations at 610 MHz ($57'' \times 156''$: $S = 1.9 \pm 0.2$ Jy) and 1415 MHz ($27'' \times 72''$: $S = 1.0 \pm 0.1$ Jy).

G57.2 + 0.8

RA: 19^h34^m59^s **Dec:** +21°57′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.8? Spectral index: ? (4C21.53) Size/arcmin: 12? Type: S?

Radio: Extended non-thermal arc.

Point sources: Near the millisecond pulsar, but not thought to be related.

References:

Sieber & Seiradakis 1984, A&A, 130, 257. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 GHz (8'.8: 1.34 ± 0.1), 2.7 GHz (4'.3: 0.86 ± 0.1), plus other surveys of the area.

Caswell et al. 1985, AJ, 90, 488. DRAO at 1.4 GHz $(1' \times 3')$.

(HC40) Size/arcmin: 40 Type: S

1-GHz flux/Jy: 28

Spectral index: 0.5

G59.5+0.1

RA: 19^h42^m33^s **Dec:** +23°35′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 5 Type: S

Has been called G59.6+0.1.

Radio: Incomplete shell. **References:**

Taylor *et al.* 1992, AJ, 103, 931. WSRT at 327 MHz ($1'.0 \times 2'.5$: $S = 5.1 \pm 0.2$ Jy), and northern sky survey at 4.9 GHz. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G59.8+1.2

RA: 19^h38^m55^s **Dec:** +24°19′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.6 Spectral index: 0.5 Size/arcmin: 20×16? Type: ?

Has been called G59.7+1.2.

Radio: Poorly defined source.

Optical: Faint diffuse emission and filaments.

References:

Reich et al. 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich et al. 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3). Boumis et al. 2005, A&A, 443, 175. Optical observations.

G63.7+1.1

RA: 19^h47^m52^s **Dec:** +27°45′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.8 Spectral index: 0.3 Size/arcmin: 8 Type: F

Radio: Centrally brightened, with core.

References:

Wallace et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2068. WSRT at 1.4 GHz ($14'' \times 26''$: S = 1.63 Jy), DRAO at 1.4 GHz (smoothed to 2'), plus review of flux densities and other observations.

G65.1+0.6

RA: 19^h54^m40^s **Dec:** +28°35′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 6 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 90×50 Type: S

Radio: Large, faint shell.

Point sources: Pulsar nearby.

References:

Landecker et al. 1990, A&A, 232, 207. DRAO at 408 MHz ($3'.5 \times 7'.0$: $S=9.5\pm0.1$ Jy), and 1.4 GHz ($1'.0 \times 2'.0$: $S=5.4\pm1.0$ Jy). Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Type: S?

Size/arcmin: 310×240

G65.3+5.7

RA: 19h33m00s **Dec:** +31°10′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 52? Spectral index: 0.6?

Has been called G65.2+5.7.

Radio: Large, faint ring? near S91 and S94.

Optical: Filamentary ring.

X-ray: Diffuse, centrally brightened.

Distance: Optical proper motions and velocities indicates 0.8 kpc.

References:

Gull et al. 1977, ApJ, 215, L69. Optical plates.

Reich et al. 1979, A&A, 72, 270. Effelsberg 100-m observations at 1.42 GHz (smoothed to $11':S=42.4\pm1.6$ Jy), estimate S_{408} MHz = 91±5 Jy from previous sky survey.

Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity. Rosado 1981, ApJ, 250, 222. Optical interferometry.

Fesen et al. 1983, ApJS, 51, 337. Deep [OIII] imagery.

Fesen et al. 1985, ApJ, 292, 29. Optical spectra.

Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. Einstein observations.

Gorham et al. 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search.

Mavromatakis et al. 2002, A&A, 388, 355. Optical observations.

Boumis et al. 2004, A&A, 424, 583. Optical observations.

Shelton et al. 2004, ApJ, 615, 275. ROSAT observations.

G65.7 + 1.2

RA: 19^h52^m10^s **Dec:** +29°26′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 5.1 Spectral index: 0.6

DA 495 Size/arcmin: 18 Type: ?

Has mistakenly been called G55.7+1.2.

Radio: Filled-centre or thick shell?

X-ray: Detected.

Point sources: Compact X-ray source near centre.

Distance: HI polarisation observations suggest 1.5 kpc.

References:

Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': $S = 2.8 \pm 0.4$ Jy), and VRO 37-m at 1.7 GHz ($S = 4.4 \pm 0.5$ Jy), plus review of flux densities.

Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo $S_{430 \text{ MHz}} = 8.7 \pm 4.9 \text{ Jy}, S_{318 \text{ MHz}} = 9.7 \pm 2.2 \text{ Jy}.$

Landecker & Caswell 1983, AJ, 88, 1810. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ($0'.9 \times 1'.5$: $S = 4.4 \pm 0.2$ Jy).

Velusamy et al. 1989, JApA, 10, 161. Ooty at 327 MHz (36" × 64"), WSRT at 610 MHz (62") and VLA at 1.4 GHz (36" and 12"), including IRAS imaging.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Gorham et al. 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search.

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Kothes et al. 2004, ApJ, 607, 855. HI polarisation absorption.

Arzoumain et al. 2004, ApJ, 610, L101. ROSAT and ASCA observations of compact source.

G67.7 + 1.8

RA: 19^h54^m32^s **Dec:** +31°29′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.4 Spectral index: 0.3 Size/arcmin: 9 Type: S

Radio: Double arc shell.

Optical: Filaments in N.

References:

Taylor *et al.* 1992, AJ, 103, 931. WSRT at 327 MHz (1'.9×1'.0:S=1.9±0.1 Jy), and northern sky survey at 4.9 GHz (S=0.42±0.05 Jy). Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search. Mavromatakis et al. 2001, A&A, 370, 265. Optical observations.

-2006 April

G68.6-1.2

RA: 20^h08^m40^s **Dec:** +30°37′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.7? **Spectral index:** 0.0?

Size/arcmin: 28 × 25? **Type:** ?

Radio: Faint, poorly defined source.

References:

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3). Lorimer *et al.* 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

G69.0+2.7

RA: 19^h53^m20^s **Dec:** +32°55′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 120? **Spectral index:** varies

CTB 80 Size/arcmin: 80? Type: ?

An association with a SN in AD1408 has been suggested. Has been called G68.8+2.8. Is it a SNR?

Radio: Compact core, flat spectrum plateau, and steeper spectrum extensions, with spectral break?

Optical: Expanding nebulosity near centre, with filaments to the SW and far NE.

X-ray: Diffuse emission with compact source.

Point sources: Pulsar at western edge of core.

References:

Angerhofer et al. 1981, A&A, 94, 313. WSRT at 610 MHz (56" × 103") 1.4 GHz (24" × 44") and 5 GHz (7" × 13"), plus optical. Becker et al. 1982, ApJ, 255, 557. X-ray observations. Sofue et al. 1983, PASJ, 35, 437. NRO 45-m at 10.2 GHz (2'.7). Velusamy & Kundu 1983, JApA, 3, 253. VLA of compact sources. Blair et al. 1984, ApJ, 282, 161. Optical images and spectra. Wang & Seward 1984, ApJ, 285, 607. Einstein observations. Strom et al. 1984, A&A, 139, 43. Radio observations of flat spectrum component, VLA 5 GHz (1".7) and 1.4 GHz. Mantovani *et al.* 1985, A&A, 145, 50. Bologna at 408 MHz ($2'.6 \times 4'.9$: $\hat{s}=67.5 \pm 10.5$ Jy), Effelsberg 100-m at 1.41 ($9': s=62 \pm 9$ Jy), 1.72 $(7'.6: S = 66 \pm 5 \text{ Jy}), 2.7 (4'.5: S = 52 \pm 4 \text{ Jy}) \text{ and } 4.75 \text{ GHz} (2'.4: S = 44 \pm 3.3 \text{ Jy}), \text{ plus review of flux densities.}$ Kulkarni et al. 1988, Nature, 331, 50. Pulsar detection. Angelini et al. 1988, ApJ, 330, L43. EXOSAT spectra. Fesen et al. 1988, Nature, 334, 229. IRAS of surrounding shell. Whitehead et al. 1989, MNRAS, 237, 1109. Optical of core. Salter et al. 1989, ApJ, 338, 171. NRAO 12-m at 84.2 GHz of core, plus review of flux densities. Hester & Kulkarni 1989, ApJ, 340, 362. Optical imaging and spectroscopy. Koo et al. 1990, ApJ, 364, 178. Large, expanding HI shell. Greidanus & Strom 1990, A&A, 240, 376. Optical kinematics of core. Koo et al. 1993, ApJ, 417, 196. VLA at 1.4 GHz of surrounding HI (1'), plus IRAS. Safi-Harb et al. 1995, ApJ, 439, 722. ROSAT observations. Srinivasan 1997, ApJ, 489, 170. γ-ray observations of pulsar. Mavromatakis et al. 2001, A&A, 371, 300. Optical observations. Butler et al. 2002, A&A, 395, 845. HST detection of pulsar. Migliazzo et al. 2002, ApJ, 567, L141. Pulsar proper motion study. Castelletti et al. 2003, AJ, 126, 2114. GMRT at 240 and 618 MHz (26" × 17" and 10" × 6") and VLA at 324 and 1380 MHz (73" × 63" and 93"×78"). Moon et al. 2004, ApJ, 610, L33. Chandra and HST observations of core. Li et al. 2005, ApJ, 628, 931. Chandra observations of pulsar and surroundings. Golden et al. 2005, ApJ, 635, L153. High resolution radio observations of pulsar and surroundings.

G69.7 + 1.0

RA: 20^h02^m40^s **Dec:** +32°43′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 1.6 **Spectral index:** 0.8

Size/arcmin: 16 Type: S

Radio: Poorly resolved source.

X-ray: Detected.

References:

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3). Lorimer *et al.* 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search. Yoshita *et al.* 2000, PASJ, 52, 867. ROSAT and ASCA observations.

G73.9 + 0.9

RA: $20^{h}14^{m}15^{s}$ **Dec:** +36°12′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 9? Spectral index: 0.3?

Size/arcmin: 22? Type: S?

Radio: Diffuse, centrally brightened to SW.

Optical: Faint shell.

References: Reich *et al.* 1986, A&A, 155, 185. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4: $S = 6.7 \pm 0.5$ Jy), plus other flux densities.

Chastenay & Pineault 1988, in SNRISM, p297. DRAO at 408 MHz ($3'.5 \times 5'.9$) and 1.4 GHz ($1'.0 \times 1'.7$). Pineault & Chastenay 1990, MNRAS, 246, 169. DRAO at 408 MHz ($3'.4 \times 5'.8 : S = 12.7 \pm 1.2$ Jy) and 1.4 GHz ($1'.0 \times 1'.7 : S = 7.4 \pm 1.0$ Jy). Gorham *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search. Pineault *et al.* 1996, AJ, 112, 201. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (smoothed to 2') for HI.

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Mavromatakis 2003, A&A, 398, 153. Optical observations.
G74.0-8.5		Cygnus Loop
RA: 20 ^h 51 ^m 00 ^s Dec: +30°40′	1-GHz flux/Jy: 210 Spectral index: varies	Size/arcmin: 230 × 160 Type: S
Has been suggested that this is two	overlapping remnants.	
Radio: Shell, brightest to the NE.	with fainter breakout region to S, with st	pectral variations.
Ontical: Large filamentary loop h	rightest to the NE not well defined to the	he S or W
V row Shall in a off V row	rightest to the IVL, not wen defined to th	
Deint courses: Several compact r	adia courses within the houndary of the	moment including CI 4 plus V pour
Point sources: Several compact r	adio sources within the boundary of the	remnant, including CL4, plus X-ray
sources in S.		
Distance: Optical proper motion a	nd shock velocity gives 0.44 kpc.	
References: Green 1984, MNRAS, 211, 433. Most of re Braun & Strom 1986, A&A, 164, 208. IRA Straka <i>et al.</i> 1986, ApJ, 306, 266. Radio an Green 1990, AJ, 100, 1927. DRAO at 408 N Graham <i>et al.</i> 1991, AJ, 101, 175. Shocked Shull & Clarke 1991, PASP, 103, 811. Opti Greidanus & Strom 1992, A&A, 257, 265. Shull & Hippelein 1992, ApJ, 383, 714. Op Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1992, AJ, 104, 719. Hα imager Cornett <i>et al.</i> 1992, ApJ, 395, L9. UV imag Long <i>et al.</i> 1992, ApJ, 400, 214. Optical of Arendt <i>et al.</i> 1992, ApJ, 400, 562. IRAS ob Hester <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 440, 721. Hα, [Om Graham <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 444, 787. X-ray a Sauvageot & Decourchelle 1995, A&A, 29. Gorham <i>et al.</i> 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pu Levenson <i>et al.</i> 1997, AJ, 484, 304. ROSA Leahy <i>et al.</i> 1997, AJ, 114, 2081. DRAO at	mnant at 408 MHz ($80'' \times 160''$). S observations. d optical comparison of NE. VLA at 1.6 GHz ($4''$.7 MHz ($3'$.3 × 6'.7) for spectral index study, plus X-r molecular H outside rim in NE. cal spectroscopy of nearside filaments. Optical kinematics. tical kinematics and proper motion. y. ery. Balmer dominated filament. servations.] and other optical observations of Balmer domina nd optical studies of interaction with surroundings 6, 201. [Fex] and [FexIV] observations. search. Isar search. T and optical observations of W. ROSAT observations of N. GOSAT observations. 1.4 GHz ($1' \times 2'$), including polarisation.	7) plus optical. ray and optical. sted filaments in NE.
Miyata <i>et al.</i> 1998, PASJ, 50, 257. ASCA o Miyata <i>et al.</i> 1998, PASJ, 50, 475. ASCA o Leahy & Roger 1998, ApJ, 505, 784. DRAG other radio observations.	bservations. bservations of compact X-ray source in S. D at 1.4 GHz (1'.0 \times 1'.9) and 408 MHz (3'.4 \times 6'.9), for spectral index studies in comparison with
Roger <i>et al.</i> 1998, ApJS, 118, 341. Opti	flux density ($S = 1400 \pm 400$ Jy).	
Bohigas et al. 1999, ApJ, 518, 324. Optical	spectroscopy of surroundings.	
Blair <i>et al.</i> 1999, AJ, 118, 942, HST observ	rations, for distance.	
Aschenbach & Leahy 1999, A&A, 341, 602	2. ROSAT image, and comparison with radio.	
Sauvageot <i>et al.</i> 1999, A&A, 351, 669. [Ne	V] observations.	
Danforth <i>et al.</i> 2000, AJ, 119, 2319. UV, or	otical and X-ray comparison of selected regions.	
Sankrit <i>et al.</i> 2000, AJ, 120, 1925. HST far	UV spectra on non-radiative shock.	
Miyata <i>et al.</i> 2001, ApJ, 550, 1023. ASCA Miyata & Tsunemi 2001 ApJ 552 624 A	observations of compact X-ray sources. SCA spectroscopy of regions in N and E	
Ghavamian <i>et al.</i> 2001, ApJ, 547, 995. Opti	ical spectroscopy.	
Danforth <i>et al.</i> 2001, AJ, 122, 938. Far-UV	spectroscopy, H α and other optical observations o	of NE region.
Uyaniker <i>et al.</i> 2002, A&A, 389, L61. Effe. Leahy 2002, AJ, 123, 2689. DRAO at 1.4 C	HST of SE region. Isberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3) including polarisati 3Hz (4' × 2') for HI.	ion, and comparison with ROSAT data.
Patnaude <i>et al.</i> 2002, AJ, 124, 2118. Optical	l and ROSAT observations of region in SW.	
Welsh <i>et al.</i> 2002, A&A, 391, 705, Optical	absorption to background stars.	
Sankrit & Blair 2002, ApJ, 565, 297. UV of	bservations of NE filament.	
Levenson <i>et al.</i> 2002, ApJ, 576, 798. Change Paigh <i>et al.</i> 2003, A&A, 408, 061, Effelsha	Ira observations of W edge. rs 100 m at 263 MHz $(14'5 \cdot 5 - 124 \pm 12 \text{ Jy})$	
Uyanker <i>et al.</i> 2005, A&A, 406, 901. Ellelsbe Uyanker <i>et al.</i> 2004, A&A, 426, 909. Effel Blair <i>et al.</i> 2005, AJ, 129, 2268. HST of ou	To find a cost MHZ (14.3: $S = 164 \pm 18$ Jy). sberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3), with comparison w ter filaments.	vith other data for spectral index studies.
Levenson & Graham 2005, ApJ, 622, 366.	Chandra observations of know in SE.	
Sun <i>et al.</i> 2006, A&A, 447, 937. Urumqi 23	5-m at 4.8 GHz (9'.5: $S = 90 \pm 9$ Jy), with comparis	sons with other data for spectral index studies.

CTB 87

G74.9+1.2

1-GHz flux/Jy: 9 Spectral index: varies Size/arcmin: 8×6 Type: F

Radio: Filled-centre, with high polarisation and high frequency turnover.

X-ray: Centrally brightened.

RA: 20^h16^m02^s

Dec: +37°12′

Distance: HI absorption indicates 12 kpc, optical extinction gives 6.1 kpc.

Point sources: Extragalactic compact source is nearby.

References:

Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo $S_{430 \text{ MHz}} = 12.2 \pm 9.7 \text{ Jy}, S_{318 \text{ MHz}} = 17.7 \pm 5.0 \text{ Jy}.$

Weiler & Shaver 1978, A&A, 70, 389. WSRT at 610 MHz $(57'' \times 94'' : S = 9.1 \pm 1.2 \text{ Jy})$, 1.4 $(24'' \times 40'' : S = 8.7 \pm 1.2 \text{ Jy})$ and 5 GHz $(24'' \times 40'' : S = 5.6 \pm 1.3 \text{ Jy})$.

Geldzahler et al. 1980, A&A, 84, 237. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4: S=7.6±0.5 Jy).

Wilson 1980, ApJ, 241, L19. Einstein observations.

van Gorkom et al. 1982, MNRAS, 198, 757. WSRT HI absorption of nearby compact source.

Seaquist & Gilmore 1982, AJ, 87, 378. VLA observations of nearby source. Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 69, 533. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz (smoothed to $40'': S = 1.47 \pm 0.19$ Jy).

Green & Gull 1989, MNRAS, 237, 555. VLA at 1.4 GHz $(1'.2 \times 1'.4)$ including HI.

Salter et al. 1989, ApJ, 338, 171. NRAO 12-m at 84.2 GHz, plus review of flux densities.

Pineault & Chastenay 1990, MNRAS, 246, 169. DRAO at 408 MHz ($3'.4 \times 5'.8$: $S = 11.6 \pm 0.4$ Jy) and 1.4 GHz ($1'.0 \times 1'.7$: $S = 7.2 \pm 0.3$ Jy).

Asaoka & Koyama 1990, PASJ, 42, 625. Ginga X-ray spectrum.

Wendker *et al.* 1991, A&A, 241, 551. DRAO at 408 MHz ($3'.5 \times 5'.2$: $S = 13.3 \pm 0.8$ Jy) and Effelsberg 100-m at 4.8 GHz ($S = 7.5 \pm 0.7$ Jy). Wallace *et al.* 1994, A&A, 286, 565. Hi of surroundings.

Cho et al. 1994, AJ, 108, 634. CO of adjacent molecular clouds.

Gorham et al. 1996, ApJ, 458, 257. Pulsar search.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Wallace et al. 1997, A&A, 317, 212. DRAO at 408 MHz (3'.4×5'.5) and 1.4 GHz (1'.0×1'.6) including HI (smoothed to 2').

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Kothes et al. 2003, ApJ, 588, 852. DRAO at 1.4 GHz $(1'.6 \times 1')$ including HI, plus CO observations.

G76.9 + 1.0

RA: 20^h22^m20^s **Dec:** +38°43′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 2 Spectral index: 0.6

Size/arcmin: 12×9 Type: ?

Radio: Diffuse, non-thermal, with low frequency turnover. **References:**

Landecker *et al.* 1993, A&A, 276, 522. VLA at 1.49 GHz (14"), 4.86 GHz ($13'' \times 16''$) and 8.55 GHz ($11'' \times 12''$), including polarisation and review of flux densities.

Landecker *et al.* 1997, A&AS, 123, 199. Miyun at 232-MHz (3'.8×5'.4).

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

G78.2 + 2.1

RA: 20^h20^m50^s **Dec:** +40°26′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 340 Spectral index: 0.5

DR4, γ Cygni SNR Size/arcmin: 60 Type: S

Has been called G78.1+1.8.

Radio: In complex region (early catalogues refer to other proposed remnants in this region).

Optical: Faint filaments, spectra indicate a SNR superposed on a HII region.

X-ray: Weak emission from the SE of the remnant.

Point sources: γ-ray and X-ray point source in remnant.

References:

Higgs et al. 1977, AJ, 82, 718. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ($2' \times 3'$: $S = 270 \pm 40$ Jy) plus some 10 GHz (4') survey data, reveals true extent of remnant. d'Odorico & Sabbadin 1977, A&AS, 28, 439. Optical spectra.

van den Bergh 1978, ApJS, 38, 119. Optical observations.

Landecker *et al.* 1980, A&AS, 39, 133. DRAO HI observations $(2' \times 3'.1)$.

Higgs et al. 1983, AJ, 88, 97. CO of surroundings.

Bohigas et al. 1983, RMxAA, 8, 155. Optical spectra, find thermal only.

Braun & Strom 1986, A&AS, 63, 345. WSRT HI observations. Fukui & Tatematsu 1988, in SNRISM, p261. CO observations of the vicinity (2'.7).

Green 1989, MNRAS, 238, 737. OH observations.

Pineault & Chastenay 1990, MNRAS, 246, 169. DRAO at 408 MHz $(3'.4 \times 5'.8: S = 480 \pm 60 \text{ Jy})$ and 1.4 GHz $(1'.0 \times 1'.7: S = 270 \pm 40 \text{ Jy})$. Wendker *et al.* 1991, A&A, 241, 551. DRAO at 408 MHz ($3'.5 \times 5'.2$: $S = 540 \pm 40$ Jy) and Effelsberg 100-m at 4.8 GHz ($S = 150 \pm 15$ Jy).

Esposito et al. 1996, ApJ, 461, 820. Associated γ-ray emission.

Brazier et al. 1996, MNRAS, 281, 1033. γ-ray and X-ray point source.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Zhang et al. 1997, A&A, 324, 641. Multi-frequency radio comparison.

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Roberts et al. 2001, ApJS, 133, 451. ASCA observations.

Uchiyama et al. 2002, ApJ, 571, 866. ASCA observations.

Mavromatakis 2003, A&A, 408, 237. Optical observations.

Bykov 2004, A&A, 427, L21. Hard X-ray observations.

Becker et al. 2004, ApJ, 615, 897. Chandra and other observations of compact source.

G82.2+5.3

RA: 20^h19^m00^s **Dec:** +45°30′

1-GHz flux/Jv: 120? Spectral index: 0.5?

Has been called G82.5+5.3.

Radio: Shell in the Cygnus X complex.

Optical: In complex region, but spectra indicate SNR filaments.

X-ray: Detected.

References:

Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': S=59.0±3.5 Jy).

Sabbadin 1976, A&A, 51, 159. Optical spectra.

Angerhofer et al. 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'.8). Incomplete mapping.

Rosado & González 1981, RMxAA, 5, 93. Optical spectra.

Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. Einstein observations.

Higgs et al. 1991, JRASC, 85, 24. DRAO at 408 MHz $(3'.4 \times 5'.0)$: $S = 165 \pm 21$ Jy), plus review of flux densities.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Reich et al. 2003, A&A, 408, 961. Effelsberg 100-m at 863 MHz (14'.5:S=82.5±5.5 Jy).

Uyanıker et al. 2003, ApJ, 585, 785. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1') including polarisation, of part.

Mavromatakis et al. 2004, A&A, 415, 1051. ROSAT, ASCA and optical observations.

W63

Size/arcmin: 95×65 Type: S

G84.2-0.8

RA: 20 ^h 53 ^m 20 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: 11	Size/arcmin: 20×16
Dec: +43°27′	Spectral index: 0.5	Type: S

Radio: Elongated shell, with a filament aligned with the major axis.

References: Matthews *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 1. WSRT at 610 MHz ($56'' \times 81''$: $S = 12.4 \pm 1.5$ Jy) and Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4: $S = 6.8 \pm 1.3$ Jy). Matthews & Shaver 1980, A&A, 87, 255. WSRT at 1415 MHz ($23'' \times 32''$), and Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ($4'.4:S=5.6\pm 0.5$ Jy). Feldt & Green 1993, A&A, 274, 421. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1' × 1'.5), including HI, plus CO observations. Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search. Uyanıker et al. 2003, ApJ, 585, 785. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1') including polarisation.

Kaplan et al. 2004, ApJS, 153, 269. Chandra limits for any compact source.

G84.9+0.5

RA: 20^h50^m30^s **Dec:** +44°53′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.8 Spectral index: 0.4 Size/arcmin: 6 Type: S

Radio: Incomplete shell.

References:

Taylor *et al.* 1992, AJ, 103, 931. WSRT at 327 MHz ($1'.4 \times 1'.0$: $S = 1.2 \pm 0.1$ Jy), and northern sky survey at 4.9 GHz ($S = 0.40 \pm 0.01$ Jy). Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

G85.4+0.7

RA: 20^h50^m40^s **Dec:** +45°22′

1-GHz flux/Jy: ? Spectral index: 0.5? Size/arcmin: 24 Type: S

Radio: Faint, incomplete shell, within larger thermal shell.

X-ray: Detected.

References: Kothes *et al.* 2001, A&A, 376, 641. DRAO at 408 MHz (4'.4 × 2'.8: S < 0.45 Jy) and 1.4 GHz (1'.1 × 0'.8), plus Hi, X-ray and optical data.

G85.9-0.6

RA: 20^h58^m40^s **Dec:** +44°53′

1-GHz flux/Jy: ? Spectral index: 0.5? Size/arcmin: 24 Type: S

Radio: Faint, incomplete shell. X-ray: Detected.

References:

Kothes *et al.* 2001, A&A, 376, 641. DRAO at 408 MHz ($4'.4 \times 2'.8 : S < 0.9$ Jy) and 1.4 GHz ($1'.1 \times 0'.8$), plus HI, X-ray and optical data.

HB21

G89.0+4.7

RA: 20^h45^m00^s **Dec:** +50°35′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 220 **Spectral index:** 0.40

Size/arcmin: 120×90 Type: S

Radio: Distorted shell (4C50.52, an extragalactic double, is within the boundary of the remnant).

Optical: Filaments possibly associated.

X-ray: Centrally brightened.

Distance: Various associations imply 0.8 kpc.

References:

Hirabayashi & Takahashi 1972, PASJ, 24, 231. 30-m dish at 4.2 GHz ($11': S = 160 \pm 40$ Jy).

Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ($5': S = 148 \pm 16$ Jy), plus optical filaments.

Hill 1974, MNRAS, 169, 59. Half-Mile Telescope at 1.4 GHz $(3' \times 3'.9)$.

Haslam et al. 1975, A&A, 39, 453. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4)

Fukui & Tatematsu 1988, in SNRISM, p261. CO observations of the vicinity (2'.7).

Tatematsu *et al.* 1990, A&A, 237, 189. DRAO at 408 MHz (3'.5 × 4'.5) and 1.4 GHz (1'.0 × 1'.3), including HI, plus CO observations of adjacent molecular cloud.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Leahy & Aschenbach 1996, A&A, 315, 260. ROSAT observations.

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Koo et al. 2001, ApJ, 552, 175. NRAO 12-m and other CO observations (27" and 45") of eastern part.

Zhang *et al.* 2002, ApSS, 279, 355. 232 MHz ($3'.8 \times 4'.9$: $S = 390 \pm 30$ Jy), plus comparison with other data for spectral index studies.

Reich *et al.* 2003, A&A, 408, 961. Effelsberg 100-m at 863 MHz $(14'.5:S=228\pm 5 \text{ Jy})$.

Uyanıker et al. 2003, ApJ, 585, 785. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1') including polarisation.

Byun et al. 2006, ApJ, 637, 283. CO observations of surroundings.

G93.3+6.9

RA: 20^h52^m25^s **Dec:** +55°21′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 9 Spectral index: 0.54

DA 530, 4C(T)55.38.1 Size/arcmin: 27 × 20 Type: S

Has been called G93.2+6.7.

Radio: Shell, with two bright limbs, highly polarised.

Distance: HI observations suggest 2.2 kpc.

References:

Roger & Costain 1976, A&A, 51, 151. DRAO at 1.42 GHz (2' × 2'.4: S=6.9 Jy).

Haslam *et al.* 1980, A&A, 92, 57. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.72 GHz (7'.6: $S=6.47\pm0.52$ Jy) and 2.7 GHz (4'.4: $S=5.64\pm0.64$ Jy), plus review of flux densities.

Lalitha et al. 1984, A&A, 131, 196. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (smoothed to $3': S = 4.01 \pm 0.57$ Jy).

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Landecker et al. 1999, ApJ, 527, 866. DRAO at 408 MHz $(3'.5 \times 4'.3)$ and 1.4 GHz $(1'.0 \times 1'.2)$, including polarisation and HI.

Foster & Routledge 2003, ApJ, 598, 1005. HI for distance.

Kaplan et al. 2004, ApJS, 153, 269. Chandra limits for any compact source.

G93.7-0.2

RA: 21^h29^m20^s **Dec:** +50°50′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 65 **Spectral index:** 0.4 CTB 104A, DA 551 Size/arcmin: 80 Type: S

Has been called G93.6–0.2 and G93.7–0.3.

Radio: Distorted, faint shell.

Distance: Association with HI features suggests 1.5 kpc.

References:

Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': S = 18.4 ± 1.0 Jy).

Mantovani et al. 1982, A&A, 105, 176. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.7 GHz (7'.6:S=53.5±5.0 Jy), plus review of flux densities.

Landecker et al. 1985, AJ, 90, 1082. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (smoothed to $2': S = 58 \pm 6$ Jy).

Mantovani *et al.* 1991, A&A, 247, 545. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (smoothed to 3^{i} : $S = 33.5 \pm 4.0$ Jy), including polarisation, plus review of flux densities.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Koralesky et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission.

Uyanıker et al. 2002, ApJ, 565, 1022. DRAO 1.4 GHz ($54'' \times 49''$), including HI, and 408 MHz ($3'.7 \times 2'.8$).

Uyanıker et al. 2003, ApJ, 585, 785. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1') including polarisation.

G94.0+1.0

RA: 21 ^h 24 ^m 50 ^s
Dec: +51°53′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 15 Spectral index: 0.4

- 42 -

Radio: Incomplete shell, containing HI shell.

Distance: Association with stellar wind bubble implies 5.2 kpc.

References:

Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': S=6.1±0.8 Jy), and VRO 37-m at 1.7 GHz (S=11±3 Jy).

Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': $S=5.8\pm0.4$ Jy). Also NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'). Mantovani *et al.* 1982, A&A, 105, 176. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.7 GHz (7'.6: $S=12.0\pm1.3$ Jy), plus review of flux densities.

Goss *et al.* 1984, A&A, 138, 469. WSRT at 610 MHz (smoothed to $100'': S = 16 \pm 1.7$ Jy) and Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4: S = 7.2 ± 0.5 Jy).

Landecker et al. 1985, AJ, 90, 1082. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (smoothed to $2': S = 16 \pm 3$ Jy).

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Uyanıker et al. 2003, ApJ, 585, 785. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1') including polarisation.

Foster et al. 2004, A&A, 417, 79. DRAO at 1.4 GHz, including HI.

Foster 2005, A&A, 441, 1043. DRAO at 408 MHz $(2'.8 \times 3'.6)$ and 1.4 GHz $(0'.8 \times 1'.0)$ for spectral index studies, plus other observations.

G96.0+2.0

RA: 21^h30^m30^s **Dec:** +53°59′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.15? Spectral index: 0.7?

Size/arcmin: 26 Type: S

Radio: Faint, arc in S, poorly defined in N.

Distance: Association for HI indicates 4 kpc.

References:

Kothes et al. 2005, A&A, 444, 871. DRAO at 408 MHz (2'.8 × 3'.5) and 1.4 GHz (50" × 61") including HI.

G106.3 + 2.7

RA: 22^h27^m30^s **Dec:** +60°50′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 6 Spectral index: 0.6 Size/arcmin: 60×24 Type: C?

Incorporates the pulsar wind nebula G106.6+2.9 (the 'Boomerang').

Radio: Faint extended source, which brighter 'head' to NE.

X-ray: Pulsar and wind nebula.

Point sources: Pulsar.

References:

Pineault & Joncas 2000, AJ, 120, 3218. DRAO at 408 MHz (3'.9×3'.5:S=10.5±0.3 Jy) and 1.4 GHz (1'.2×1'.0:S=4.9±0.6 Jy), plus HI. Halpern et al. 2001, ApJ, 547, 323. X-ray and radio observations of the 'head'.

Halpern et al. 2001, ApJ, 552, L125. Pulsar detection.

Kothes et al. 2001, ApJ, 560, 236. DRAO at 1.4 GHz, including HI, plus CO and other observations.

- Kothes et al. 2004, ApJ, 607, 855. HI polarisation absorption.
- Ng & Romani 2004, ApJ, 601, 479. Chandra detection of pulsar wind nebula.

Kothes et al. 2006, ApJ, 638, 225. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.85 (2'.4), 8.35 (1'.4), 10.5 (1'.2) and 32 GHz (0'.45) of pulsar wind nebula, including polarisation.

3C434.1 Size/arcmin: 30×25

Type: S

G109.1-1.0

RA: 23^h01^m35^s **Dec:** +58°53′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 20 Spectral index: 0.50

CTB 109 Size/arcmin: 28 Type: S

Radio: Semicircular shell, with the Molecular cloud S152 is to the immediate W.

X-ray: Semicircular shell, with pulsar at W edge.

Point sources: Long period X-ray pulsar.

Distance: Association with HII regions implies 3 kpc.

References:

Hughes et al. 1981, ApJ, 246, L127. WSRT at 610 MHz (1': $S = 40 \pm 5$ Jy) shows bad CLEAN artefacts.

Blair & Kirshner 1981, Nature, 291, 132. Optical spectra.

Downes 1983, MNRAS, 203, 695. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4: $S = 13.0 \pm 1.5$ Jy).

Sofue et al. 1983, PASJ, 35, 447. NRO 45-m at 10.2 GHz (2'.7).

Hughes et al. 1984, ApJ, 283, 147. WSRT at 610 MHz (20'': $S = 26 \pm 3$ Jy) 1.4 GHz (10''), DRAO at 1.4 GHz ($1' \times 1'.2$: $S = 16.8 \pm 2$ Jy) and Algonquin 46-m at 6.5 GHz (4'.5: $S = 6.7 \pm 1$ Jy).

Braun & Strom 1986, A&AS, 63, 345. WSRT HI observations. Tatematsu *et al.* 1987, PASJ, 39, 755. NRO 45-m at 10 GHz (2'.7), plus polarisation.

Tatematsu et al. 1987, A&A, 184, 279. CO observations of the surroundings (2'.7).

Hanson et al. 1988, A&A, 195, 114. EXOSAT of pulsar. Morini et al. 1988, ApJ, 333, 777. EXOSAT observations.

Koyama et al. 1989, PASJ, 41, 461. X-ray observations of pulsar.

Coe et al. 1989, MNRAS, 238, 649. IRAS observations of surroundings.

Green 1989, MNRAS, 238, 737. OH observations.

Tatematsu et al. 1990, ApJ, 351, 157. CO of surroundings, plus X-ray observations.

Davies & Coe 1991, MNRAS, 249, 313. Optical and IR observations near pulsar.

Hurford & Fesen 1995, MNRAS, 277, 549. ROSAT imaging.

Rho & Petre 1997, ApJ, 484, 828. ROSAT observations.

Parmar et al. 1998, A&A, 330, 175. X-ray observations.

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Koralesky et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission.

Patel *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 563, L45. Chandra observations of pulsar. Kothes *et al.* 2002, ApJ, 576, 169. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (68" × 59"), including HI, plus CO observations.

Sasaki et al. 2004, ApJ, 617, 322. XMM observations.

G111.7 - 2.1

RA: 23^h23^m26^s **Dec:** +58°48′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 2720 Spectral index: 0.77

- 44 -

Presumably the remnant of a late 17th century SN.

Radio: Bright shell with compact knots and extended plateau of emission.

Optical: Fast knots and quasi-stationary flocculli, with many filaments at large radii, and NE 'jet'.

X-ray: Incomplete shell, with hard spectral component, and compact central source.

Distance: Optical expansion, plus proper motions indicate 3.4 kpc.

References:

Anderson et al. 1991, ApJ, 373, 146. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz (1".3) for spectral variations. Anderson et al. 1995, ApJ, 441, 300. VLA at 1.4 GHz and 4.8 GHz (both 1".3), for polarisation studies. Anderson & Rudnick 1995, ApJ, 441, 307. VLA at 1.4 GHz and 4.8 GHz, for proper motion studies. Predehl & Schmitt 1995, A&A, 293, 889. ROSAT of dust scattered halo. Lawrence et al. 1995, AJ, 109, 2635. Optical imaging spectroscopy. Kassim et al. 1995, ApJ, 455, L59. VLA at 74 (25") and 332 MHz (6"), including spectral index comparisons. Anderson & Rudnick 1996, ApJ, 456, 234. VLA for spectral index comparisons. Agafanov 1996, A&A, 306, 578. Flux density decrease at 102 MHz. Keohane et al. 1996, ApJ, 466, 309. Radio and X-ray comparison. Hurford & Fesen 1996, ApJ, 469, 246. Optical spectroscopy and reddening studies. Fesen & Gunderson 1996, ApJ, 470, 967. Optical observations of NE 'jet'. Schwarz et al. 1997, A&AS, 123, 43. WSRT at 1.4 GHz (30") for HI absorption. Reynoso et al. 1997, A&A, 317, 203. VLA at 1.4 GHz (11"×14") for HI absorption. Dupraz et al. 1997, A&A, 324, 683. y-ray line detection. Wright *et al.* 1999, ApJ, 518, 284. BIMA at 83 GHz ($6''.5 \times 6''.2$) at 28 GHz, for comparison with other radio images for spectral index studies. O'Sullivan & Green 1999, MNRAS, 303, 575. Flux density changes at 13.5, 15.5 and 16.5 GHz. Agüeros & Green 1999, MNRAS, 305, 957. CLFST at 151 MHz for bulk expansion studies. Mason et al. 1999, AJ, 118, 2908. Flux density at 32 GHz (S=194±5 Jy). Vink et al. 1999, A&A, 344, 289. X-ray line and continuum observations. Liszt & Lucas 1999, A&A, 347, 258. NRAO 12-m at 86 GHz ($72'': S = 101 \pm 3.3$ Jy) and 140 GHz ($44'': S = 69.6 \pm 6.3$ Jy), plus CO observations. Hughes et al. 2000, ApJ, 528, L109. Chandra observations. Reichart & Stephens 2000, ApJ, 537, 904. Flux density changes at 1405 MHz. Hwang et al. 2000, ApJ, 537, L119. Chandra imaging, including lines. Chakrabarty et al. 2001, ApJ, 548, 800. Chandra observations, including central compact source. Ryan et al. 2001, ApJ, 548, 811. Optical limits in compact central source. Gotthelf et al. 2001, ApJ, 552, L39. Chandra observations, showing outer shock. Kaplan et al. 2001, ApJ, 558, 270. Search for near-IR counterpart to central source. Vink et al. 2001, ApJ, 560, L79. BeppoSAX X-ray line observations. Fesen 2001, ApJS, 133, 161. Optical imaging and spectroscopy. Bleeker et al. 2001, A&A, 365, L225. XMM observations. Maccarone et al. 2001, A&A, 368, 267. BeppoSAX observations. Douvion et al. 2001, A&A, 369, 589. ISO observations. Aharonian et al. 2001, A&A, 370, 112. High energy γ -ray emission detection. Gerardy & Fesen 2001, AJ, 121, 2781. IR spectroscopy and imaging. Thorstensen et al. 2001, AJ, 122, 297. Optical expansion studies. Hwang et al. 2001, ApJ, 560, L175. Chandra observations of Doppler shifted lines. Fesen et al. 2001, AJ, 122, 2644. HST observations. Willingale et al. 2002, A&A, 381, 1039. XMM observations. Mereghetti *et al.* 2002, ApJ, 569, 275. XMM observations of central source. Reynoso & Goss 2002, ApJ, 575, 871. VLA at 5 GHz (6".4 × 6".0) for H₂CO absorption studies. Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz, including polarisation. Loinard et al. 2003, RMxAA, 15, 267. Sub-mm observations. Dunne et al. 2003, Nature, 424, 285. Sub-mm dust observations. Rho et al. 2003, ApJ, 592, 299. IR observations. Laming & Hwang 2003, ApJ, 597, 347. Chandra spectroscopy. DeLaney & Rudnick 2003, ApJ, 589, 818. Chandra expansion studies. Jones et al. 2003, ApJ, 587, 227. 2.2 micron polarisation. Hines et al. 2004, ApJS, 154, 290. Spitzer observations. DeLaney et al. 2004, ApJ, 613, 343. Chandra proper motion studies. Morse et al. 2004, ApJ, 614, 727. HST proper motion studies. Hwang et al. 2004, ApJ, 615, L117. Deep Chandra imaging. Krause et al. 2004, Nature, 432, 596. IR and molecular line observations of surroundings. Bamba et al. 2005, ApJ, 621, 793. Chandra observations of rim. Wilson & Batrla 2005, A&A, 430, 561. Observational constraints on dust. Krause et al. 2005, Science, 308, 1604. IR echoes from surroundings. Fesen et al. 2006, ApJ, 636, 848. Optical and IR limits for central sources. Fesen et al. 2006, ApJ, 636, 859. HST observations of outlying knots.

Cassiopeia A, 3C461 Size/arcmin: 5 Type: S

G113.0+0.2

RA: 23^h36^m35^s **Dec:** +61°22′

1-GHz flux/Jy: ? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 40 × 17? **Type:** ?

Radio: Elongated, extent not well defined.

Distance: Association for HI indicates 3.1 kpc.

Point sources: Contains old pulsar.

References:

Kothes et al. 2005, A&A, 444, 871. DRAO at 408 MHz (2'.8 × 3'.1) and 1.4 GHz (49" × 55") including HI.

G114.3+0.3

RA: 23^h37^m00^s **Dec:** +61°55′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 6? Spectral index: 0.3? Size/arcmin: 90 × 55 Type: S

Radio: Shell, with HII region S165 within the boundary of the remnant.

Optical: Faint emission in centre and to S.

Distance: Association with HI and other features implies 0.7 kpc.

Point sources: Pulsar near centre of remnant.

References:

Reich & Braunsfurth 1981, A&A, 99, 17. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4:S=3.6 Jy) and $S_{1.4 \text{ GHz}}=4.4$ Jy from 1.4 GHz survey data, plus HI from Maryland-Green Bank survey.

Kulkarni et al. 1993, Nature, 362, 135. Pulsar association.

Fürst et al. 1993, A&A, 276, 470. Pulsar association.

Becker et al. 1996, A&A, 306, 464. ROSAT of pulsar.

Fesen et al. 1997, AJ, 113, 767. Optical observations.

Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz.

Mavromatakis et al. 2002, A&A, 383, 1011. Optical observations.

Yar-Uyanıker *et al.* 2004, ApJ, 616, 247. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ($49'' \times 55''$), including HI ($1'.0 \times 1'.1$).

G116.5 + 1.1

RA: 23^h53^m40^s **Dec:** +63°15′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 11? Spectral index: 0.8?

Size/arcmin: 80×60 Type: S

Radio: Distinct shell, with high polarisation.

Optical: Detected.

Distance: Association with HI features implies 1.6 kpc.

References:

Reich & Braunsfurth 1981, A&A, 99, 17. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ($4'.4:S=4.7\pm0.4$ Jy) and $S_{1.4 \text{ GHz}}=8.0\pm0.8$ Jy from 1.4 GHz survey data, plus H₁ from Maryland-Green Bank survey.

Fesen et al. 1997, AJ, 113, 767. Optical observations.

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Yar-Uyanıker *et al.* 2004, ApJ, 616, 247. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ($49'' \times 55''$), including HI ($1'.0 \times 1'.1$).

Mavromatakis et al. 2005, A&A, 435, 141. Optical observations.

G116.9 + 0.2

RA: 23^h59^m10^s **Dec:** +62°26′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 9? Spectral index: 0.5?

CTB 1 Size/arcmin: 34 Type: S

Has been called G117.3+0.1 and G116.9+0.1.

Radio: Incomplete shell.

Optical: Filaments on sky survey.

X-ray: Centrally brightened, with NE 'breakout'.

Point sources: Pulsar to NE.

Distance: Association with HI features implies 1.6 kpc.

References:

Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': S=3.9±1.0 Jy), and VRO 37-m at 1.7 GHz (S=5.5±2.0 Jy), plus review of flux densities.

van den Bergh et al. 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical observations.

Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5':S=4.2±0.2 Jy).

Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'.8:S=3.0±0.3 Jy).

Dickel & Willis 1980, A&A, 85, 55. WSRT at 610 MHz (56" × 64") and 1.4 GHz (22" × 25").

Reich & Braunsfurth 1981, A&A, 99, 17. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4: $S = 4.8 \pm 0.4$ Jy) and $S_{1.4 \text{ GHz}} = 7.8 \pm 0.8$ Jy from 1.4 GHz survey data, plus Hi from Maryland-Green Bank survey.

Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity.

Landecker *et al.* 1982, AJ, 87, 1379. DRAO at 1.42 GHz and HI ($2' \times 2'.3$: $S = 8.3 \pm 0.5$ Jy), plus review of flux densities.

Fesen et al. 1985, ApJ, 292, 29. Optical spectra.

Hailey & Craig 1994, ApJ, 434, 635. Optical spectroscopy.

Hailey & Craig 1995, ApJ, 455, L151. ROSAT of nearby pulsar.

Fesen et al. 1997, AJ, 113, 767. Optical observations.

Craig *et al.* 1997, ApJ, 488, 307. ROSAT observations.

Lorimer *et al.* 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 10.6 GHz (69"), including polarisation.

Yar-Uyaniker *et al.* 2004, ApJ, 616, 247. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ($49'' \times 55''$), including HI ($1'.0 \times 1'.1$).

G119.5 + 10.2

RA: 00^h06^m40^s **Dec:** +72°45′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 36 Spectral index: 0.6 CTA 1 Size/arcmin: 90? Type: S

Has been called G119.5+10.3.

Radio: Incomplete shell, with 'breakout' to NW.

Optical: Faint diffuse nebulosities.

X-ray: Centrally brightened, with central compact source, nebula, and jet.

Point sources: Compact, central X-/ γ -ray source.

Distance: Associated HI shell indicates 1.4 kpc.

References:

Sieber *et al.* 1979, A&A, 74, 361. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4: S=23.6±2.8 Jy). Sieber *et al.* 1981, A&A, 103, 393. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz and 1.7 GHz ($7'.6:S=31.6\pm2.5$ Jy), and 6C at 151 MHz ($4':S=62.6\pm6$ Jy). Fesen et al. 1981, ApJ, 247, 148. Optical, including spectra. Fesen et al. 1983, ApJS, 51, 337. Deep [OIII] imagery. Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. Einstein observations. Simonetti 1992, ApJ, 386, 170. VLA observations of background sources for rotation measure studies. Pineault *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 1060. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ($1':S=34\pm4$ Jy), plus HI and IRAS. Seward et al. 1995, ApJ, 453, 284. ROSAT observations. Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search. Slane et al. 1997, ApJ, 485, 221. ASCA and ROSAT observations. Pineault et al. 1997, A&A, 324, 1152. DRAO at 408 MHz (3'.5) and 1.4 GHz (1'.0). Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search. Brazier et al. 1998, MNRAS, 295, 819. Studies of central, compact γ-ray source. Mavromatakis et al. 2000, A&A, 353, 371. Optical imagery. Roberts et al. 2001, ApJS, 133, 451. ASCA observations. Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 GHz (9'.4). Slane et al. 2004, ApJ, 601, 1045. XMM observations of central source. Halpern et al. 2004, ApJ, 612, 398. Chandra observations of central nebula, plus optical and radio limits for compact source.

G120.1+1.4

RA: 00^h25^m18^s **Dec:** +64°09′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 56 Spectral index: 0.61

This is the remnant of the Tycho's SN of AD1572.

Radio: Shell, brightest to the NE.

Optical: Faint filaments/knots to the NNW, NE and E.

X-ray: Shell, brighter to the NE.

Point sources: Faint radio source near centre of the remnant, thought to be extragalactic.

Distance: HI absorption gives 2–5 kpc, optical proper motion and shock velocity gives 2.4 kpc.

References:

Duin & Strom 1975, A&A, 39, 33. WSRT at 610 MHz (57" × 64") and 5 GHz (7" × 8").

Klein et al. 1979, A&A, 76, 120. Effelsberg 100-m at 10.7 GHz ($1'.2:S=13.1\pm0.8$ Jy), plus review of flux densities.

Strom *et al.* 1982, MNRAS, 200, 473. WSRT at 1415 MHz (27" × 31") from 1971 and 1979, for expansion.

Dickel et al. 1982, ApJ, 257, 145. Comparison of radio, X-ray and optical observations.

Reid et al. 1982, ApJ, 261, 485. Einstein observations.

Seward et al. 1983, ApJ, 266, 287. Einstein observations.

Tan & Gull 1985, MNRAS, 216, 949. 5km at 2.7 GHz (4") from 1980 and 1983, and One-Mile Telescope at 1.4 GHz (23") from 1965 and 1980, for expansion.

Albinson et al. 1986, MNRAS, 219, 427. HI observations.

Green & Gull 1987, MNRAS, 224, 1055. VLA HI absorption observations towards central radio source.

Smith et al. 1988, ApJ, 325, 288. EXOSAT spectrum and image (smoothed to 13").

Dickel et al. 1991, AJ, 101, 2151. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz (1".5).

Wood et al. 1992, AJ, 103, 1338. VLA at 5 GHz (1".5) polarisation studies.

Fink et al. 1994, A&A, 283, 635. X-ray spectra.

Vancura et al. 1995, ApJ, 441, 680. X-ray spectra and ROSAT image.

Predehl & Schmitt 1995, A&A, 293, 889. ROSAT of dust scattered halo.

Schwarz et al. 1995, A&A, 299, 193. WSRT and Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 GHz (50"), and VLA at 1.4 GHz (13"), for neutral hydrogen studies.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Hwang & Gotthelf 1997, ApJ, 475, 665. ASCA observations.

Reynoso *et al.* 1997, ApJ, 491, 816. VLA at 1.4 GHz ($1''.4 \times 1''.5$) from 1984 and 1994 for expansion studies.

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Reynoso et al. 1999, AJ, 117, 1827. VLA at 1.4 GHz (13"), for HI studies.

Katz-Stone *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 529, 453. VLA at 333 MHz and 1.4 GHz (9". 5×7 ".7), for spectral index studies.

Ghavamian et al. 2000, ApJ, 535, 266. Optical observations of shock precursors.

Hughes 2000, ApJ, 545, L53. ROSAT X-ray expansion.

Decourchelle et al. 2001, A&A, 365, L218. XMM observations.

Ghavamian et al. 2001, ApJ, 547, 995. Optical spectroscopy.

Douvion et al. 2001, A&A, 373, 281. ISO observations.

Aharonian et al. 2001, A&A, 373, 292. Upper limit on high energy γ-rays.

Hwang et al. 2002, ApJ, 581, 1101. Chandra observations.

Lee et al. 2004, ApJ, 605, L113. Observations of molecular clouds in vicinity.

Bamba *et al.* 2005, ApJ, 621, 793. Chandra observations of rim.

Warren et al. 2005, ApJ, 634, 376. Chandra observations.

Tycho, 3C10, SN1572 Size/arcmin: 8 Type: S

G126.2+1.6

RA: 01^h22^m00^s **Dec:** +64°15′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 7 Spectral index: varies

Size/arcmin: 70 Type: S?

Radio: Poorly defined shell. Optical: Filaments, mostly in W.

References:

Reich *et al.* 1979, A&A, 78, L13. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 GHz (9': $S = 6.8 \pm 0.7$ Jy) and 2.7 GHz (4'.4: $S = 3.9 \pm 0.4$ Jy).

Blair et al. 1980, ApJ, 242, 592. Optical detection and spectra.

Rosado 1982, RMxAA, 5, 127. Optical spectra.

For et al. 1983, ApJS, 51, 337. Deep [OIII] imagery. Fürst et al. 1984, A&A, 133, 11. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4) and 4.8 GHz (2'.6). Joncas et al. 1989, A&A, 219, 303. DRAO at 408 MHz $(3'.5 \times 3'.9 : S = 12 \pm 2.5 \text{ Jy})$ and part at 1.4 GHz $(1'.1 \times 1'.0)$, plus review of flux densities.

Xilouris et al. 1993, A&A, 270, 393. Optical imaging.

Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Reich *et al.* 2003, A&A, 408, 961. Effelsberg 100-m at 863 MHz ($14'.5:S=6.1\pm1.6$ Jy).

Boumis et al. 2005, A&A, 443, 175. Optical observations.

Tian & Leahy 2006, A&A, 447, 205. DRAO at 408 MHz $(3'.4 \times 3'.8: S=9.7\pm 3.9 \text{ Jy})$ and 1.4 GHz $(1'.0 \times 1'.1: S=6.7\pm 2.1 \text{ Jy})$, plus other observations for spectral index studies.

G127.1+0.5		R5
RA: 01 ^h 28 ^m 20 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: 13	Size/arcmin: 45
Dec: +63°10′	Spectral index: 0.6	Type: S
Has been called G127.3+0.7.		
Radio: Distinct shell, with bright	central source.	
Point sources: Flat radio spectrum	m (extragalactic) source at centre of remnan	nt.
Optical: Detected.		
Distance: 1.2–1.3 kpc if associate	ed with NGC 559.	
Caswen 1977, MicKASA, 1817, 785, 1817, 789 Salter et al. 1978, A&A, 66, 77. Effelsberg Pauls 1977, A&A, 59, L13. Effelsberg 10 Reich et al. 1979, A&A, 78, L13. Effelsber Pauls et al. 1982, A&A, 112, 120. WSRT Geldzahler & Shaffer 1982, ApJ, 260, L69 Fürst et al. 1984, A&A, 133, 11. Effelsber Goss & van Gorkom 1984, JApA, 5, 425. Joncas et al. 1989, A&A, 219, 303. DRA review of flux densities. Xilouris et al. 1993, A&A, 270, 393. Opti Lorimer et al. 2003, A&A, 408, 961. Effelsb Kaplan et al. 2004, ApJS, 153, 269. Chanc	The relescope at 1.42 (4'.4), plus 5 and 8.7 GHz of the observations of GHz (4'.4), plus 5 and 8.7 GHz of the c)-m at 1.4 GHz (9': $S = 8 \pm 1$ Jy). rg 100-m at 1.4 GHz (9': $S = 10.8 \pm 1.3$ Jy). at 610 MHz (56" × 62") and HI absorption to the point). Observations of central source. g 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4) and 4.8 GHz (2'.6). WSRT HI absorption of central source. O at 408 MHz (3'.5 × 3'.9 : $S = 17.9 \pm 2.0$ Jy) and 1.4 cal imaging. sar search. erg 100-m at 863 MHz (14'.5 : $S = 14.6 \pm 0.8$ Jy). tra limits for any compact sources.	t source with the VLA. 4 GHz (1'.13 × 1'.0 : $S = 10.1 \pm 0.8$ Jy), plus

G130.7+3.1

RA: $02^{h}05^{m}41^{s}$ 1

 Dec: $+64^{\circ}49'$ **S**

1-GHz flux/Jy: 33 **Spectral index:** 0.10

3C58, SN1181 Size/arcmin: 9×5 Type: F

This is the remnant of the SN of AD1181.

Radio: Filled-centre, highly polarised, with high frequency turnover.

Optical: Faint filaments.

X-ray: Centrally brightened, with faint jet.

Point sources: Central pulsar.

Distance: HI absorption indicates 3.2 kpc.

References:

Green *et al.* 1975, A&A, 44, 187. Effelsberg 100-m at 15.0 GHz (58": S=26.7±0.5 Jy).

Wilson & Weiler 1976, A&A, 49, 357. WSRT at 610 MHz ($58'' \times 64''$), 1.4 GHz ($24'' \times 27''$) and 5 GHz ($7'' \times 8''$).

van den Bergh 1978, ApJ, 220, L9. Optical observations.

Becker et al. 1982, ApJ, 255, 557. X-ray observations.

Green & Gull 1982, Nature, 299, 606. HI absorption distance.

Fesen 1983, ApJ, 270, L53. Optical spectra.

Reynolds & Aller 1985, AJ, 90, 2312. VLA at 1.4 GHz (2'), for limits of shell.

Davelaar et al. 1986, ApJ, 300, L59. EXOSAT spectrum.

Green 1986, MNRAS, 218, 533. CLFST at 151 MHz (1'.2×1'.3:S=36±4 Jy), 5km at 2.7 GHz (4"), plus Einstein observations for limit on shell.

Green 1987, MNRAS, 225, 11P. Flux density increase at 408 MHz.

Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 69, 533. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz ($26''.5: S = 24.2 \pm 1.4 \text{ Jy}$).

Reynolds & Aller 1988, ApJ, 327, 845. VLA at 1.4 (2".4) and 4.9 GHz (2".5).

Salter *et al.* 1989, ApJ, 338, 171. NRAO 12-m at 84.2 GHz (90'': $S = 15.0 \pm 2.0$ Jy), plus review of flux densities.

Asaoka & Koyama 1990, PASJ, 42, 625. Ginga X-ray spectrum.

Green & Scheuer 1992, MNRAS, 258, 833. IRAS upper limits.

Roberts et al. 1993, A&A, 274, 427. HI absorption.

Wallace et al. 1994, A&A, 286, 565. HI of surroundings.

Helfand et al. 1995, ApJ, 453, 741. ROSAT observations.

Torii et al. 2000, PASJ, 52, 875. ASCA observations.

Bietenholz *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 560, 772. VLA at 74 MHz (26'': S = 33.6 Jy) and 327 MHz (8''.2: S = 33.9 Jy), for spectral index studies, and comparison with earlier observations for expansion studies.

Bocchino et al. 2001, A&A, 369, 1078. XMM observations.

Murray *et al.* 2002, ApJ, 568, 226. Chandra pulsar detection.

Camilo *et al.* 2002, ApJ, 571, L41. Pulsar detection in radio.

Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz (26") for polarised intensity.

Slane et al. 2002, ApJ, 571, L45. Chandra observations.

Slane et al. 2004, ApJ, 616, 403. Deep Chandra imaging.

G132.7+1.3

RA: $02^{h}17^{m}40^{s}$ **1Dec:** $+62^{\circ}45'$ **S**

1-GHz flux/Jy: 45 Spectral index: 0.4 HB3 Size/arcmin: 80 Type: S

Has been called G132.4+2.2.

Radio: Faint shell, adjacent to W3/4/5 complex. **Optical:** Complete, filamentary shell, shock excited spectra. X-ray: Partial shell. Point sources: Pulsar nearby. Distance: Interaction with surroundings suggests 2.2 kpc. **References:** van den Bergh et al. 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical observations. Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': S = 33.8 ± 7.0 Jy). d'Odorico & Sabbadin 1977, A&AS, 28, 439. Optical spectra. Read 1981, MNRAS, 194, 863. 6C at 151 MHz (4'.4) and Half-Mile Telescope at 1.4 GHz (2') showing HI shell. Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity. Fesen & Gull 1983, PASP, 95, 196. Optical image. Leahy et al. 1985, ApJ, 294, 183. Einstein observations. Landecker et al. 1987, AJ, 94, 111. DRAO at 408 MHz ($3'.5 \times 4': S = 75 \pm 15$ Jy), plus review of flux densities. Routledge et al. 1991, A&A, 247, 529. DRAO at 1.4 GHz $(1'.0 \times 1'.1)$ for HI, plus CO observations. Fesen et al. 1995, AJ, 110, 2876. Optical imaging and spectroscopy, DRAO at 408 MHz ($3'.5 \times 4'$) and 1.4 GHz ($1'.0 \times 1'.1$). Lorimer et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Koralesky *et al.* 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA detection of compact OH emission.

Reich *et al.* 2003, A&A, 408, 961. Effelsberg 100-m at 863 MHz ($14'.5:S=51.5\pm3.5$ Jy).

Tian & Leahy 2005, A&A, 436, 187. DRAO at 408 MHz $(3'.4 \times 3'.8:)$ and 1.4 GHz $(1'.0 \times 1'.1)$, for spectral index studies.

G156.2 + 5.7

RA: 04^h58^m40^s **Dec:** +51°50′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 5 Spectral index: 0.5

Size/arcmin: 110 Type: S

Radio: Faint shell.

X-ray: Faint shell.

References:

Pfeffermann et al. 1991, A&A, 246, L28. ROSAT detection.

Reich *et al.* 1992, A&A, 256, 214. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 (9': $S = 4.2 \pm 1.0$ Jy) and 2.7 GHz (4'.3: $S = 3.0 \pm 1.0$ Jy), plus HI and IRAS. Yamauchi *et al.* 1993, PASJ, 45, 795. Hard X-ray observations.

Lorimer *et al.* 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Yamauchi *et al.* 1999, PASJ, 51, 13. ASCA observations of some regions.

Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz, including polarisation.

Type: S

Size/arcmin: 140×120

HB9

G160.9+2.6

RA: 05^h01^m00^s **Dec:** +46°40′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 110 Spectral index: 0.6

Has been called G160.5+2.8 and G160.4+2.8.

Radio: Large, filamentary shell.

Optical: Incomplete shell.

X-ray: Centrally brightened.

Point sources: Pulsar within boundary of the remnant, plus several nearby compact radio sources.

Distance: Various observations suggests less than 4 kpc.

References:

d'Odorico & Sabbadin 1977, A&AS, 28, 439. Optical spectra.

Damashek et al. 1978, ApJ, 225, L31. Pulsar.

Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity.

Dwarakanath *et al.* 1982, JApA, 3, 207. Radio observations at 34.5 MHz ($26' \times 40'$: $S = 750 \pm 150$ Jy), plus review of flux densities.

van Gorkom *et al.* 1982, MNRAS, 198, 757. WSRT HI absorption to nearby point source. Seaquist & Gilmore 1982, AJ, 87, 378. VLA observations of nearby source.

Leahy 1988, ApJ, 322, 917. Einstein observations.

Learly 1988, ApJ, 522, 917. Emisteril observations. Learly & Roger, 1991, AJ, 101, 1033. DRAO at 408 MHz $(3'.5 \times 4'.8)$ and 1.4 GHz $(1'.0 \times 1'.4)$, including Hi and discussion of distance.

Yamauchi & Koyama 1993, PASJ, 45, 545. Hard X-ray observations.

Leahy & Aschenbach 1995, A&A, 293, 853. ROSAT observations.

Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search.

Leahy *et al.* 1998, A&A, 339, 601. Miyun at 232 MHz (3'.8 \times 5'.2), CLFST at 151 MHz (4'.2 \times 5'.8) and Effelsberg 100-m at 4.7 GHz (2'.5) for spectral index studies.

Roger *et al.* 1999, A&AS, 137, 7. 22 MHz flux density ($S = 1130 \pm 340$ Jy).

Reich et al. 2003, A&A, 408, 961. Effelsberg 100-m at 863 MHz (14'.5:S=91±3 Jy).

G166.0+4.3

RA: 05^h26^m30^s **Dec:** +42°56′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 7? Spectral index: 0.4? VRO 42.05.01 Size/arcmin: 55 × 35 Type: S

Radio: Two arcs of strikingly different radii.

Optical: Nearly complete ring.

X-ray: Predominantly in SW.

Distance: HI indicates 4.5 kpc.

References:

van den Bergh *et al.* 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical observations. Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5': $S=5.2\pm1.0$ Jy). Lozinskaya 1979, AuJPh, 32, 113. H α interferometry. Landecker *et al.* 1982, ApJ, 261, L41. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1'. $0 \times 1'.4$), plus review of flux densities. Fesen *et al.* 1983, ApJS, 51, 337. Deep [OIII] imagery. Pineault *et al.* 1985, A&A, 151, 52. VLA at 1.4 GHz (16'' $\times 20''$) of part of remnant, and optical observations. Pineault *et al.* 1985, ApJ, 292, 29. Optical spectra. Braun & Strom 1986, A&AS, 63, 345. WSRT HI Observations. Landecker *et al.* 1989, MNRAS, 237, 277. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1'. $0 \times 1'.4$), including HI. Burrows & Guo 1994, ApJ, 421, L19. ROSAT images and spectra. Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search. Guo & Burrows 1997, ApJ, 480, L51. ASCA observations.

Lorimer *et al.* 1998, A&A, 331, 1002. Pulsar search.

Leahy & Tian 2005, A&A, 440, 929. DRAO at 408 MHz $(3'.4 \times 5'.0)$ and 1.4 GHz $(1'.0 \times 1'.4)$, for spectral index studies.

G179.0+2.6

RA: 05^h53^m40^s **Dec:** +31°05′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 7 Spectral index: 0.4

Size/arcmin: 70 Type: S?

Radio: Thick shell, with background extragalactic sources near centre. **References:** Fürst & Reich 1986, A&A, 154, 303. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 (9'.4), 2.7 (4'.3) and 4.75 GHz (2'.4).

Fürst *et al.* 1989, A&A, 223, 66. Observations of central, extragalactic source. Lorime *et al.* 1998, A&A, 331, 1002, Pulsar search.

Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz.

G180.0-1.7 S147 RA: 05h39m00s 1-GHz flux/Jy: 65 Size/arcmin: 180 Spectral index: varies **Dec:** +27°50′ Type: S Radio: Large faint shell, with spectral break. **Optical:** Wispy ring. X-ray: Possible detection. Point sources: Pulsar within boundary, with faint wind nebula. **Distance:** Optical absorption towards stars indicates > 0.36 and < 0.88 kpc. **References:** van den Bergh et al. 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical observations. Sofue et al. 1980, PASJ, 32, 1. Effelsberg 100-m at 5 GHz (2'.6) of parts. Kundu *et al.* 1980, A&A, 92, 225. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ($5'.5:S=34.9\pm4$ Jy) and 1.6 GHz ($10':S=60.2\pm6$ Jy). Angerhofer & Kundu 1981, AJ, 86, 1003. Arecibo at 430 MHz (9': $S = 97 \pm 20$ Jy). Fürst et al. 1982, A&A, 115, 428. Observations of compact radio sources near the remnant. Fesen et al. 1985, ApJ, 292, 29. Optical spectra. Fürst & Reich 1986, A&A, 163, 185. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4, 2.7 and 4.7/5.0 GHz (9'.4,4'.3 and 2'.4/2'.6). Sauvageot et al. 1990, A&A, 227, 183. EXOSAT possible detection. Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search. Anderson et al. 1996, ApJ, 468, L55. Pulsar detection. Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz. Reich *et al.* 2003, A&A, 408, 961. Effelsberg 100-m at 863 MHz ($14'.5:S=77\pm10$ Jy). Romani & Ng 2003, ApJ, 585, L41. Chandra of pulsar. Kramer et al. 2003, ApJ, 593, L31. Pulsar observations. Sallmen & Welsh 2004, A&A, 426, 555. Optical absorption towards background stars. Drew et al. 2005, MNRAS, 362, 753. Ha imaging.

G182.4+4.3

RA: 06^h08^m10^s **Dec:** +29°00′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.2 Spectral index: 0.4 Size/arcmin: 50 Type: S

Radio: Incomplete shell.

References:

Kothes *et al.* 1998, A&A, 331, 661. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4, 2.7, 4.9 and 10.5 GHz (9'.4 : $S = 0.36 \pm 0.08$ Jy, 4'.4 : $S = 0.25 \pm 0.04$ Jy, 2'.5 : $S = 0.20 \pm 0.02$ Jy and 1'.2 : $S = 0.15 \pm 0.03$ Jy), plus X-ray upper limit. Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz and 4.9 GHz (3').

G184.6–5.8 RA: 05^h34^m31^s

Dec: +22°01′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1040 **Spectral index:** 0.30

Crab Nebula, 3C144, SN1054 Size/arcmin: 7×5 Type: F

This is the remnant of the SN of AD1054.

Radio: Filled-centre, central pulsar, with faint 'jet' (or tube) extending from the N edge. **Optical:** Strongly polarised filaments, diffuse synchrotron emission, with 'jet' faintly visible. X-ray: Central 'torus' around the pulsar. Point sources: Pulsar powering the remnant. Distance: Proper motions and radial velocities give 2 kpc. **References:** Velusamy 1984, Nature, 308, 251. VLA at 1.4 GHz, radio detection of 'jet'. Velusamy 1985, MNRAS, 212, 359. VLA at 1.4 GHz (15"). Aller & Reynolds 1985, ApJ, 293, L73. Flux density decrease Fesen & Gull 1986, ApJ, 306, 259. Deep [OIII] imagery of 'jet'. Marcelin et al. 1990, A&A, 228, 471. Optical of 'jet'. Fesen & Blair 1990, ApJ, 351, L45. Optical identification of dust in filaments. Hester et al. 1990, ApJ, 357, 539. Optical and IR images. Graham et al. 1990, ApJ, 352, 172. IR spectroscopy and imaging. Hickson & van den Bergh 1990, ApJ, 365, 224. Optical polarisation. Bietenholz & Kronberg 1990, ApJ, 357, L13. VLA at 1.4 GHz (1".8). Hennessy et al. 1992, ApJ, 395, L13. UV imagery. Fesen et al. 1992, ApJ, 399, 599. Optical studies of 'dark bays'. Blair et al. 1992, ApJ, 399, 611. Far UV observations. Bietenholz & Kronberg 1992, ApJ, 393, 206. VLA at 1.5 and 5 GHz (1".8) and 1.5 and 14 GHz (6".5) for spectral studies. Fesen & Staker 1993, MNRAS, 263, 69. [OIII] imaging of 'jet', and proper motion studies. Kassim et al. 1993, AJ, 106, 2218. VLA at 74 MHz (20"). Véron-Cetty & Woltjer 1993, A&A, 270, 370. Continuum and [OIII] photometry. Murdin 1994, MNRAS, 269, 89. Deep Ha plates and spectroscopy of halo. Wallace et al. 1994, A&A, 286, 565. HI of surroundings. MacAlpine et al. 1994, ApJ, 432, L131. Prominent optical knots. Rudy et al. 1994, ApJ, 426, 646. IR spectroscopy. Tanimori *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 429, L61. γ-rays from pulsar. Predehl & Schmitt 1995, A&A, 293, 889. ROSAT of dust scattered halo. Lawrence et al. 1995, AJ, 109, 2635. Optical imaging spectroscopy. Frail et al. 1995, ApJ, 454, L129. VLA at 333 MHz (20") for limits on shell. MacAlpine et al. 1996, ApJ, 463, 650. Optical spectroscopy of N and S rich filaments. Nasuti et al. 1996, A&A, 314, 849. Spectrophotometry of pulsar. Bietenholz et al. 1997, ApJ, 490, 291. Comparison of VLA observations at 74 MHz, 327 MHz, 1.5 GHz and 5 GHz for spectral index studies. Blair et al. 1997, ApJS, 109, 473. HST imaging. van der Meulen et al. 1998, A&A, 330, 321. γ-ray observations. Tanimori et al. 1998, ApJ, 492, L33. γ-ray observations. Nugent 1998, PASP, 110, 831. Optical expansion. Hillas et al. 1998, ApJ, 503, 744. γ-ray spectrum. Sankrit et al. 1998, ApJ, 504, 344. HST images. Wallace et al. 1999, ApJS, 124, 181. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1'.0 × 2'.8), plus Effelsberg 100-m, for HI studies. Greiveldinger & Aschenbach 1999, ApJ, 510, 305. X-ray variability of torus. Weisskopf et al. 2000, ApJ, 536, L81. Chandra observations. Sollerman et al. 2000, ApJ, 537, 861. HST observations. Aharonian et al. 2000, ApJ, 539, 317. High energy γ-ray observations. Carramiñana et al. 2000, ApJ, 542, 974. Optical spectra of pulsar. Oser et al. 2001, ApJ, 547, 949. y-ray observations. Willingale *et al.* 2001, A&A, 365, L212. XMM observations. Douvion *et al.* 2001, A&A, 373, 281. ISO observations. Bietenholz et al. 2001, ApJ, 560, 254. Multi-epoch VLA observations, showing variations near the pulsar. Bandiera et al. 2002, A&A, 386, 1044. 1.3 mm observations. Hester et al. 2002, ApJ, 577, L49. HST and Chandra multi-epoch observations. Reich 2002, in NSPS, p1. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz, including polarisation. Atkins et al. 2003, ApJ, 595, 803. High energy γ-ray observations. Green et al. 2004, MNRAS, 355, 1315. Sub-mm and ISO observations. Mori et al. 2004, ApJ, 609, 186. Chandra observations. Čadež et al. 2004, ApJ, 609, 797. Optical observations. Aharonian *et al.* 2004, ApJ, 614, 897. γ-ray observations. Bietenholz *et al.* 2004, ApJ, 615, 794. VLA at 5 GHz (1".4) and HST multi-epoch observation for proper motion studies. Melatos et al. 2005, ApJ, 633, 931. Multi-epoch near-IR observations central region. Seward et al. 2006, ApJ, 636, 873. Chandra observations of scattering halo.

G189.1 + 3.0IC443, 3C157 **RA:** 06^h17^m00^s 1-GHz flux/Jy: 160 Size/arcmin: 45 **Dec:** +22°34′ Spectral index: 0.36 Type: C Radio: Limb-brightened to NE, with faint extension to the E. **Optical:** Brightest to the NE, with faint filaments outside the NE boundary. X-ray: Shell, brightest to the NE, with nebula and compact source. Point sources: Compact X-ray source in S. **Distance:** Mean optical velocity suggests 0.7–1.5 kpc, association with S249 gives 1.5–2 kpc. **References:** Duin & van der Laan 1975, A&A, 40, 111. WSRT at 610 MHz (1' × 2'.5), 1415 MHz (24" × 63"), and part at 5 GHz (12" × 31"). Lozinskava 1981, SvAL, 7, 17, Mean optical velocity. Fesen 1984, ApJ, 281, 658. Optical of filament to far NE. Erickson & Mahoney 1985, ApJ, 290, 596. TPT at 4 frequencies between 31 and 74 MHz (13' × 11' to 5'.4 × 4'.7), plus review of flux densities. Braun & Strom 1986, A&A, 164, 193. WSRT at 327 MHz ($72'' \times 185''$) and 1.4 GHz ($17'' \times 43''$), plus Hi and IRAS. Green 1986, MNRAS, 221, 473. CLFST at 151 MHz ($1'.2 \times 3'.1$) and Half-Mile Telescope at 1.4 GHz ($2'.1 \times 5'.4$). Mufson et al. 1986, AJ, 92, 1349. Radio, IR, optical, UV and X-ray comparison, including VLA at 1.6 GHz (3".8 × 3".3 and 40"). Brown et al. 1988, ApJ, 334, 852. [Fex] optical imaging. Dickel et al. 1989, AJ, 98, 1363. VLA at 1.4 GHz (1".1×1".2) of NE. Petre et al. 1988, ApJ, 335, 215. Einstein and other X-ray observations. Burton et al. 1990, ApJ, 355, 197. IR observations of shocked O₂. Sauvageot et al. 1990, A&A, 232, 203. [Fex] and [FexIV] imaging. Moorhouse et al. 1991, MNRAS, 253, 662. Observations of shocked molecular H₂. Wood et al. 1991, AJ, 102, 224. VLA at 5 GHz (3".6×3".8) of northeast, including polarisation. Teske 1991, ApJ, 383, 233. [Fex] and [FexIV] imaging. Wang & Scoville 1992, ApJ, 386, 158. Observations of shocked molecular species. Wang et al. 1992, PASJ, 44, 303. Ginga X-ray observations. Turner et al. 1992, ApJ, 399, 114. Observations of shocked molecular species. Dickman et al. 1992, ApJ, 400, 203. Observations of shocked molecular species. Inoue et al. 1993, PASJ, 45, 539. Observations of shocked molecular H₂. van Dishoeck et al. 1993, A&A, 279, 541. Observations of shocked molecular species. Asaoka & Aschenbach 1994, A&A, 284, 573. X-ray, including possible overlapping remnant. Tauber et al. 1994, ApJ, 421, 570. Observations of shocked molecular species. Richter et al. 1995, ApJ, 454, 277. Observations of shocked molecular H₂. Esposito et al. 1996, ApJ, 461, 820. Associated γ-ray emission. Frail et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH maser emission. Keohane et al. 1997, ApJ, 484, 350. ASCA observations. Claussen et al. 1997, ApJ, 489, 143. VLA of associated OH masers. Claussen et al. 1997, ApJ, 522, 349. High resolution observations of OH masers. Koralesky et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission. Seta et al. 1998, ApJ, 505, 286. CO observations of surroundings. Oliva et al. 1999, A&A, 341, L75. ISO observations. Cesarsky et al. 1999, A&A, 348, 945. ISO observations of shocked molecular H₂. Bocchino & Bykov 2000, A&A, 362, L29. BeppoSAX observations. Rho et al. 2001, ApJ, 547, 885. ISO and 2Mass IR spectroscopy and imaging. Olbert et al. 2001, ApJ, 554, L205. Chandra of compact X-ray source and surrounding nebula. Bocchino & Bykov 2001, A&A, 376, 248. XMM of compact X-ray source and surrounding nebula. Roberts et al. 2001, ApJS, 133, 451. ASCA observations. Kawasaki et al. 2002, ApJ, 572, 897. ASCA observations. Bocchino & Bykov 2003, A&A, 400, 203. XMM observations of compact sources. Reich *et al.* 2003, A&A, 408, 961. Effelsberg 100-m at 863 MHz ($14'.5:S = 160 \pm 5$ Jy). Welsh & Sallmen 2003, A&A, 408, 545. Optical absorption studies. Leahy 2004, AJ, 127, 2277. DRAO at 408 MHz (3'.3 × 8'.6) and 1.4 GHz (1'.0 × 2'.6), for spectral index studies. Leahy 2004, MNRAS, 351, 385. Chandra observations of SW. Snell et al. 2005, ApJ, 620, 758. Molecular line and IR observations of shocked material. Bykov et al. 2005, ApJ, 624, L41. Chandra observations of compact source. Kawasaki et al. 2005, ApJ, 631, 935. ASCA observations.

G192.8-1.1

RA: 06^h09^m20^s **Dec:** +17°20′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 20? Spectral index: 0.6?

PKS 0607+17 Size/arcmin: 78 Type: S

Has been called G193.3–1.5. Has been regarded as part of the Origem Loop, a supposed larger remnant.

Radio: In complex region.

Optical: Encompasses S261 and S254–258.

References:

Milne & Dickel 1974, AuJPh, 27, 549. Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz (9': $S = 13 \pm 15\%$ Jy). Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo at 318 MHz (15': $S = 74 \pm 32$ Jy), and $S_{610 \text{ MHz}} = 40$ Jy. Caswell 1985, AJ, 90, 1076. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1' × 3'.3: $S = 18 \pm 3$ Jy). Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search. Welsh *et al.* 2001, A&A, 372, 516. Far-UV spectroscopy.

G205.5+0.5

RA: 06^h39^m00^s **Dec:** +06°30′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 160 Spectral index: 0.5 Monoceros Nebula Size/arcmin: 220 Type: S

Radio: In complex region, parts may be HII regions.

Optical: Large ring, near Rosette nebula.

X-ray: Possibly detected.

Distance: Mean optical velocity suggests 0.8 kpc, low frequency radio absorption suggests 1.6 kpc.

References:

Milne & Dickel 1974, AuJPh, 27, 549. Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz (9'). Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5'), part only. Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo at 111 MHz (1': $S=462\pm180$ Jy) and $S_{610 \text{ MHz}}=245$ Jy. Davies *et al.* 1978, A&AS, 31, 271. Deep optical plates. Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity. Graham *et al.* 1982, A&A, 109, 145. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4: $S=97.6\pm12.5$ Jy), plus review of flux densities. Fesen *et al.* 1985, ApJ, 292, 29. Optical spectra. Leahy *et al.* 1986, MNRAS, 220, 501. Einstein observations. Odegard 1986, ApJ, 301, 813. TPT at 20.6, 25.6 and 30.9 MHz (24', 19' and 16'). Esposito *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 461, 820. Possible associated γ -ray emission. Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search. Oliver *et al.* 1997, ApJ, 484, L129. γ -ray detection.

G206.9 + 2.3

RA: 06^h48^m40^s **Dec:** +06°26′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 6 Spectral index: 0.5 PKS 0646+06 Size/arcmin: 60×40 Type: S?

Radio: Diffuse source near the Monoceros Nebula.

Optical: Filaments detected.

X-ray: Possibly detected.

References:

Davies & Meaburn 1978, A&A, 69, 443. Optical observations. Nousek *et al.* 1981, ApJ, 248, 152. HEAO-1 X-ray limit. Graham *et al.* 1982, A&A, 109, 145. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4: $S=4.1\pm0.6$ Jy), plus review of flux densities. Rosado 1982, RMxAA, 5, 127. Optical observations. Fesen *et al.* 1985, ApJ, 292, 29. Optical spectra. Leahy *et al.* 1986, MNRAS, 220, 501. Einstein observations. Odegard 1986, ApJ, 301, 813. TPT at 20.6, 25.6 and 30.9 MHz (24', 19' and 16'). Biggs & Lyne 1996, MNRAS, 282, 691. Pulsar search. Aharonian *et al.* 2004, A&A, 417, 973. γ -ray limits.

G260.4-3.4

RA: 08 ^h 22 ^m 10 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: 130
Dec: -43°00′	Spectral index: 0.5

This remnant overlaps the Vela SNR (G263.9-3.3).

Radio: Angular shell, brightest to the E, poorly defined to the W.

Optical: Nebulosity and wisps.

X-ray: Brightest to the E.

Point sources: Central source, a possible pulsar in X-rays.

Distance: Association with HI gives 2.2 kpc.

References:

Green 1971, AuJPh, 24, 773. Molonglo at 408 MHz ($3': S = 198 \pm 20$ Jy).

- Goudis & Meaburn 1978, A&A, 62, 283. Hα+[NII] optical image.
- Winkler et al. 1981, ApJ, 245, 574. X-ray spectroscopy of O lines.
- Winkler et al. 1981, ApJ, 245, L27. X-ray spectrum.

Petre et al. 1982, ApJ, 258, 22. Einstein observations.

Milne et al. 1983, MNRAS, 204, 237. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"), large scale emission missing.

- Teske & Petre 1987, ApJ, 318, 370. Coronal optical line emission.
- Dubner & Arnal 1988, A&AS, 75, 363. HI and CO observations of surroundings.

Arendt et al. 1990, ApJ, 350, 266. MOST at 843 MHz (44"×65"), with large scale emission added, plus IR, optical and X-ray observations. Dubner et al. 1991, AJ, 101, 1466. VLA at 327 MHz (43" × 73") and 1.5 GHz (43" × 77").

Arendt et al. 1991, ApJ, 368, 474. IR observations.

Milne *et al.* 1993, MNRAS, 261, 366. Parkes 64-m at 4.75 (4'.5: $S = 59 \pm 5$ Jy) and 8.4 GHz (3': $S = 38 \pm 4$ Jy), plus polarisation.

Berthiaume et al. 1994, ApJ, 425, 132. X-ray spectroscopy.

Sutherland & Dopita 1995, ApJ, 439, 365. Spectrophotometry.

Revnoso et al. 1995, AJ, 110, 318. VLA at 1.4 GHz (90") including neutral hydrogen.

Blair et al. 1995, ApJ, 454, L35. Far UV spectroscopy.

Petre et al. 1996, ApJ, 465, L43. ROSAT of central source.

Bock et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1886. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 60").

Pavlov et al. 1999, ApJ, 511, L45. Possible pulsation detection from central X-ray source.

Zavlin et al. 1999, ApJ, 525, 959. X-ray observations of central source.

Bocchino *et al.* 2000, A&A, 359, 316. Optical studies of selected filaments in N. Woermann *et al.* 2000, MNRAS, 317, 421. OH observations.

Gaensler et al. 2000, ApJ, 537, L35. Radio limit for nebula around possible pulsar.

Reynoso et al. 2003, MNRAS, 345, 671. ATCA at 1.4 GHz (90") for HI near central X-ray source.

Hwang et al. 2005, ApJ, 635, 355. Chandra observations of E edge.

G261.9+5.5

RA: 09^h04^m20^s **Dec:** -38°42′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 10? Spectral index: 0.4? Size/arcmin: 40×30 Type: S

Radio: Faint shell with little limb brightening.

References:

Hill 1967, AuJPh, 20, 297. Parkes 64-m at 2650 MHz (7'.5:S=7 Jy) also S_{1410 MHz} =8 Jy, S_{81.5 MHz} =25 Jy. Colomb & Dubner 1980, A&A, 82, 244. Argentine 30-m dish at 1.4 GHz, for HI possibly associated with remnant. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 71"). Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Puppis A, MSH 08-44 Size/arcmin: 60 × 50 Type: S

G263.9-3.3

3.9-3.3		Vela (XYZ)
RA: 08 ^h 34 ^m 00 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: 1750	Size/arcmin: 255
Dec: -45°50′	Spectral index: varies	Type: C

This refers to the whole Vela XYZ complex, of which X has at times been classified as a separate (filled-centre) remnant. This remnant is overlapped by G260.4-3.4 and G266.2-1.2.

Radio: Large shell, with flatter spectrum component (Vela X), and pulsar nebula.

Optical: Filaments.

X-ray: Patchy shell, with extensions, central nebula and pulsar.

Point sources: Pulsar within Vela X, with one-sided 'jet'.

Distance: Vela pulsar parallax gives 0.3 kpc, optical spectra and HI studies suggest 0.25 kpc.

References:

Milne 1968, AuJPh, 21, 201. Parkes 64-m at various frequencies, including 408 MHz ($48': S = 2300 \pm 300$ Jy), 635 MHz ($31': S = 2360 \pm 300$ Jy), 700 300 Jy), 1410 MHz (14': $S = 1640 \pm 300$ Jy) and 2650 MHz (7'.5: $S = 1400 \pm 250$ Jy), plus discussion of the distance. Milne 1980, A&A, 81, 293. Maps of Vela X with Parkes 64-m at 1.66, 2.7 and 5 GHz (12', 8'.4 and 4'.4). Weiler & Panagia 1980, A&A, 90, 269. Clarificaton of notation of this region and review previous observations. Bignami & Caraveo 1988, ApJ, 325, L5. Pulsar proper motion from optical observations. Dwarakanath 1991, JApA, 12, 199. Gauribidanur 'T' array at 34.5 MHz (26' × 84' : S = 1800 Jy for Vela X and S = 3900 Jy for Vela YZ), plus review of flux densities. Bietenholz et al. 1991, ApJ, 376, L41. VLA at 5 GHz in vicinity of pulsar. Willmore et al. 1992, MNRAS, 254, 139. Hard X-ray observations. Dubner et al. 1992, A&AS, 96, 505. Argentine 30-m at 1.4 GHz (30') of surrounding HI. Oberlack et al. 1994, ApJS, 92, 433. y-ray observations. Bocchino et al. 1994, ApJ, 437, 209. ROSAT observations of NE. Aschenbach et al. 1995, Nature, 373, 587. ROSAT of X-ray extensions. Strom et al. 1995, Nature, 373, 590. Radio of X-ray extensions. Markwardt & Ögelman 1995, Nature, 375, 40. X-ray jet from pulsar. Jenkins & Wallerstein 1995, ApJ, 440, 227. Optical absorption of associated neutral carbon cloud. Milne 1995, MNRAS, 277, 1435. Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz (3'), including polarisation, of Vela X. Danks & Sembach 1995, AJ, 109, 2627. Optical spectroscopy of background stars. Blair et al. 1995, AJ, 110, 312. UV spectroscopy. Duncan et al. 1996, MNRAS, 280, 252. Parkes 64-m at 2.4 GHz (8'.9). de Jager et al. 1996, ApJ, 460, 729. y-ray detection. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 62") of part. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m and ATCA OH observations. Frail et al. 1997, ApJ, 475, 224. VLA at 330 MHz ($1' \times 1'.8$) and comparison with ROSAT observations of Vela X. Markwardt & Ögelman 1997, ApJ, 480, L13. ASCA observations of pulsar 'jet'. Raymond et al. 1997, ApJ, 482, 881. UV spectroscopy. Yoshikoshi et al. 1997, ApJ, 487, L65. γ-ray observations of pulsar. Jenkins et al. 1998, ApJ, 492, L147. UV absorption to background star. Dubner et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 813. Parkes 64-m at 1.4 GHz (15') for HI studies. Bock et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1886. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 60"). Cha et al. 1999, ApJ, 515, L25. Optical spectra, for distance. Lu & Aschenbach 2000, A&A, 362, 1083. ROSAT spatially resolved spectroscopy. Chadwick et al. 2000, ApJ, 537, 414. Limit on high energy γ -rays from pulsar. Sankrit et al. 2001, ApJ, 549, 416. Far-UV observations of selected region. Pavlov et al. 2001, ApJ, 554, L189. Chandra two-epoch observations of pulsar nebula. Helfand et al. 2001, ApJ, 556, 380. Chandra observations of pulsar and its nebula. Miyata et al. 2001, ApJ, 559, L45. Chandra of X-ray extension. Alvarez et al. 2001, A&A, 372, 636. Radio spectral index studies. Caraveo et al. 2001, ApJ, 561, 930. HST parallax observations of pulsar. Moriguchi et al. 2001, PASJ, 53, 1025. CO observations. Plucinsky et al. 2002, in NSSR, p407. Chandra observations of E edge. Dodson et al. 2003, MNRAS, 343, 116. ATCA at 1.4, 2.4, 5.2 and 8.5 GHz (8".1×6".2,36"×26",12".1×10".5 and 11".2×10".6) of pulsar nebula. Sankrit et al. 2003, ApJ, 589, 242. Optical nebulosity to NE of G266.2-1.2. Nichols & Slavin 2004, ApJ, 610, 285. UV absorption toward background sources. Hales et al. 2004, ApJ, 613, 977. Vela X at 31 GHz (4'.1). Mongano et al. 2005, A&A, 436, 917. XMM and other X-ray observations of pulsar nebula. Miceli et al. 2005, A&A, 442, 513. XMM observations of N rim. Katsuda & Tsunemi 2005, PASJ, 57, 621. XMM observations of E.

Aharonian et al. 2006, A&A, 448, L43. y-ray observations.

G266.2 - 1.2

RA: 08^h52^m00^s **Dec:** -46°20′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 50? Spectral index: 0.3?

RX J0852.0–4622 Size/arcmin: 120 Type: S

This remnant overlaps the Vela SNR (G263.9–3.3).

Radio: Incomplete shell, confused by the Vela SNR.

Optical: Nebulosity offset to NE.

X-ray: Non-thermal shell, confused by the Vela SNR, with central source, and possible associated pulsar.

Point sources: Central X-ray source, with optical nebula, and possible associated pulsar.

Distance: X-ray data suggest an upper limit of 1 kpc.

References:

Aschenbach 1998, Nature, 396, 141. ROSAT identification. Iyudin et al. 1998, Nature, 396, 142. γ-ray observations. Combi et al. 1999, ApJ, 519, L177. Radio observations. Duncan & Green 2000, A&A, 364, 732. Parkes 64-m at 1.4 GHz (14'.0), and comparison with other observations. Redman et al. 2000, ApJ, 543, L153. Optical of nearly nebulosity. Tsunemi et al. 2000, PASJ, 52, 887. ASCA spectral observations. Slane et al. 2001, ApJ, 548, 814. ASCA observations. Mereghetti et al. 2001, ApJ, 548, L213. BeppoSAX observations of central sources. Pavlov et al. 2001, ApJ, 559, L131. Chandra of central X-ray source. Moriguchi et al. 2001, PASJ, 53, 1025. CO observations. Pellizzoni et al. 2002, A&A, 393, L65. Optical observations of central source. Redman et al. 2002, MNRAS, 336, 1093. Optical nebulosity to NE. Kargaltsev et al. 2002, ApJ, 580, 1060. Chandra observations of central source. Sankrit et al. 2003, ApJ, 589, 242. Optical nebulosity to NE. Redman & Meaburn 2005, MNRAS, 356, 969. Possible pulsar association. Iyudin et al. 2005, A&A, 429, 225. XMM observations. Aharonian et al. 2005, A&A, 437, L7. γ-ray observations. Katagiri et al. 2005, ApJ, 619, L163. γ-ray observations. Bamba et al. 2005, ApJ, 632, 294. Chandra of NW rim.

G272.2-3.2

RA: 09^h06^m50^s **Dec:** -52°07′

Radio: Diffuse shell.

X-ray: Centrally brightened.

Optical: Detected.

References:

Greiner et al. 1994, A&A, 286, L35. ROSAT observations, plus optical observations.

Duncan *et al.* 1997, MNRAS, 289, 97. Parkes 64-m at 1.4 GHz (18': $S = 0.38 \pm 0.09$ Jy) 2.4 GHz (10'.6: $S = 0.25 \pm 0.04$ Jy) and 4.8 GHz (5'.7: $S = 0.17 \pm 0.02$ Jy), MOST at 843 MHz (45" \times 70": $S = 0.45 \pm 0.10$ Jy), and ATCA at 2.4 GHz (37" \times 52"), plus ROSAT observations. Harrus *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 552, 614. ASCA and ROSAT observations, plus review of earlier observations.

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.4

Spectral index: 0.6

G279.0+1.1

RA: 09^h57^m40^s **Dec:** -53°15′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 30? **Spectral index:** 0.6?

Size/arcmin: 95 Type: S

Size/arcmin: 15?

Type: S?

Radio: Faint, incomplete shell.

Point sources: Pulsar nearby.

References:

Woermann & Jonas 1988, MNRAS, 234, 971. Hartesbeesthoek 26-m at 1.6 ($30': S=25.2 \pm 4$ Jy) and 2.3 GHz ($20': S=20.7 \pm 3$ Jy). Duncan *et al.* 1995, MNRAS, 277, 319. Parkes 64-m at 1.4 ($18': S=28 \pm 3$ Jy) and 2.4 GHz ($11': S=20 \pm 2$ Jy), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 53''$) of part. Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

1-GHz flux/Jy: 11?

Spectral index: 0.3?

G284.3-1.8

RA: 10^h18^m15^s **Dec:** -59°00′

Has been called G284.2-1.8.

Radio: Incomplete, poorly defined shell.

Point sources: Pulsar with wind nebula nearby.

References:

Ruiz & May 1986, ApJ, 309, 667. CO and optical observations.

Milne et al. 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 50''$) and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz ($3': S = 5.4 \pm 0.8$ Jy) including polarisation, plus earlier flux densities.

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m and ATCA OH observations.

Camilo et al. 2001, ApJ, 557, L51. Observations of nearby pulsar.

Camilo et al. 2004, ApJ, 616, 1118. Chandra observations of pulsar and nebula.

G286.5-1.2

RA: 10h35m40s **Dec:** -59°42'

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.4? **Spectral index:** ?

Size/arcmin: 26×6 Type: S?

Radio: Double, elongated arc.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 50'' : S = 1.6 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G289.7-0.3

RA: 11^h01^m15^s **Dec:** -60°18′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 6.2 Spectral index: 0.2? Size/arcmin: 18×14 Type: S

Point sources: Compact radio source near centre. **References:**

Radio: Incomplete shell.

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 50''$: $S = 6.4 \pm 0.5$ Jy), plus Parkes 64-m at 4.5 GHz ($S = 7.5 \pm 2.5$ Jy) and 8.55 GHz ($S = 3.6 \pm 0.9$ Jy).

G290.1-0.8

RA: 11^h03^m05^s **Dec:** -60°56′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 42 Spectral index: 0.4

MSH 11–61A Size/arcmin: 19×14 Type: S

Radio: Elongated, clumpy shell.

Optical: Filaments detected.

X-ray: Centrally brightened.

Point sources: Pulsar nearby.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'.4: S=20.2 Jy).

Elliott & Malin 1979, MNRAS, 186, 45P. Optical image and spectra.

Kirshner & Winkler 1979, ApJ, 227, 853. Optical observations.

Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 50").

Milne et al. 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 49'')$: $S = 45 \pm 11$ Jy), and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz $(3': S = 19.5 \pm 1.0 \text{ Jy})$, including polarisation.

Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. Einstein observations.

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 49" : S = 43 Jy).

Rosado et al. 1996, A&A, 315, 243. Optical kinematics.

Kaspi et al. 1997, ApJ, 485, 820. Pulsar detection.

Gotthelf & Kaspi 1998, ApJ, 497, L29. ASCA observations of pulsar.

Slane et al. 2002, ApJ, 564, 284. ASCA observations.

Filipović et al. 2005, SerAJ, 170, 47. ATCA at 1.4 GHz (21"), plus other observations, including CO of surroundings.

MSH 10-53 Size/arcmin: 24? Type: S

G291.0 - 0.1

RA: 11^h11^m54^s **Dec:** -60°38′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 16 **Spectral index:** 0.29

- 60 -

(MSH 11–62) Size/arcmin: 15×13 Type: C

Radio: Centrally brightened core, with surrounding arcs.

X-ray: Centrally brightened.

Point sources: Central compact X-ray source.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').

Roger *et al.* 1986, MNRAS, 219, 815. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 50'' : S = 17.2 \pm 1.0 \text{ Jy})$, and Parkes 64-m at 5 and 8.4 GHz $(4'.6 \text{ and } 3': S = 10.4 \pm 0.4 \text{ Jy and } 9'.1 \pm 0.2)$, with polarisation.

Wilson 1986, ApJ, 302, 718. Einstein observations.

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 49'' : S = 12.7 \text{ Jy})$.

Harrus et al. 1998, ApJ, 499, 273. ASCA observations.

G292.0+1.8

RA: 11^h24^m36^s **Dec:** –59°16′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 15 **Spectral index:** 0.4 MSH 11–54 Size/arcmin: 12×8 Type: C

Radio: Centrally brightened source surrounded by a plateau of faint emission.

Optical: Oxygen rich.

X-ray: Ring of emission, with diffuse central nebula and pulsar.

Point sources: Central pulsar.

Distance: HI absorption implies 6.0 kpc.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Goss et al. 1979, MNRAS, 188, 357. Optical spectra. Lockhart et al. 1977, MNRAS, 179, 147. Fleurs at 1415 MHz (50": S = 13.0 Jy). Clark et al. 1980, MNRAS, 193, 129. X-ray spectrum. Tuohy et al. 1982, ApJ, 260, L65. Einstein observations. Dopita & Tuohy 1984, ApJ, 282, 135. Optical spectra. Braun *et al.* 1986, A&A, 162, 259. MOST at 843 MHz (0'.8) and IRAS. Hughes & Singh 1994, ApJ, 422, 126. EXOSAT spectrum. Sutherland & Dopita 1995, ApJ, 439, 365. Spectrophotometry. Hughes et al. 2001, ApJ, 559, L153. Chandra observations, including central nebula. Camilo et al. 2002, ApJ, 567, L71. Pulsar detection. Park et al. 2002, ApJ, 564, L39. Chandra observations. Gonzalez & Safi-Harb 2003, ApJ, 583, L91. Chandra observations. Hughes et al. 2003, ApJ, 591, L139. Chandra observations of pulsar. Gaensler & Wallace 2003, ApJ, 594, 326. ATCA at 1.4, 2.3 and 5.2 GHz (9".6 × 8".0,7".2 × 6".2 and 5".5 × 4".8: S = 11.9 ± 0.1, 11.4 ± 0.1 and 8.8 ± 0.1), plus HI observations. Park et al. 2004, ApJ, 602, L33. Chandra observations. Vink et al. 2004, NuPHS, 132, 62. XMM observations. Ghavamian et al. 2005, ApJ, 635, 365. Optical imaging spectroscopy.

G292.2-0.5

RA: 11^h19^m20^s **Dec:** -61°28′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 7 **Spectral index:** 0.5 Size/arcmin: 20×15 Type: S

Radio: Shell.

X-ray: Detected.

Point sources: Central, young pulsar.

Distance: HI absorption indicates 8.4 kpc.

References:

Camilo *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 541, 367. Pulsar detection. Crawford *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 554, 152. ATCA at 1.4 GHz $(29'' \times 25'' : S = 5.6 \times 0.3 \text{ Jy})$ and 2.5 GHz $(21'' \times 20'')$. Pivovaroff *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 554, 161. ROSAT and ASCA observations. Gonzalez & Safi-Harb 2003, ApJ, 591, L143. Chandra observations of pulsar. Caswell *et al.* 2004, MNRAS, 352, 1405. ATCA at 5 GHz (1':S=2.8 Jy), including polarisation, and 1.4 GHz for Hi absorption. Gonzalez & Safi-Hard 2005, ApJ, 619, 856. Chandra observations. Gonzalez *et al.* 2005, ApJ, 630, 489. XMM observations of pulsar.

G293.8+0.6

RA: 11^h35^m00^s **Dec:** -60°54′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 5? Spectral index: 0.6?

Size/arcmin: 20 Type: C

Radio: Central source, with faint extended plateau.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=9.0 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=2.1 Jy). Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 51''$). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 49'': S=2.6$ Jy).

G294.1 - 0.0

RA: 11^h36^m10^s **Dec:** -61°38′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: >2? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 40 Type: S

Radio: Faint shell. References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 49'' : S > 2$).

G296.1-0.5		
RA: 11 ^h 51 ^m 10 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: 8?	Size/arcmin: 37 × 25
Dec: $-62^{\circ}34'$	Spectral index: 0.6?	Type: S
Incorporates the previously cata	logued remnant G296.1–0.7. Has been call	ed G296.05–0.50.

Radio: Irregular shell, with nearby HII regions.

Optical: Detected.

X-ray: Detected.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' : *S* = 6.9 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' : *S* > 0.74) poor 5-GHz map (of G296.1–0.7).

Longmore et al. 1977, MNRAS, 181, 541. Optical spectra.

van den Bergh 1978, ApJS, 38, 119. Optical observations.

Markert et al. 1981, ApJ, 248, L17. Einstein observations.

Caswell & Barnes 1983, ApJ, 271, L55. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' : S = 12.4 Jy).

Bignami et al. 1986, ApJ, 302, 606. EXOSAT and Einstein observations.

Hwang & Markert 1994, ApJ, 431, 819. ROSAT observations.

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 48" : S > 2.4).

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G296.5 + 10.0

RA: 12^h09^m40^s **Dec:** -52°25′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 48 Spectral index: 0.5 PKS 1209–51/52 Size/arcmin: 90×65 Type: S

Has been called G296.5+9.7.

Radio: Shell with two bright limbs.

Optical: Detected.

X-ray: Incomplete shell, with central pulsar.

Point sources: Central pulsar.

References:

Irvine & Irvine 1974, ApJ, 192, L111. Optical observations. Danziger & Dennefeld 1976, PASP, 88, 44. Optical spectra. Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Tuohy et al. 1979, ApJ, 230, L27. X-ray detection with HEAO-1 A2 experiment. Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra. Dubner et al. 1986, AJ, 91, 343. Argentine 30-m dish at 1.4 GHz (34'), plus HI. Kellett et al. 1987, MNRAS, 225, 199. EXOSAT of the west of the remnant, including the compact source. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 56"). Matsui et al. 1988, ApJ, 329, 838. Einstein observations, including compact source. Roger et al. 1988, ApJ, 332, 940. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 56"). Bignami et al. 1992, ApJ, 389, L67. Optical in vicinity of X-ray source. Milne & Haynes 1994, MNRAS, 270, 106. Parkes 64-m at 2.4 GHz (8'.3 : $S = 33 \pm 3$ Jy), 4.8 GHz (4'.5 : $S = 23.3 \pm 3$ Jy) and 8.4 GHz $(3'.0:18.8\pm3)$, including polarisation and review of flux densities. Mereghetti *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 464, 842. Radio, optical and X-tray observations of central source. Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m and ATCA OH observations. Vasisht et al. 1997, ApJ, 476, L43. ASCA observations of neutron star. Zavlin et al. 1998, A&A, 331, 821. ROSAT and ASCA observations of neutron star.

Giacani *et al.* 2000, AJ, 119, 281. ATCA at 1.4 GHz ($2'.7 \times 4'.0$) for HI studies.

- Zavlin *et al.* 2000, AJ, 119, 281. ATCA at 1.4 GHz (2.7×4.0) for Hi studies. Zavlin *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 540, L25. Chandra observations of central pulsar.
- Zavlin *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 606, 444. X-ray timing observations of central pulsa.

G296.8-0.3

RA: 11^h58^m30^s **Dec:** -62°35′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 9 Spectral index: 0.6

1156–62 Size/arcmin: 20×14 Type: S

Radio: Shell, brighter to the NW.

Distance: HI absorption gives 9.6 kpc.

X-ray: Detected.

References:

Caswell *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=15.0 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=3.2 Jy). Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Hwang & Markert 1994, ApJ, 431, 819. ROSAT observations. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 48": S=9.2 Jy). Gaensler *et al.* 1998, MNRAS, 296, 813. ATCA at 1.3 GHz (22" × 24" : S=7.0±0.3 Jy), including polarisation and Hi observations, plus review of flux densities.

G298.5-0.3

RA: 12^h12^m40^s **Dec:** -62°52′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 5? **Spectral index:** 0.4?

Size/arcmin: 5? Type: ?

Radio: Not well resolved, may be part of a larger ring?

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Hwang & Markert 1994, ApJ, 431, 819. ROSAT upper limit. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 48'' : S = 1.8$ Jy).

- 63 -

1-GHz flux/Jy: 5?

Spectral index: 0.3

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.5?

Spectral index: ?

G298.6-0.0

RA: 12^h13^m41^s **Dec:** -62°37′

Has been called G298.6-0.1.

Radio: Incomplete shell, in complex region.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 50''$). Hwang & Markert 1994, ApJ, 431, 819. ROSAT upper limit. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 48'' : S = 7.4$ Jy).

G299.2-2.9

RA: 12^h15^m13^s **Dec:** -65°30′

Radio: Faint source.

X-ray: Centrally brightened.

Optical: Filaments in W.

References:

Busser *et al.* 1996, A&A, 310, L1. ROSAT detection, plus optical studies. Slane *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 465, 840. Einstein, IRAS and radio observations. Bai & Wang 2000, ApJ, 539, 760. ASCA observations.

G299.6-0.5

RA: 12^h21^m45^s **Dec:** -63°09′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.0? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 13 Type: S

Radio: Faint shell, brightest to E.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 48'' : S = 1.1 \text{ Jy})$.

G301.4 - 1.0

RA: 12^h37^m55^s **Dec:** -63°49′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 2.1? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 37 × 23 Type: S

Radio: Faint, incomplete shell, with possible extension to southwest. **References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 48'' : S = 2.3 \text{ Jy})$.

G302.3 + 0.7

RA: 12^h45^m55^s **Dec:** -62°08′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 5? Spectral index: 0.4? Size/arcmin: 17 Type: S

Radio: Distorted shell, in complex region, with possibly associated filament.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=7.5 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=3.0 Jy). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 49'': S=3.2$ Jy). Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

Size/arcmin: 12×9 Type: S

Size/arcmin: 18×11

Type: S

- 64 -

G304.6+0.1

RA: 13^h05^m59^s **Dec:** -62°42′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 14 **Spectral index:** 0.5

Radio: Incomplete shell.

Distance: Possible limit of >9.7 kpc from HI absorption. **References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'.4:S = 6.9 Jy). Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes Hi absorption. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 48'' : S = 18 Jy). Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

G308.1-0.7

RA: 13^h37^m37^s **Dec:** -63°04′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.2? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 13 Type: S

Radio: Faint shell. References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 48'' : S = 1.3 \text{ Jy})$.

G308.8 - 0.1

RA: 13^h42^m30^s **Dec:** -62°23′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 15? **Spectral index:** 0.4?

Incorporates previous catalogued remnant G308.7+0.0.

Radio: Bright ridge in north, and arc to south.

Point sources: Pulsar near centre of remnant.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': *S*=16.7 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': *S*=7.0 Jy). Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'.4: *S*=6.5 Jy). Caswell *et al.* 1981, MNRAS, 195, 89. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Wilson 1986, ApJ, 302, 718. Lack of detection with Einstein. Caswell *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 399, L151. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 49"). Kaspi *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 399, L155. Pulsar observations. Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G309.2-0.6

RA: 13^h46^m31^s **Dec:** -62°54′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 7? Spectral index: 0.4? Size/arcmin: 15×12 Type: S

Has been called G309.2–0.7.

Radio: Distorted shell.

X-ray: Extended emission, with central source.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 10.0 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S = 3.9 Jy). Caswell *et al.* 1981, MNRAS, 195, 89. FIRST at 1415 MHz (1'.5). Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 50"). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 48": S = 6 Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Gaensler *et al.* 1998, MNRAS, 299, 812. ATCA at 1.3 GHz (24" × 23": $S = 5.2 \pm 0.2$ Jy). Rakowski *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 548, 258. ASCA and ROSAT observations.

Kes 17 Size/arcmin: 8 Type: S

7: 15?

Size/arcmin: 30 × 20? **Type:** C?

G309.8+0.0

RA: 13^h50^m30^s **Dec:** -62°05′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 17 **Spectral index:** 0.5

Radio: Distorted shell.

Point sources: Steep radio spectrum source near the centre of the remnant.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 26.4 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S = 7.4 Jy). Caswell *et al.* 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (1'). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 49'': S > 8.8$). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G310.6 - 0.3

RA: 13^h58^m00^s **Dec:** -62°09′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 5? Spectral index: ?

Radio: Asymmetric shell.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 49'' : S = 5.4 \text{ Jy})$.

G310.8 - 0.4

RA: 14^h00^m00^s **Dec:** -62°17′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 6? Spectral index: ? Kes 20A Size/arcmin: 12 Type: S

Size/arcmin: 8

Type: S

Radio: Arc in E, in complex region.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 49'' : S = 6.9 \text{ Jy})$.

G311.5-0.3

RA: 14^h05^m38^s **Dec:** -61°58′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3? **Spectral index:** 0.5

Size/arcmin: 5 Type: S

Radio: Shell, not well resolved.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Caswell & Barnes 1985, MNRAS, 216, 753. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3'). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 49" : *S*=2.9 Jy).

G312.4-0.4

RA: 14^h13^m00^s **Dec:** -61°44′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 45 **Spectral index:** 0.36 Size/arcmin: 38 Type: S

Radio: Irregular, incomplete shell.

Point sources: Nearby γ -ray sources and pulsars.

X-ray: Weak emission in W.

Distance: HI absorption suggests > 6 kpc and possibly > 14 kpc.

References:

Caswell & Barnes 1985, MNRAS, 216, 753. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=56 Jy).

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 49'' : S > 19$), plus Parkes 64-m at 4.5 GHz ($S = 30 \pm 2$ Jy) and 8.55 GHz ($S = 17 \pm 4$ Jy).

Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

Case & Bhattacharya 1998, ApJ, 521, 246. Nearby γ-ray sources.

Roberts et al. 1999, ApJ, 515, 712. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 49").

Doherty et al. 2003, MNRAS, 339, 1048. ATCA at 1.4 GHz (25") plus HI absorption, and Chandra observations.

Kes 20B

Size/arcmin: 25×19 Type: S

- 66 -

G312.5-3.0

RA: 14^h21^m00^s **Dec:** -64°12′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3.5? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 18×20 Type: S

Radio: Distorted shell.

References:

Kane & Vaughan 2003, MNRAS, 344, 625. ATCA at 1.4 GHz $(129'' \times 116'')$ and 2.4 GHz $(75'' \times 67'')$.

G315.4-2.3

RA: 14^h43^m00^s **Dec:** -62°30′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 49 **Spectral index:** 0.6 RCW 86, MSH 14–63 Size/arcmin: 42 Type: S

Possibly the remnant of the SN of AD185?

Radio: Shell, brightest to the SW.

Optical: Bright, radiative filaments, with some faint Balmer dominated filaments.

X-ray: Partial shell, with thermal and non-thermal emission.

Point sources: Several X-ray sources.

Distance: Optical observations imply 2.3 kpc.

References:

van den Bergh et al. 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical observations. Caswell et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=86 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=18.2 Jy). Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Winkler 1978, ApJ, 221, 220. X-ray detection. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Pisarski et al. 1984, ApJ, 277, 710. Einstein observations Nugent et al. 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 50"). Long & Blair 1990, ApJ, 358, L13. Balmer dominated optical filaments. Greidanus & Strom 1990, A&A, 240, 385. IRAS observations. Kaastra et al. 1992, A&A, 264, 654. Ginga X-ray spectra. Strom 1994, MNRAS, 268, L5. Historical association Chin & Huang 1994, Nature, 371, 398. Questioning of historical association. Schaefer 1995, AJ, 110, 1793. Questioning of historical association. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AŠ, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 48" : S > 22). Rosado et al. 1996, A&A, 315, 243. Optical kinematics. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Smith et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2664. Observations of Balmer dominated filaments. Vink et al. 1997, A&A, 328, 628. ASCA spectroscopy. Bocchino et al. 2000, A&A, 360, 671. BeppoSAX observations of N and SW. Bamba et al. 2000, PASJ, 52, 1157. ASCA observations. Ghavamian *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 547, 995. Optical spectroscopy. Dickel *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 546, 447. ATCA at 1.34 GHz (8"), including polarisation. Bokowski et al. 2001, ApJ, 550, 334. ASCA observations. Rho et al. 2002, ApJ, 581, 1116. Chandra observations. Vink et al. 2002, in NSSR, p271. XMM observations. Gvaramadze & Vikhlinin 2003, A&A, 401, 625. Chandra point source search. Sollerman *et al.* 2003, A&A, 407, 249. Optical spectroscopy. Bamba et al. 2005, ApJ, 621, 793. Chandra observations of rim. Kaplan et al. 2004, ApJS, 153, 269. Chandra limits for any compact source.

G315.4-0.3

RA: 14^h35^m55^s **Dec:** -60°36′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 8 Spectral index: 0.4

Size/arcmin: 24×13 Type: ?

Radio: Irregular non-thermal emission, with HII region superposed in E.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=15.9 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=4.9 Jy). Caswell *et al.* 1981, MNRAS, 195, 89. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50'': S=6.25 Jy), re-assessment of earlier flux densities. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 49'': S=3.1$ Jy). Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

G315.9-0.0

RA: 14^h38^m25^s **Dec:** $-60^{\circ}11'$

Has been called G315.8-0.0.

Radio: Faint, distorted shell, with steep-spectrum 'jet'? **References:**

Kesteven et al. 1987, AuJPh, 40, 855. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 50"). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 50'' : S = 0.9 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m and ATCA OH observations.

G316.3-0.0

RA: 14^h41^m30^s **Dec:** $-60^{\circ}00'$

1-GHz flux/Jy: 20? Spectral index: 0.4

Radio: Distorted shell, with possible 'blowout'.

X-ray: Detected.

Distance: HI absorption data suggests > 7.2 kpc.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption. Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'.4:S=16.7 Jy). Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 51"). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 50'' : S = 20 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Sugizaki et al. 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations.

(MSH 14-57) Size/arcmin: 29×14 Type: S

G317.3-0.2

RA: 14^h49^m40^s **Dec:** -59°46′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 4.7? **Spectral index:** ?

Size/arcmin: 11 Type: S

Radio: Incomplete shell. **References:** Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 50'' : S = 5.2 \text{ Jy})$.

G318.2 + 0.1

RA: 14^h54^m50^s **Dec:** -59°04′

1-GHz flux/Jy: >3.9? **Spectral index:** ?

Size/arcmin: 40×35 Type: S

Radio: Faint shell, with central HII region.

X-ray: Sources within remnant.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 50'' : S > 4.3)$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Bocchino et al. 2001, A&A, 367, 629. BeppoSAX and ROSAT observations.

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.8?

Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 25×14 Type: S

G318.9+0.4

RA: 14^h58^m30^s Dec: -58°29'

1-GHz flux/Jy: 4? Spectral index: 0.2?

Size/arcmin: 30×14 Type: C

May not be a SNR?

Radio: Complex arcs, with off-centre core.

References:

Whiteoak 1990, Nature, 347, 157. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 51").

Whiteoak 1993, ApJ, 415, 701. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 51''$: S = 4.8 ± 0.6 Jy), Parkes 64-m at 4.5 GHz (4'.7: S = 3.7 ± 0.2 Jy) and 8.4 GHz $(2'.8:S=3.0\pm 0.4 \text{ Jy})$ including polarisation, and ATCA at 1.4 GHz and 4.8 GHz $(11'' \times 13'')$ of core. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 50'' : S = 4.8 \text{ Jy})$.

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G320.4-1.2 MSH 15-52, RCW 89 **RA:** 15^h14^m30^s Size/arcmin: 35 1-GHz flux/Jy: 60? **Dec:** -59°08′ Spectral index: 0.4 Type: C Has been suggested as the remnant of the SN of AD185? Radio: Ragged shell. **Optical:** RCW 89 is the H α emitting region to the NW. X-ray: Partial shell, central nebula and pulsar and 'jet'. Point sources: Radio and X-ray pulsar, with wind nebula. Distance: HI absorption indicates 5.2 kpc. **References:** Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption. Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Dopita et al. 1977, ApJ, 214, 179. Optical spectra. Caswell *et al.* 1981, MNRAS, 195, 89. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Seward & Harnden 1982, ApJ, 256, L45. X-ray of pulsar. Manchester et al. 1982, ApJ, 262, L31. Radio of pulsar. Seward et al. 1983, ApJ, 267, 698. X-ray, Optical and IR. van den Bergh & Kamper, 1984, ApJ, 280, L51. Optical expansion. Seward et al. 1984, ApJ, 281, 650. X-ray observations of pulsar and nebulosity. Lortet et al. 1987, A&A, 180, 65. Optical observations. Trussoni et al. 1990, A&A, 234, 403. EXOSAT observations. Asaoka & Koyama 1990, PASJ, 42, 625. Ginga X-ray spectrum. Arendt 1991, AJ, 101, 2160. IRAS observations, including compact source. Milne et al. 1993, MNRAS, 264, 853. Parkes 64-m at 4.8 GHz ($4'.5:S=37\pm7$ Jy) and 8.4 GHz ($3'.0:S=24\pm4$ Jy), including polarisation and review of flux densities. Strom 1994, MNRAS, 268, L5. Historical association. Chin & Huang 1994, Nature, 371, 398. Questioning of historical association. Matz et al. 1994, ApJ, 434, 288. X-ray observations of pulsar. Schaefer 1995, AJ, 110, 1793. Questioning of historical association. Du Plessis et al. 1995, ApJ, 453, 746. Hartesbeesthoek 26-m at 2.3, 5 and 8.5 GHz (S=42, 35.6, 14.5 Jy). Greiveldinger et al. 1995, ApJ, 454, 855. ROSAT observations. Trassoni et al. 1996, A&A, 306, 581. ROSAT observations Tamura et al. 1996, PASJ, 48, L33. ASCA observations. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 50'' : S = 62 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Marsden et al. 1997, ApJ, 491, L39. X-ray spectroscopy. Brazier & Becker 1997, MNRAS, 284, 335. ROSAT observations. Gaensler et al. 1999, MNRAS, 305, 724. ATCA at 1.4 GHz (24" × 21"), plus HI observations, and 5.3 GHz (15" × 10"). Sako *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 537, 422. Possible high energy γ -ray detection of pulsar. Mineo et al. 2001, A&A, 380, 695. BeppoSAX observations. Gaensler et al. 2002, ApJ, 569, 878. Chandra observations of pulsar and nebula. Dubner et al. 2002, AJ, 123, 337. ATCA at 1.4 GHz (4'.0 × 2'.7), plus HI observations. Aharonian et al. 2005, A&A, 435, L17. γ-ray detection. Yatsu et al. 2005, ApJ, 631, 312. Chandra observations of pulsar and jet. DeLaney et al. 2006, ApJ, 640, 929. Chandra and ROSAT multi-epoch observations of pulsar wind nebula.

G320.6-1.6

RA: 15^h17^m50^s **Dec:** -59°16′

1-GHz flux/Jy: ? Spectral index: ?

- 69 -

Radio: Faint shell, overlapping G320.4–1.2 in W.

References:

Milne *et al.* 1993, MNRAS, 264, 853. Parkes 64-m at 4.8 GHz (4'.5) and 8.4 GHz (3'.0), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 50'' : S > 9.3$).

G321.9-1.1

RA: 15^h23^m45^s **Dec:** -58°13′

1-GHz flux/Jy: >3.4? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 28 Type: S

Radio: Faint shell.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 51'': S > 3.8$). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G321.9-0.3

RA:	$15^{h}20^{m}40^{s}$
Dec:	-57°34′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 13 **Spectral index:** 0.3 Size/arcmin: 31×23 Type: S

Radio: Shell brighter to the W, with Cir X-1 to N.

Point sources: Compact, probably thermal source at S edge.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' : S = 18.3 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' : S = 7.8 Jy). Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 52"). Stewart *et al.* 1993, MNRAS, 261, 593. ATCA at 1.5 GHz (21"). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 51" : S > 8.3). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Mignami *et al.* 2002, A&A, 386, 487. HST proper motion study of Cir X-1.

G322.5-0.1

RA: 15^h23^m23^s **Dec:** -57°06′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.5 **Spectral index:** 0.4

Size/arcmin: 15 Type: C

Radio: Shell with central extended source.

Point sources: PN Pe 2-8 within boundary.

References:

Whiteoak 1992, MNRAS, 256, 121. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 51'' : S = 2.0 \pm 0.3 \text{ Jy})$. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 51'' : S = 1.7 \text{ Jy})$, plus Parkes 64-m at 4.5 GHz (=0.89±0.13). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G323.5+0.1

RA: 15^h28^m42^s **Dec:** -56°21′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 3? Spectral index: 0.4? Size/arcmin: 13 Type: S

Radio: Distorted shell, confused with thermal emission.

Point sources: Compact, probably thermal source near centre.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=4.2 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=1.5 Jy). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 52'': S=4.2$ Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Size/arcmin: 60×30 Type: S

G326.3-1.8

RA: 15^h53^m00^s **Dec:** -56°10′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 145 **Spectral index:** varies MSH 15–56 Size/arcmin: 38 Type: C

Has been called G326.2–1.7.

Radio: Shell, with elongated, flat-spectrum core.

Optical: Emission around the shell.

X-ray: Shell, with central extended emission.

References:

Clark et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 180 Jy).

Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption.

Milne *et al.* 1979, MNRAS, 188, 437. FIRST at 1415 MHz (0'.8:S>95) and Parkes 64-m at 14.7 GHz (2'.2:S=69±8 Jy).

van den Bergh 1979, ApJ, 227, 497. Optical observations.

Zealey et al. 1979, A&AS, 38, 39. Optical observations.

Dennefeld 1980, PASP, 92, 603. Optical spectra.

Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 53").

Milne *et al.* 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 52'' : S = 153 \pm 40 \text{ Jy})$, and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz $(3' : S = 68 \pm 5 \text{ Jy})$, including polarisation.

Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. Einstein observations.

Kassim et al. 1993, ApJ, 419, 733. ROSAT image.

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 52" : S > 130).

Rosado et al. 1996, A&A, 315, 243. Optical kinematics.

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Dickel *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 543, 840. ATCA at 1.34 GHz ($8''.5 \times 6''.4: S > 60$ Jy), 4.80 GHz (3''.8: S = 25 Jy for core only) and 8.64 GHz (3''.2: S = 15 Jy for core only).

G327.1-1.1

RA: 15^h54^m25^s **Dec:** -55°09′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 7? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 18 Type: C

Radio: Shell, with off-centre core.

X-ray: Diffuse, with core.

References:

Milne & Dickel 1974, AuJPh, 27, 549. Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz (8'.4: $S = 10 \pm 15\%$ Jy). Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 10.6 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S = 4.3 Jy). Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 52''$: S = 7.6 Jy). Seward *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 471, 887. ROSAT observations. Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Sun *et al.* 1999, ApJ, 511, 274. ASCA and ROSAT observations. Bocchino & Bandiera 2003, A&A, 398, 195. BepposSAX observations.

G327.4 + 0.4

RA: 15^h48^m20^s **Dec:** -53°49′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 30? Spectral index: 0.6

Kes 27 Size/arcmin: 21 Type: S

Has been called G327.3+0.4 and G327.3+0.5.

Radio: Incomplete, multi-arc shell, brightest to the SE.

X-ray: Diffuse, best defined to E.

Distance: HI absorption indicates 4.3 to 5.4 kpc.

References:

Caswell et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=58 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=12.4 Jy).

Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4).

Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations.

Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 55").

Milne *et al.* 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 53'' : S = 32.2 \pm 6 \text{ Jy})$, and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz $(3' : S = 9.4 \pm 0.8 \text{ Jy})$, including polarisation.

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 53'' : S = 25 \text{ Jy})$.

Seward et al. 1996, ApJ, 471, 887. ROSAT observations.

Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m and ATCA OH observations.

McClure-Griffiths et al. 2001, ApJ, 551, 394. ATCA and Parkes 64-m at 1.4 GHz (2'.0×1'.8), plus HI.

Enoguchi et al. 2002, PASJ, 54, 229. ASCA observations.

Kawasaki et al. 2005, ApJ, 631, 935. ASCA observations.

G327.4 + 1.0

RA: 15^h46^m48^s **Dec:** -53°20′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.9? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 14 Type: S

Radio: Asymmetric shell.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 54'' : S = 2.1 \text{ Jy})$. Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. McClure-Griffiths *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 551, 394. ATCA and Parkes 64-m at 1.4 GHz $(2'.0 \times 1'.8)$, plus HI.

G327.6 + 14.6

RA: 15^h02^m50^s **Dec:** -41°56′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 19 Spectral index: 0.6

This is the remnant of the SN of AD1006.

Radio: Shell, with two bright arcs.

Optical: Filaments to the NW, with broad H α component.

X-ray: Thermal shell, with non-thermal limb-brightened arcs.

Point sources: The background Schweizer–Middleditch star is near the middle of the remnant.

Distance: Optical spectra and proper motion indicate 2.2 kpc.

References:

van den Bergh 1976, ApJ, 208, L17. Optical observations.

Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4).

Becker et al. 1980, ApJ, 240, L33. X-ray spectroscopy.

Schweizer & Middleditch 1980, ApJ, 241, 1039. Possible stellar remnant.

Pye et al. 1981, MNRAS, 194, 569. Einstein observations.

Caswell et al. 1983, MNRAS, 204, 921. FIRST at 1415 MHz (77").

Reynolds & Gilmore 1986, AJ, 92, 1138. VLA at 1.37 and 1.67 GHz ($16'' \times 20''$).

Kirshner *et al.* 1987, ApJ, 315, L135. Broad H α optical component. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 66''$).

Fesen et al. 1988, ApJ, 327, 164. UV absorption spectra of the Schweizer-Middleditch star.

Roger *et al.* 1988, ApJ, 332, 940. MOST at 843 MHz $(44'' \times 66'' : S = 17.5 \pm 1.5 \text{ Jy})$.

Long et al. 1988, ApJ, 333, 749. Optical proper motion for distance.

Jones & Pye 1989, MNRAS, 238, 567. EXOSAT observations.

Leahy et al. 1991, ApJ, 374, 218. HEAO-1 X-ray spectra.

Wu et al. 1993, ApJ, 416, 247. UV spectra.

Reynolds & Gilmore 1993, AJ, 106, 272. VLA at 1.37 and 1.67 GHz (24"), including polarisation.

Moffett et al. 1993, AJ, 106, 1566. VLA at 1.37 and 1.67 GHz (10" × 14"), for proper motion studies.

Ozaki et al. 1994, PASJ, 46, 367. X-ray observations.

Raymond et al. 1995, ApJ, 454, L31. Far UV spectroscopy.

Koyama et al. 1995, Nature, 378, 255. ASCA observations.

Willingale et al. 1996, MNRAS, 278, 749, ROSAT observations.

Blair et al. 1996, ApJ, 468, 871. Optical absorption studies.

Laming et al. 1996, ApJ, 472, 267. Modelling of optical spectra, including distance.

Wu et al. 1997, ApJ, 477, L53. Far UV absorption spectra of the Schweizer-Middleditch star.

Winkler & Long 1997, ApJ, 486, L137. UV absorption spectra of background quasar. Winkler & Long 1997, ApJ, 491, 829. ROSAT and optical images.

Tanimori et al. 1998, ApJ, 497, L25. γ-ray detection.

Vink et al. 2000, A&A, 354, 931. X-ray spectroscopy.

Burleigh et al. 2000, A&A, 356, 585. Optical spectroscopy of the Schweizer-Middleditch star.

Allen et al. 2001, ApJ, 558, 739. ASCA, ROSAT and other X-ray observations.

Dubner *et al.* 2002, A&A, 387, 1047. ATCA at 1.4 GHz (4'.7 × 3'.0) for HI, plus CO observations.

Ghavamian *et al.* 2002, ApJ, 572, 888. Optical of filaments in NW. Sollerman *et al.* 2003, A&A, 407, 249. Optical spectroscopy.

Winkler et al. 2003, ApJ, 585, 324. Optical proper motion studies.

Vink et al. 2003, ApJ, 587, L31. Chandra observations.

Bamba et al. 2003, ApJ, 589, 827. Chandra observations of NE.

Korreck et al. 2004, ApJ, 615, 280. Far-uv observations.

Aharonian et al. 2005, A&A, 437, 135. γ-ray limit.

Winkler et al. 2005, ApJ, 624, 189. HST absorption towards background sources.

SN1006, PKS 1459-41 Size/arcmin: 30

Type: S
G328.4+0.2

RA: 15^h55^m30^s **Dec:** -53°17′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 15 Spectral index: 0.12

Radio: Amorphous emission, with central bar.

X-ray: Detected at high energies.

Distance: HI absorption indicates > 17.4 kpc.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Caswell et al. 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Wilson 1986, ApJ, 302, 718. Lack of detection with Einstein. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 54" : S=15 Jy). Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Gaensler *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 542, 380. ATCA at 1.4 GHz (16".5×19".5: S=14.3±0.1 Jy) and 4.5 GHz (2".0×1".5: S=12.5±0.2 Jy). Hughes et al. 2000, ApJ, 542, 386. ASCA observations. McClure-Griffiths et al. 2001, ApJ, 551, 394. ATCA and Parkes 64-m at 1.4 GHz (1'.8×2'.0), plus HI. Johnston et al. 2004, MNRAS, 348, L19. ATCA at 19 GHz (6".1 × 7".7), including polarisation.

G329.7+0.4

RA: 16^h01^m20^s **Dec:** -52°18′

1-GHz flux/Jy: >34? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 40×33 Type: S

Radio: Diffuse shell, in complex region.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 53" : S > 38). Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. McClure-Griffiths et al. 2001, ApJ, 551, 394. ATCA and Parkes 64-m at 1.4 GHz (2'.0×1'.8), plus HI.

G330.0+15.0

RA: 15^h10^m00^s **Dec:** $-40^{\circ}00'$

1-GHz flux/Jy: 350? Spectral index: 0.5?

Lupus Loop Size/arcmin: 180? Type: S

Size/arcmin: 11

Type: S?

Radio: Low surface brightness loop with HI shell.

X-ray: Detected.

References: Milne 1971, AuJPh, 24, 757. Parkes 64-m at 408 MHz (48'), 635 MHz (31') and 1410 MHz (15'). Milne & Dickel 1974, AuJPh, 27, 549. Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz (8'.4: $S = 120 \pm 30\%$ Jy). Toor 1980, A&A, 85, 184. X-ray image and spectrum. Colomb & Dubner 1982, A&A, 112, 141. Argentine 30-m dish at 1.42 GHz (30'), HI observations. Leahy et al. 1991, ApJ, 374, 218. HEAO-1 X-ray spectra. Ozaki et al. 1994, PASJ, 46, 367. X-ray observations.

G330.2+1.0

RA: 16^h01^m06^s **Dec:** -51°34′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 5? Spectral index: 0.3

X-ray: Shell.

Distance: HI absorption indicates > 4.9 kpc.

Radio: Clumpy non-thermal emission, possibly a distorted shell.

References:

Clark et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=8.6 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=4.0 Jy). Caswell *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 204, 915. FIRST at 1415 MHz (52" × 47"), and MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 55"). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 55": S=4.7 Jy). Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. McClure-Griffiths et al. 2001, ApJ, 551, 394. ATCA and Parkes 64-m at 1.4 GHz (2'.0×1'.8), plus HI. Torii et al. 2006, PASJ, 58, L11. ASCA detection.

(MSH 15–57) Size/arcmin: 5 Type: F

G332.0+0.2

RA: 16^h13^m17^s **Dec:** -50°53′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 8? Spectral index: 0.5

Size/arcmin: 12 Type: S

Radio: Incomplete shell.

References:

References: Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55''$: S = 8.9 Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. McClure-Griffiths *et al.* 2001, ApJ, 551, 394. ATCA and Parkes 64-m at 1.4 GHz ($2'.0 \times 1'.8$), plus HI.

RA: 16 ^h 17 ^m 33 ^s Dec: -51°02'1-GHz flux/Jy: 28 Spectral index: 0.5Size/arcmin: 10 Type: SRadio: Shell, brightest to the S.Optical: Filaments correspond well to the radio shell, brightest in SE.X-ray: Brightest to NW, with point source near centre.Point sources: Central, variable X-ray source, and nearby pulsar.Distance: H1 absorption indicates 3.1 kpc.References:Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes H1 absorption.Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source.Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes H1 absorption.Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source.Caswell et al. 1983, AJ, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations.Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra.Luohy et al. 1984, ApJ, 244, 421. Sary observations.Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra.Nugent et al. 1984, ApJ, 244, 412. X-ray observations.Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra.Nugent et al. 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 57").Oliva et al. 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy.Dickel et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz (4".5"), including polarisation.Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 55": S=34 Jy).Frail et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remmant.Gotthelf et al. 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source.Carter et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.Gotthelf	G332.4-0.4		RCW 103		
Initial of the second secon	RA • 16 ^h 17 ^m 33 ^s	1-GHz flux/Iv· 28	Size/arcmin: 10		
Index. 0.1Spectral index. 0.3Type. 3Radio: Shell, brightest to the S.Optical: Filaments correspond well to the radio shell, brightest in SE.X-ray: Brightest to NW, with point source near centre.Point sources: Central, variable X-ray source, and nearby pulsar.Distance: HI absorption indicates 3.1 kpc.References:Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption.Tuohy & Garmie 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source.Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption.Tuohy & Garmie 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source.Caswell et al. 1983, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations.Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra.Tuohy et al. 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations.Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra.Nugent et al. 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra.Nugent et al. 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra.Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 83, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 57").Oliva et al. 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy.Dickel et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz (4".5"), including polarisation.Whitcoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" \times 55": $S = 34$ Jy).Frial et al. 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.Cotthelf et al. 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical e	Doo: $51^{\circ}02'$	Snootral inday: 0.5	Type: S		
 Radio: Shell, brightest to the S. Optical: Filaments correspond well to the radio shell, brightest in SE. X-ray: Brightest to NW, with point source near centre. Point sources: Central, variable X-ray source, and nearby pulsar. Distance: HI absorption indicates 3.1 kpc. References: Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption. Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source. Caswell et al. 1980, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations. Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra. Tuohy et al. 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent et al. 1986, MNRAS, 123, Optical spectra. Nugent et al. 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dirkel et al. 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dirkel et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8'') and 2.37 GHz (4''.5''), including polarisation. Whitcoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 55'': S=34 Jy). Frail et al. 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Caster et al. 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion. Foiri et al. 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion. 	Dec. -51 02	Spectral muex. 0.5	Type. 3		
Optical: Filaments correspond well to the radio shell, brightest in SE. X-ray: Brightest to NW, with point source near centre. Point sources: Central, variable X-ray source, and nearby pulsar. Distance: H1 absorption indicates 3.1 kpc. References: Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes H1 absorption. Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source. Caswell et al. 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations. Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, I210. Optical spectra. Tuohy et al. 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent et al. 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Nugent et al. 1980, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 57"). Oliva et al. 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz (4".5"), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 55" : S=34 Jy). Frail et al. 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter et al. 1997, PASP, 109, 900. Optical expansion. Torin et al. 1997, ApSP, 109, 900. Optical expansion. Divise et al. 1997, ApSP, 109, 900. Optical expansion. Torin at 01. 1009, ApJ, 401, L207. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter et al. 1997, PASP, 109, 900. Optical expansion.	Radio: Shell, brightest to the S.				
 X-ray: Brightest to NW, with point source near centre. Point sources: Central, variable X-ray source, and nearby pulsar. Distance: H1 absorption indicates 3.1 kpc. References: Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes H1 absorption. Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source. Caswell et al. 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations. Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra. Tuohy et al. 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent et al. 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Nugent et al. 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 57"). Oliva et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz (4".5"), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 55" : S = 34 Jy). Frial et al. 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter et al. 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. 	Optical: Filaments correspond well to the	e radio shell, brightest in SE.			
 Point sources: Central, variable X-ray source, and nearby pulsar. Distance: HI absorption indicates 3.1 kpc. References: Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption. Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source. Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations. Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra. Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 57"). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz (4".5"), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 55": S = 34 Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. 	X-ray: Brightest to NW, with point source	e near centre.			
Distance: HI absorption indicates 3.1 kpc. References: Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption. Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source. Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations. Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra. Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1990, A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz ($4''.55''$; $S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1097, ApJ, 447, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source.	Point sources: Central, variable X-ray so	urce, and nearby pulsar.			
References:Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes H1 absorption.Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source.Caswell et al. 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50").Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations.Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra.Tuohy et al. 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations.Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra.Nugent et al. 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and Einstein image from Tuohy, private communication).Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra.Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 57").Oliva et al. 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy.Dickel et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz (4". 5"), including polarisation.Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 55" : S = 34 Jy).Frail et al. 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source.Carter et al. 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source.Carter et al. 1097, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source.Carter et al. 1097, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source.	Distance: HI absorption indicates 3.1 kpc				
Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes H1 absorption. Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source. Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations. Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra. Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and Einstein image from Tuohy, private communication). Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz ($4''.5''$), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55'': S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	References:				
Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes Hi absorption. Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source. Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations. Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra. Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and Einstein image from Tuohy, private communication). Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz ($4''.5''$), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55'': S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion. Turin <i>et al.</i> 1097, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source.	Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at	408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').			
Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source. Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations. Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra. Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and Einstein image from Tuohy, private communication). Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz ($4''.5''$), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55'': S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absor	ption.			
Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations. Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra. Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and Einstein image from Tuohy, private communication). Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz ($4''.5''$), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55'': S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. Einstein detection of X-ray point source.				
Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein observations. Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra. Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and Einstein image from Tuohy, private communication). Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz ($4'' \times 55''$: $S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion. Torii <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 497, U207, ASCA dotsories of nearby nulser.	Caswell et al. 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50").				
Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra. Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and Einstein image from Tuohy, private communication). Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz ($4'' \times 57''$), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55'' : S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion. Torii <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 404, 107, ASCA dotsories of northy nulser	Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. Einstein obser	vations.			
 Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations. Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and Einstein image from Tuohy, private communication). Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 57"). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz (4".5"), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 55" : S = 34 Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion. 	Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra.				
Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra. Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and Einstein image from Tuohy, private communication). Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 ($8''$) and 2.37 GHz ($4''.5''$), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55'': S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion. Torii <i>et al.</i> 1090, A. J. 404, L077, ASCA detaction of noarby nulser.	Tuohy et al. 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observation	18.			
Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and Einstein image from Tuohy, private communication). Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 ($8''$) and 2.37 GHz ($4''.5''$), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55'': S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Op	otical spectra.			
Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 ($8''$) and 2.37 GHz ($4''.5''$), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55'': S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	Nugent et al. 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and Einstein image from Tuohy, private communication).			
Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$). Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 ($8''$) and 2.37 GHz ($4''.5''$), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55'': S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical	spectra.			
Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy. Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz (4".5"), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55'' : S = 34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST a	at 843 MHz ($44'' \times 57''$).			
Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8") and 2.37 GHz (4".5"), including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 55''$: $S=34$ Jy). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	Oliva et al. 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy.				
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 55'' : S = 34 \text{ Jy})$. Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8")	and 2.37 GHz (4".5"), including polarisation.			
Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST a	at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 55'' : S = 34 \text{ Jy}).$			
Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source. Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near r	emnant.			
Carter <i>et al.</i> 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion.	Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1997, ApJ, 487, L175. ASCA observations of compact X-ray source.				
Torn at al. 1008 ApJ 404 1 2077 ANCA dataction of nearby pulsor	Carter et al. 1997, PASP, 109, 990. Optical expansion	on.			
Torn et al. 1996, ApJ, 494, E207. ASCA detection of nearby pulsa.	Torii <i>et al.</i> 1998, ApJ, 494, L207. ASCA detection of	of nearby pulsar.			
Kaspi <i>et al.</i> 1998, ApJ, 503, L161. Pulsar observations.	Kaspi <i>et al.</i> 1998, ApJ, 503, L161. Pulsar observatio	ons.			
Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1999, ApJ, 514, L107. X-ray variability of central source.	Gotthelf <i>et al.</i> 1999, ApJ, 514, L107. X-ray variability	ity of central source.			
Onva et al. 1999, A&A, 343, 943. ISO spectroscopy.	Oliva et al. 1999, A&A, 343, 943. ISO spectroscopy	/.			
Join et al. 2000, ApJ, 534, L/1. A-ray timing on pulsar, including glitch.	Iorn et al. 2000, ApJ, 534, L/1. X-ray timing on pu	isar, including glitch.			
VIIIK 2004, ApJ, 004, 095. Chandra observations.	vink 2004, ApJ, 604, 693. Chandra observations.				
Regulator et al. 2004, FASAU, 21, 62, ATCA at 1.4 GHZ (50°), including Hi absorption to central source.	Reynoso <i>et al.</i> 2004, PASAU, 21, 82. AICA at 1.4 C	(50°), including HI absorption to central source.			

G332.4+0.1

RA: 16^h15^m20^s **Dec:** -50°42′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 26 Spectral index: 0.5 MSH 16–51, Kes 32 Size/arcmin: 15 Type: S

Has been called G332.4+0.2.

Radio: Distorted shell, with thermal jet and plume adjacent.

X-ray: Shell, brightest to NW.

Point sources: Pulsar nearby.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Roger et al. 1985, Nature, 316, 44. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 57"). Caraveo 1993, ApJ, 415, L111. Nearby pulsar. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 56" : S = 29 Jy). Frail et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant. Brinkmann et al. 1999, A&A, 346, 599. ROSAT image of remnant and nearby pulsar. Vink et al. 2004, ApJ, 604, 699. Chandra observations.

G335.2+0.1

RA: 16^h27^m45^s **Dec:** -48°47′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 16 Spectral index: 0.5 Size/arcmin: 21 Type: S

Radio: Well defined shell.

Point sources: Old pulsar within remnant boundary.

References:

Clark et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=27.1 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=8.6 Jy). Kaspi et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 2028. Pulsar observations. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 57": S = 16 Jy). Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G336.7+0.5

RA: 16^h32^m11^s **Dec:** -47°19′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 6 Spectral index: 0.5 Size/arcmin: 14×10 Type: S

Radio: Irregular shell.

References: Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 60"). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 58'' : S = 6.1 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G337.0-0.1

RA: 16^h35^m57^s **Dec:** -47°36′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.5 Spectral index: 0.6?

Type: S

This entry refers to a small (1'.5) SNR, not the larger previously catalogued G337.0–0.1.

Radio: Shell, in a complex region.

Distance: Association with CTB 33 gives 11 kpc.

Point sources: Associated with a soft gamma repeater.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 58" : S=21 Jy).

Frail et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant, including masers.

Sarma et al. 1997, ApJ, 483, 335. ATCA at 1.4 GHz (12") including HI, and 8.9 GHz (13" × 15") for recombination lines, clarifying extent of the remnant.

Woods et al. 1999, ApJ, 519, L139. Soft gamma repeater observations.

Hurley et al. 2000, ApJ, 528, L21. ASCA observations of soft gamma repeater.

Brogan et al. 2000, ApJ, 537, 875. VLA at 1.7 GHz for OH Zeeman splitting.

(CTB 33)

Size/arcmin: 1.5

G337.2 - 0.7

RA: 16^h39^m28^s **Dec:** -47°51′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 2? Spectral index: 0.7

Radio: Shell, not well resolved.

X-ray: Extended emission.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=3.8 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=0.70 Jy). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 58'' : S = 2.0 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Rakowski et al. 2001, ApJ, 548, 258. ASCA and ROSAT observations.

G337.2+0.1

RA: 16^h35^m55^s **Dec:** -47°20′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.5? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 3×2 Type: ?

Radio: Not well defined.

X-ray: Detected.

Distance: Association with HI hole gives 14 kpc. **References:** Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 59": S=1.6 Jy) Combi et al. 2005, A&A, 431, L9. ASCA and other observations.

Aharonian et al. 2006, ApJ, 636, 777. γ-ray observations of nearby source.

G337.3+1.0

RA: 16^h32^m39^s **Dec:** -46°36′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 16 Spectral index: 0.55

Kes 40 Size/arcmin: 15×12 Type: S

Radio: Nearly complete shell.

References:

Caswell et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=24.6 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=7.2 Jy). Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 61"). Milne *et al.* 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 59'' : S = 14.8 \pm 3.0 \text{ Jy})$, and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz $(3' : S = 5.1 \pm 0.6 \text{ Jy})$, including polarisation. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 59'' : S = 20 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G337.8-0.1

RA: 16h39m01s **Dec:** -46°59′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 18 Spectral index: 0.5 Kes 41

Size/arcmin: 9×6 Type: S

Radio: Distorted shell.

Distance: HI absorption suggests > 9.3 kpc.

References: Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 59'' : S = 18 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Koralesky et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA detection of compact OH emission. Caswell 2004, MNRAS, 349, 99. ATCA at 1.7 GHz, for associated OH masers.

Size/arcmin: 6 Type: S

Type: S

Size/arcmin: 15?

G338.1+0.4

RA: 16^h37^m59^s **Dec:** -46°24′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 4? Spectral index: 0.4

Radio: Arc in NE, merging with thermal emission in S.

Optical: Detected.

X-ray: Detected.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Zealey *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 38, 39. Optical detection. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 59''$: S = 3.8 Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Sugizaki *et al.* 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations. Caswell 2004, MNRAS, 349, 99. ATCA at 1.7 GHz of associated OJ masers.

G338.3 - 0.0

RA: 16^h41^m00^s **Dec:** -46°34′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 7? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 8 Type: S

Radio: Irregular shell, in complex region. **References:** Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 59'' : S = 7.4$ Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Aharonian *et al.* 2005, Science, 307, 1938. γ -ray detection.

Aharonian *et al.* 2006, ApJ, 636, 777. γ -ray observations.

G338.5 + 0.1

RA: 16^h41^m09^s **Dec:** -46°19′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 12? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 9 Type: ?

Radio: Circle of non-thermal emission in complex region, not well defined.

References:

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 59'' : S = 13$ Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G340.4+0.4

RA: 16^h46^m31^s **Dec:** -44°39'

1-GHz flux/Jy: 5 Spectral index: 0.4 Size/arcmin: 10×7 Type: S

Radio: Distorted shell, elongated east-west.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=8.2 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=2.9 Jy). Caswell *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 203, 595. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 330 MHz (75" × 48": $S=9.8\pm0.9$ Jy) and 1.4 GHz (27" × 9": $S=3.6\pm0.1$ Jy). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 61": S=5.9 Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G340.6+0.3

RA: 16^h47^m41^s **Dec:** -44°34'

1-GHz flux/Jy: 5? **Spectral index:** 0.4?

Size/arcmin: 6 Type: S

Radio: Incomplete shell.

Optical: Possible associated filaments.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=7.0 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=2.8 Jy). Caswell *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 203, 595. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"). Zealey *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 38, 39. Optical observations. Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 330 MHz (75" × 48": $S=9.2\pm0.9$ Jy) and 1.4 GHz (27" × 9": $S=5.8\pm0.1$ Jy). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 61": S=4.5 Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Koralesky *et al.* 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission.

G341.2+0.9

RA: 16^h47^m35^s **Dec:** -43°47'

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.5? **Spectral index:** 0.6?

Size/arcmin: 16×22 Type: C

Radio: Incomplete shell, with extension to SW.

Point sources: Pulsar in W, with wind nebula.

References:

Frail *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 437, 781. VLA at 330 MHz ($54'' \times 116'': S = 3.0 \pm 0.1$ Jy) and 1.4 GHz ($21'' \times 25'': S = 12.5 \pm 0.05$ Jy). Giacani *et al.* 2001, AJ, 121, 3133. VLA at 1.4 and 4.9 GHz (25'') of pulsar wind nebula.

G341.9-0.3

RA: 16^h55^m01^s **Dec:** -44°01′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 2.5 Spectral index: 0.5

Size/arcmin: 7 Type: S

Radio: Incomplete shell, brightest to NE.

References: Caswell *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 7.4 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S = 1.7 Jy). Caswell & Clark 1975, AuJPA, 37, 57. Molonglo at 408 MHz and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz images. Caswell *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 203, 595. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50''), revision of previous flux densities. Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz ($35'' \times 11'': S = 2.2 \pm 0.1$ Jy). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 62'': S = 2.7$ Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Koralesky *et al.* 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission.

G342.0 - 0.2

RA: 16^h54^m50^s **Dec:** -43°53′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 3.5? Spectral index: 0.4? Size/arcmin: 12×9 Type: S

Radio: Distorted shell.

References:

Caswell *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 203, 595. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50"), estimate $S_{408 \text{ MHz}} = 5$ Jy, $S_{5 \text{ GHz}} = 2$ Jy from previous maps. Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz (35" × 11"). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 62" : S = 3.5 Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Koralesky *et al.* 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission.

G342.1 + 0.9

RA: 16^h50^m43^s **Dec:** -43°04′

Radio: Incomplete shell.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 63'' : S = 0.6 \text{ Jy})$. Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G343.0-6.0

RA: 17^h25^m00^s **Dec:** -46°30′

1-GHz flux/Jy: ? Spectral index: ?

- 79 -

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.5?

Spectral index: ?

RCW 114 Size/arcmin: 250 Type: S

Radio: Faint, poorly defined.

Optical: Filamentary shell.

References:

Walker & Zealey 2001, MNRAS, 325, 287. Optical observations, and review of earlier observations. Welsh *et al.* 2003, A&A, 403, 605. Optical spectroscopy.

G343.1 - 2.3

RA: 17^h08^m00^s **Dec:** -44°16′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 8? **Spectral index:** 0.5? Size/arcmin: 32? Type: C?

Radio: Incomplete shell?

X-ray: Pulsar wind nebula.

Point sources: Pulsar near edge, with wind nebula.

References:

McAdam *et al.* 1993, Nature, 361, 516. MOST at 843 MHz (smoothed to 2').
Frail *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 437, 781. VLA at 330 MHz (56" × 111" : S = 10.6 Jy) and 1.4 GHz (22" × 27") near pulsar.
Becker *et al.* 1995, A&A, 298, 528. ROSAT of pulsar, and limit for remnant.
Giacani *et al.* 2001, AJ, 121, 3133. VLA at 1.4, 4.9 and 8.5 GHz (25") of pulsar wind nebula.
Gotthelf *et al.* 2002, ApJ, 567, L125. Pulsar x-ray detection.
Dodson & Golap 2002, MNRAS, 334, L1. ATCA at 1.4 GHz (70" × 47") including polarisation, and Chandra observations of pulsar wind nebula.

Aharonian et al. 2005, A&A, 432, L9. γ-ray limit.

G343.1 - 0.7

RA: 17^h00^m25^s **Dec:** -43°14′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 7.8 **Spectral index:** 0.55

Size/arcmin: 27 × 21 Type: S

Radio: Shell, with smaller thermal shell adjacent.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 63''$: $S8.5 \pm 0.6$), plus Parkes 64-m at 4.5 GHz ($S=3.9 \pm 0.6$ Jy) and 8.55 GHz ($S=2.4 \pm 0.5$ Jy)

Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

Koralesky et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission.

Size/arcmin: 10×9 Type: S

G344.7-0.1

RA: 17^h03^m51^s **Dec:** -41°42′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 2.5? Spectral index: 0.5

Radio: Asymmetric shell, with possible core.

X-ray: Detected.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=4.7 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=1.3 Jy). Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz (30" × 43": S=1.7±0.1 Jy). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 65'' : S = 2.5 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Sugizaki et al. 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations. Yamauchi et al. 2005, PASJ, 57, 459. ASCA observations.

G345.7-0.2

RA: 17^h07^m20^s **Dec:** -40°53′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 0.6? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 6 Type: S

Radio: Poorly defined diffuse shell.

Point sources: Old pulsar nearby.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 66" : S=0.7 Jy). Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G346.6-0.2

RA: 17^h10^m19^s **Dec:** -40°11′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 8? Spectral index: 0.5? Size/arcmin: 8 Type: S

Radio: Irregular shell.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': *S*=14.9 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': *S*=4.3 Jy). Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz (31" × 43": *S*=8.1±0.9 Jy). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 67'' : S = 8.7 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Koralesky et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA detection of compact OH emission.

Size/arcmin: 10 Type: C?

G347.3-0.5

RA: 17 ^h 13 ^m 50 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: ?	Size/arcmin: 65 × 55
Dec: -39°45′	Spectral index: ?	Type: S?

Radio: Faint emission.

X-ray: Non-thermal, limb-brightened to W, with central source.

Point sources: Central X-ray source.

Distance: Association with molecular clouds and X-ray observations imply 1.3 kpc.

References:

Kovama et al. 1997. PASJ, 49, L7, ASCA of NW. Slane et al. 1999, ApJ, 525, 357. ASCA and other observations. Muraishi et al. 2000, A&A, 354, L57. High energy γ-ray detection. Butt et al. 2001, ApJ, 562, L167. Associated y-ray emission. Ellison et al. 2001, ApJ, 563, 191. ATCA at 1.4 GHz ($46'' \times 36''$), and ASCA observations. Enomoto *et al.* 2002, Nature, 416, 823. γ-ray observations. Uchiyama et al. 2002, PASJ, 54, L73. ASCA observations. Uchiyama et al. 2003, A&A, 400, 567. Chandra spectroscopy. Pannuti et al. 2003, ApJ, 593, 377. ROSAT and ASCA observations. Lazendic et al. 2003, ApJ, 593, L27. Chandra, XMM and other X-ray observations of central source. Fukui et al. 2003, PASJ, 55, L61. CO observations of surroundings. Cassam-Chenaï et al. 2004, A&A, 427, 199. XMM and other observations. Aharonian et al. 2004, Nature, 432, 75. γ-ray detection. Lazendic et al. 2004, ApJ, 602, 271. Chandra observations of parts, and ATCA at 1.4 GHz (36" × 46"). Aharonian et al. 2006, ApJ, 636, 777. γ-ray observations. Hirga et al. 2005, A&A, 431, 953. XMM observations, Moriguchi et al. 2005, ApJ, 631, 947. CO observations of surroundings.

G348.5-0.0

RA: 17^h15^m26^s **Dec:** -38°28′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 10? Spectral index: 0.4?

Size/arcmin: 10? Type: S?

Radio: Arc, overlapping G348.5+0.1.

References:

Kassim et al. 1991, ApJ, 374, 212. VLA at 333 MHz (46" × 53"), 1.4 GHz (18" × 33") and part at 5 GHz (2".5 × 3".9). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 69'' : S = 10.2 \text{ Jy})$. Frail et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant, including masers. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Koralesky et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission.

G348.5 + 0.1

RA: 17^h14^m06^s **Dec:** -38°32′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 72 Spectral index: 0.3

CTB 37A Size/arcmin: 15 Type: S

Radio: Shell, poorly define to S and W, overlapping G348.5–0.0 in E.

Distance: HI absorption indicates 8.0 kpc.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3':S=97 Jy). Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'.4: S=43 Jy). Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption. Milne et al. 1979, MNRAS, 188, 437. FIRST at 1415 MHz (0'.8:S>50) and Parkes 64-m at 14.7 GHz (2'.2:S=18±5 Jy). Downes 1984, MNRAS, 210, 845. VLA at 1465 MHz (20" × 45"). Kassim *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 374, 212. VLA at 333 MHz (46" × 53"), 1.4 GHz (18" × 33") and part at 5 GHz (2".5 × 3".9). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 69" : S=71 Jy). Brogan et al. 2000, ApJ, 537, 875. VLA at 1.7 GHz for OH Zeeman splitting. Reynoso & Mangum 2000, ApJ, 545, 874. CO observations.

G348.7+0.3		CTB 37B
RA: 17 ^h 13 ^m 55 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: 26	Size/arcmin: 17?
Dec: -38°11′	Spectral index: 0.3	Type: S
Radio: Incomplete shell with fa	int eastern extensions.	
Distance: HI absorption indicat	es 8.0 kpc.	
References:	-	
Clark et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molor	aglo at 408 MHz ($3': S = 34$ Jy).	
Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. 1	Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ($4'.4:S=32$ Jy).	
Caswell et al. 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parl	tes HI absorption.	
Milne et al. 1979, MNRAS, 188, 437. F	IRST at 1415 MHz (0'.8: $S > 20$) and Parkes 64-m at 14	4.7 GHz ($2'.2:S=8\pm 3$ Jy).
Downes 1984, MNRAS, 210, 845. VLA	at 1465 MHz $(20'' \times 45'')$.	•
Kassim et al. 1991, ApJ, 374, 212. VLA	at 333 MHz $(46'' \times 53'')$.	
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 3	29. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 69'' : S = 33 \text{ Jy}).$	
Frail et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH em	ission near remnant.	
Aharonian et al. 2006, ApJ, 636, 777. y-	ray detection.	

G349.2-0.1

RA: 17^h17^m15^s **Dec:** -38°04′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.4? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 9×6 Type: S

Radio: Elongated shell, adjacent to bright HII region.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 70'' : S = 1.6 \text{ Jy})$. Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

G349.7 + 0.2

RA: 17^h17^m59^s **Dec:** -37°26′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 20 Spectral index: 0.5 Size/arcmin: 2.5×2 Type: S

Radio: Incomplete clumpy shell, with enhancement to the S. **Distance:** HI absorption indicates 14.8 kpc, association with OH features gives 22 kpc.

X-ray: Irregular shell, brighter to S and E.

References:

Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3'). Caswell *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=31.0 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=9.1 Jy), no maps. Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes H1 absorption. Shaver *et al.* 1985, Nature, 313, 113. VLA at 1.4 GHz (3''.4 × 14''.5). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 71'': S=22$ Jy). Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant, including masers. Brogan *et al.* 2000, ApJ, 537, 875. VLA at 1.7 GHz for OH Zeeman splitting. Reynoso & Mangum 2001, AJ, 121, 347. CO observations of the vicinity. Sugizaki *et al.* 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations. Slane *et al.* 2004, A&A, 426, 201. CO observations of surroundings. Lazendic *et al.* 2005, ApJ, 618, 733. Chandra observations.

G350.0 - 2.0

RA: 17^h27^m50^s **Dec:** -38°32'

1-GHz flux/Jy: 26 **Spectral index:** 0.4

Size/arcmin: 45 Type: S

Incorporates the previously catalogued G350.0–1.8 in the NW.

Radio: Shell, brightest in NW.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 49.5 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S = 13.6 Jy). Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'.4). Gaensler 1998, ApJ, 493, 781. VLA and Parkes 64-m at 1.4 GHz ($18'' \times 21'': S = 22.3 \pm 0.3$ Jy), clarifying extent of remnant.

G351.2+0.1**RA:** 17^h22^m27^s 1-GHz flux/Jy: 5? Size/arcmin: 7 **Dec:** -36°11′ Spectral index: 0.4 Type: C? Has been called G351.3+0.2. Radio: Distorted shell, with possible flat-spectrum core. **References:** Clark et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=8.1 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=3.1 Jy). Caswell et al. 1984, PASAu, 5, 227. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 77"). Becker & Helfand 1988, AJ, 95, 883. VLA at 5 GHz (15^{*n*}), and at 15 GHz of core. Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz ($32'' \times 36'' : S = 4.8 \pm 0.2$ Jy). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 73'' : S = 5.5 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. G351.7 + 0.8RA: 17^h21^m00^s 1-GHz flux/Jy: 10? Size/arcmin: 18×14 **Dec:** -35°27′ Spectral index: ? Type: S Radio: Elongated shell, adjacent to bright HII region. Point sources: Pulsar nearby. **References:** Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 74" : S = 11 Jy). G351.9-0.9 **RA:** 17^h28^m52^s 1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.8? Size/arcmin: 12×9 **Dec:** -36°16′ **Spectral index:** ? Type: S Radio: Asymmetric shell. **References:** Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 73": S=2.0 Jy). G352.7-0.1 **RA:** 17^h27^m40^s 1-GHz flux/Jy: 4 **Size/arcmin:** 8×6 **Dec:** -35°07′ Spectral index: 0.6 Type: S Radio: Distorted shell. X-ray: Detected. **References:** Clark et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=9.6 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=2.3 Jy). Caswell et al. 1983, MNRAS, 203, 595. FIRST at 1415 MHz (1'.1). Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz $(34'': S = 3.4 \pm 0.4 \text{ Jy})$. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz $(43'' \times 75'' : S = 4.4 \text{ Jy})$. Green et al. 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Kinugasa et al. 1998, PASJ, 50, 249. ASCA observations. Koralesky et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission. Sugizaki et al. 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations. G353.9-2.0

RA: 17^h38^m55^s **Dec:** -35°11′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 1? Spectral index: 0.5? Size/arcmin: 13 Type: S

Radio: Shell, with central double source.

References:

Green 2001, MNRAS, 326, 283. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.0 \times 2'.7) and 1.4 GHz (42" \times 36"), plus 8.4 GHz (8".4 \times 6".1) of central source only.

Type: C?

G354.1+0.1

RA: 17^h30^m28^s **Dec:** -33°46′

1-GHz flux/Jy: ? Spectral index: varies?

Is this a SNR?

Radio: Elongated N-S.

Point sources: Pulsar at S tip.

References:

Frail *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 437, 781. VLA at 330 MHz $(47'' \times 99'')$ and 1.4 GHz $(8''.8 \times 21'')$.

G354.8 - 0.8

RA: 17^h36^m00^s **Dec:** -33°42′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 2.8? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 19 Type: S

Size/arcmin: $15 \times 3?$

Radio: Distorted shell.

References:

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 78'' : S = 3.1$ Jy). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations. Koralesky *et al.* 1998, AJ, 116, 1323. VLA search for OH emission.

G355.6-0.0

RA: 17^h35^m16^s **Dec:** -32°38′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 3? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 8×6 Type: S

Radio: Well defined shell.

X-ray: Detected.

References:

Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 80" : *S* = 2.6 Jy). Sugizaki *et al.* 2001, ApJS, 134, 77. ASCA survey observations.

G355.9 - 2.5

RA: 17^h45^m53^s **Dec:** -33°43' 1-GHz flux/Jy: 8 Spectral index: 0.5 Size/arcmin: 13 Type: S

Radio: Distorted shell, brightest to SE.

References:

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S = 12.3 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S = 3.4 Jy). Caswell *et al.* 1984, PASAu, 5, 227. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 77"). Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz (32" × 34" : $S = 5.0 \pm 0.3$ Jy). Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 836. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 77"). Green *et al.* 1997, AJ, 114, 2058. Parkes 64-m OH observations.

G356.2 + 4.5

RA: 17^h19^m00^s **Dec:** -29°40′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 4 Spectral index: 0.7 Size/arcmin: 25 Type: S

Has been called G356.2+4.4.

Radio: Faint shell.

References:

Bhatnagar 2000, MNRAS, 317, 453. GMRT at 327 MHz ($3' \times 1'.5$: $S = 8.1 \pm 1.7$ Jy), and NVSS at 1.4 GHz.

G356.3-0.3

RA: 17^h37^m56^s **Dec:** -32°16′

Radio: Elongated shell, brighter in N.

References:

Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 81" : S=2.6 Jy). Bhatnagar 2002, MNRAS, 332, 1. GMRT at 327 MHz $(1.7' \times 0.8' : S = 5.7 \pm 0.2)$.

G356.3-1.5

RA: 17^h42^m35^s **Dec:** -32°52′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 20×15 Type: S

Radio: Double arc. **References:**

Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 79" : S=2.8 Jy).

G357.7-0.1		MSH 17–39		
RA: 17 ^h 40 ^m 29 ^s	1-GHz flux/Jy: 37	Size/arcmin: $8 \times 3?$		
Dec: -30°58′	Spectral index: 0.4	Type: ?		
Has been suggested that this is not a SNR				
Radio: Multiple arcs and filaments, with	compact HII region at W edge.			
X-ray: Detected.				
Distance: HI absorption suggests beyond	Galactic Centre.			
References:				
Caswell et al. 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3': S=54.2 Jy) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4': S=18.5 Jy).				
Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'.4: <i>S</i> = 14.6 Jy).				
Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).				
Caswell et al. 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50").				
Weiler & Panagia 1980, A&A, 90, 269. Effelsberg 100-m at 9 GHz (1'.5) (private communication from Baker).				
Shaver et al. 1985, Nature, 313, 113. VLA at 1.4 GI	Hz $(3''.8 \times 10''.9)$ and 5 GHz $(12'' \times 26'')$).		
Becker & Helfand 1985, Nature, 313, 115. VLA at	1.4 GHz and 5 GHz.			
Helfand & Becker 1985, Nature, 313, 118. Suggest	it is not a SNR.			
Shaver et al. 1985, A&A, 147, L23. Observations of	f peripheral compact source.			

Caswell et al. 1989, PASAu, 8, 184. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 83"). Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 836. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 84"). Stewart et al. 1994, ApJ, 432, L39. ATCA at 4.79 and 5.84 GHz (12" × 22") and Effelsberg 100-m at 10.6 GHz (1'), including polarisation. Frail et al. 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant, including masers. Yusef-Zadeh et al. 1999, ApJ, 527, 172. VLA of nearby OH masers. LaRosa et al. 2000, AJ, 119, 207. VLA at 333 MHz (43"×24"). Brogan et al. 2000, ApJ, 537, 875. VLA at 1.7 GHz for OH Zeeman splitting. Brogan & Goss 2003, AJ, 125, 272. VLA at 1.4 GHz ($13''.6 \times 11''.4$), including HI, and 8.3 GHz ($14''.3 \times 6''.8$) recombination line observation of HII region.

Gaensler et al. 2003, ApJ, 594, L35. Chandra detection. Lazendic et al. 2003, AN, 324 (No S1), 157. Molecular line observations. Burton et al. 2004, MNRAS, 348, 638. IR and radio observations of HII region.

Lazendic et al. 2004, MNRAS, 354, 393. IF and molecular line observations.

G357.7+0.3

RA: 17^h38^m35^s **Dec:** -30°44′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 10 Spectral index: 0.4? Size/arcmin: 24 Type: S

Radio: Non-thermal shell in complex region.

References:

Reich & Fürst 1984, A&AS, 57, 165. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3: $S = 7 \pm 1.5$ Jy), $S_{5 \text{ GHz}} = 5.5 \pm 1.5$ Jy from surveys. Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 836. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 84"). Yusef-Zadeh et al. 1999, ApJ, 527, 172. VLA of nearby OH masers.

1-GHz flux/Jy: 3?

Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 11×7 Type: S

G358.0+3.8

RA: 17^h26^m00^s **Dec:** -28°36′ 1-GHz flux/Jy: 1.5? Spectral index: ?

Size/arcmin: 38 Type: S

Radio: Faint shell.

References: Bhatnagar 2000, MNRAS, 317, 453. GMRT at 327 MHz (2'.2 × 1'.3 : *S* = 2.5 ± 1.3 Jy), and NVSS at 1.4 GHz.

G359.0-0.9

RA: 17^h46^m50^s **Dec:** -30°16′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 23 Spectral index: 0.5 Size/arcmin: 23 Type: S

Radio: Incomplete shell.

X-ray: Partial shell. References:

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3). Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 836. MOST at 843 MHz ($43'' \times 86''$). LaRosa *et al.* 2000, AJ, 119, 207. VLA at 333 MHz ($43'' \times 24''$). Bamba *et al.* 2000, PASJ, 52, 259. ASCA observations. Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 2004, ApJS, 155, 421. VLA at 1.4 GHz (8''.4 × 12''.8) of part.

G359.1 - 0.5

RA: 17^h45^m30^s **Dec:** -29°57′ **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 14 **Spectral index:** 0.4? Size/arcmin: 24 Type: S

Radio: Non-thermal shell in complex region, crossed by the 'snake'.

X-ray: Centrally brightened.

Point sources: Several compact radio sources near centre, OH masers around edge.

References:

Downes *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 1. From observations by Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6:S=13 Jy). Reich & Fürst 1984, A&AS, 57, 165. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3:S=10±1.5 Jy) and 4.8 GHz (2'.4:S=8.1±0.5 Jy). Uchida *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 398, 128. VLA at 1.5 GHz (11"×10"), and observations of nearby molecular material. Uchida *et al.* 1992, AJ, 104, 1533. VLA at 1.4 GHz. Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 836. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 85"). Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 1995, Science, 270, 1801. VLA at 1.4 GHz (33" × 31"), and 1.7 GHz for OH survey. LaRosa *et al.* 2000, AJ, 119, 207. VLA at 333 MHz (43" × 24"). Bamba *et al.* 2000, PASJ, 52, 259. ASCA observations. Lazendic *et al.* 2004, ApJS, 155, 421. VLA at 1.4 GHz (8".4 × 12".8).

G359.1+0.9

RA: 17^h39^m36^s **Dec:** -29°11′

1-GHz flux/Jy: 5? Spectral index: ? Size/arcmin: 12×11 Type: S

Radio: Shell, brightest in E.

References: Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 88" : *S* = 4.3 Jy).